

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 5.104, 273.344)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 5.104, 273.344) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 4.941, 272.385)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E727A
RGB	110, 114, 122
RGB Percent	43%, 45%, 48%
CMY	0.5681, 0.5524, 0.5211
CMYK	0.10, 0.07, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	220°, 5%, 46%
HSV	220°, 10%, 48%
XYZ	15.9983, 16.7945, 20.8521
YIQ	113.7160, -4.9520, 1.6400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

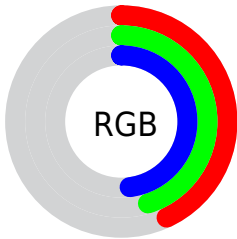
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 113, 122
Decimal	7238266
CIE Lab	48.00, 0.21, -4.94
CIE LCh	48, 4.941, 272.385
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2982, 0.3131
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285428346 (0xFF6E727A)
YUV	113.7160, 4.0840, -3.2589
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -2.0333, -1.4814

Details

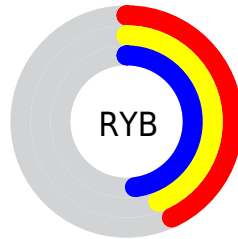
The CIELCh color $48, 4.941, 272.385$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $50, 4.941, 89.916$, and the grayscale version is $48, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 4.624, 272.041$, and $28, 4.804, 270.492$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 10.037, 273.800$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 0.080, 89.001$.

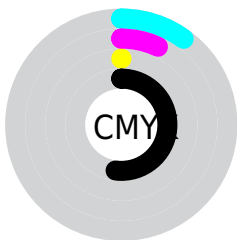
Distribution



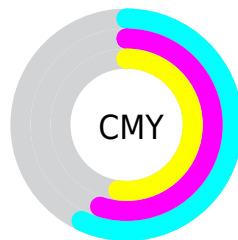
- Red (43%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 4.941, 272.385 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 4.941, 272.385 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48, 4.941, 272.385

■ 48, 4.941, 272.385

■ 100, 4.941,
272.385

■ 38, 4.941, 272.385

■ 68, 4.941, 272.385

■ 28, 4.941, 272.385

■ 78, 4.941, 272.385

■ 18, 4.941, 272.385

■ 88, 4.941, 272.385

■ 8, 4.941, 272.385

■ 98, 4.941, 272.385

■ 0, 4.941, 272.385

■ 48, 4.941, 272.385

■ 48, 4.941, 272.385

■ 45, 10.037,
273.800

■ 51, 0.080, 89.001

■ 41, 15.213,

■ 55, 5.024, 89.975

275.470

58, 9.890, 89.046

38, 20.473,
277.415

61, 14.677, 88.220

35, 25.827,
279.672

65, 19.386, 87.488

32, 31.292,
282.268

68, 24.014, 86.835

28, 36.892,
285.208

74, 33.034, 85.725

25, 42.643,
288.455

77, 37.427, 85.248

23, 48.532,
291.907

20, 54.507,
295.188

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 4.941, 272.385



50, 4.941, 89.916

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 4.941, 272.385



48, 4.941, 322.385



48, 4.941, 92.385



48, 4.941, 142.385

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 4.940, 272.373



64, 1.858, 271.586



50, 5.392, 171.791



33, 1.401, 271.653



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 4.940, 272.373



60, 7.464, 272.702



47, 7.159, 296.794



24, 2.835, 272.275



20, 55.653, 295.330



43, 99.027, 297.294

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 5.466, 354.508



60, 8.282, 354.759



51, 7.009, 115.364



24, 3.135, 354.431



25, 50.559, 15.976



53, 86.215, 19.226

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 4.941, 272.385 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 4.941, 272.385 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

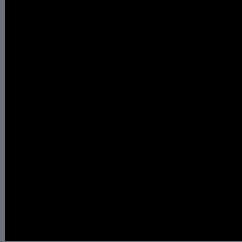
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

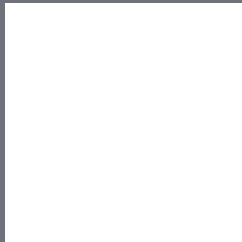
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 4.941, 272.385

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 4.941, 272.385.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 4.941, 272.385.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


48, 4.941, 272.385

Protanopia

48, 5.333, 295.127

Deuteranopia

48, 8.159, 320.203



Tritanopia
48, 5.501, 274.457

Trichromacy



Original Color

48, 4.941, 272.385

Protanomaly

48, 5.313, 290.897

Deuteranomaly

48, 6.815, 307.855

Tritanomaly

48, 5.501, 274.457

Monochromacy



Original Color

48, 4.941, 272.385

Achromatopsia

48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

48, 1.811, 277.685

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 4.941, 272.385 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 114, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 114, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 114, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 114, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 4.941, 272.385 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 114, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 114, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 114, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 114, 122); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 114, 122); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 114, 122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 4.941, 272.385 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 114, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
114, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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