

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 49.429, 278.587)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 49.429, 278.587)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 49.460, 278.440)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E73C5
RGB	46, 115, 197
RGB Percent	18%, 45%, 77%
CMY	0.8212, 0.5500, 0.2285
CMYK	0.77, 0.42, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	213°, 62%, 48%
HSV	213°, 77%, 77%
XYZ	17.2563, 16.7945, 54.9877
YIQ	103.7170, -67.4460, 10.8740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

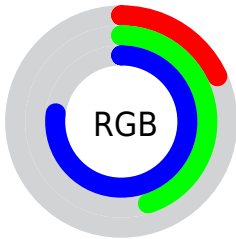
Format	Color
R_{YB}	46, 93, 197
Decimal	3044293
CIE Lab	48.00, 7.26, -48.92
CIE LCh	48, 49.460, 278.440
Yxy	16.7945, 0.1938, 0.1886
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281234373 (0xFF2E73C5)
YUV	103.7170, 45.9885, -50.6178
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 3.4458, -50.8676

Details

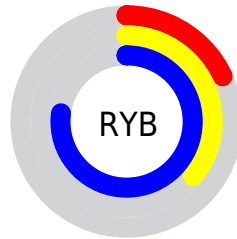
The CIELCh color **48, 49.460, 278.440** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark muted azure. A complement of this color would be **59, 56.598, 69.320**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 49.580, 278.654**, and **30, 48.264, 285.405** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 55.979, 282.562**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 43.059, 274.681**.

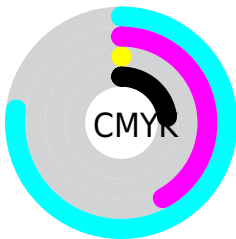
Distribution



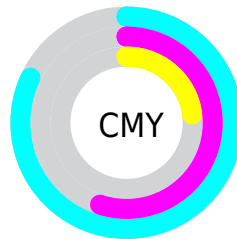
- Red (18%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (23%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 49.460, 278.440 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 49.460, 278.440 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 49.460,
278.440


 48, 49.460,
278.440


 100, 49.460,
278.440

 38, 49.460,
278.440

 68, 49.460,
278.440


 28, 49.460,
278.440

 78, 49.460,
278.440

 18, 49.460,
278.440

 88, 49.460,
278.440

 8, 49.460, 278.440

 98, 49.460,
278.440

 0, 49.460, 278.440

 48, 49.460,

 48, 49.460,

278.440

278.440

■ 44, 55.979,
282.562

■ 52, 43.059,
274.681

■ 41, 62.682,
286.860

■ 56, 36.705,
271.363

■ 40, 64.863,
288.151

■ 60, 30.341,
268.500

■ 64, 23.936,
266.062

■ 68, 17.483,
263.999

■ 72, 10.988,
262.260

■ 77, 4.466, 260.820

■ 81, 2.066, 79.320

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 49.460, 278.440



59, 56.598, 69.320

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 49.460, 278.440



48, 49.460, 328.440



48, 49.460, 98.440



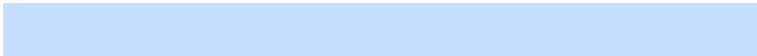
48, 49.460, 148.440

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 49.459, 278.441



88, 18.519, 263.361



71, 59.954, 155.728



45, 12.807, 264.036



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 49.459, 278.441



55, 73.399, 285.399



31, 91.982, 303.567



40, 3.741, 261.157



33, 55.674, 287.522



5, 14.707, 273.683

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 63.134, 357.510



55, 83.143, 3.420



77, 71.670, 105.317



39, 5.059, 346.759



35, 60.468, 5.584



4, 17.475, 355.536

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 49.460, 278.440 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 49.460, 278.440 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

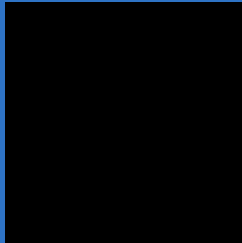
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

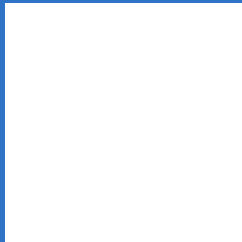
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 49.460, 278.440

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 49.460, 278.440.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 49.460, 278.440.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 49.460, 278.440

Protanopia

48, 48.507, 286.049

Deuteranopia

48, 49.460, 278.440



Tritanopia
48, 28.740, 207.411

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 49.460, 278.440

Protanomaly
48, 48.865, 282.921

Deuteranomaly
48, 49.460, 278.440

Tritanomaly
48, 30.330, 241.097

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 49.460, 278.440

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
44, 19.484, 266.876

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 49.460, 278.440 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 115, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 115, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 115, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 115, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 49.460, 278.440 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

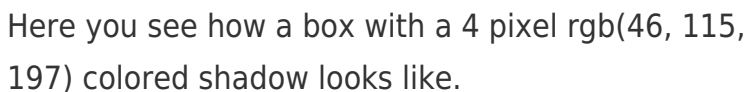
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 115, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 115, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 115, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 115, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 115, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 115,  
197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 49.460, 278.440 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 115, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 115,  
197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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