

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 5.608, 290.949)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 5.608, 290.949) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 5.903, 290.975)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71717B
RGB	113, 113, 123
RGB Percent	44%, 44%, 48%
CMY	0.5563, 0.5563, 0.5171
CMYK	0.08, 0.08, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	240°, 4%, 46%
HSV	240°, 8%, 48%
XYZ	16.3323, 16.7945, 21.1657
YIQ	114.1400, -3.2100, 3.1100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

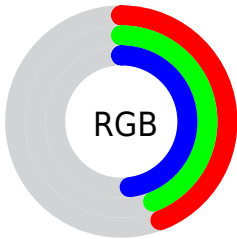
Format	Color
RYB	113, 113, 123
Decimal	7434619
CIELab	48.00, 2.11, -5.51
CIELCh	48, 5.903, 290.975
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3008, 0.3093
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285624699 (0xFF71717B)
YUV	114.1400, 4.3680, -0.9998
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -0.5789, -1.9351

Details

The CIELCh color $48, 5.903, 290.975$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $51, 5.792, 109.420$, and the grayscale version is $48, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 5.514, 290.750$, and $28, 5.839, 291.319$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43, 13.420, 292.086$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 1.331, 109.970$.

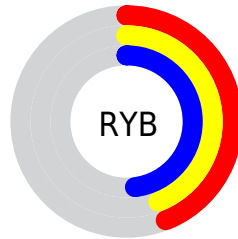
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (44%)

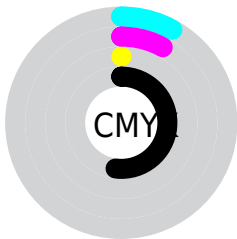
Blue (48%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (48%)

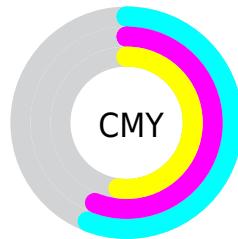


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 5.903, 290.975 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 5.903, 290.975 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48, 5.903, 290.975

■ 48, 5.903, 290.975

■ 100, 5.903,
290.975

■ 38, 5.903, 290.975

■ 68, 5.903, 290.975

■ 28, 5.903, 290.975

■ 78, 5.903, 290.975

■ 18, 5.903, 290.975

■ 88, 5.903, 290.975

■ 8, 5.903, 290.975

■ 98, 5.903, 290.975

■ 0, 5.903, 290.975

■ 48, 5.903, 290.975

■ 48, 5.903, 290.975

■ 43, 13.420,
292.086

■ 53, 1.331, 109.970

■ 39, 21.245,

■ 57, 8.298, 109.180

293.398

61, 15.021,
108.481

34, 29.397,
294.927

66, 21.514,
107.879

30, 37.876,
296.687

70, 27.794,
107.357

25, 46.631,
298.659

75, 33.874,
106.905

21, 55.480,
300.770

79, 39.766,
106.511

18, 63.972,
302.852

83, 45.482,
106.165

15, 71.239,
304.637

87, 51.034,
105.862

13, 76.916,
306.011

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 5.903, 290.975



51, 5.792, 109.420

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 5.903, 290.975



48, 5.903, 340.975



48, 5.903, 110.975



48, 5.903, 160.975

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 5.902, 290.968



65, 1.792, 290.392



51, 3.927, 197.656



34, 1.027, 290.380



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 5.902, 290.968



60, 9.067, 291.190



48, 6.224, 308.822



23, 4.079, 291.065



12, 78.882, 306.284



32, 132.794, 306.286

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 4.117, 19.785



61, 6.352, 19.947



51, 6.148, 128.151



24, 2.851, 19.857



25, 60.071, 38.168



53, 103.776, 39.996

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 5.903, 290.975 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 5.903, 290.975 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

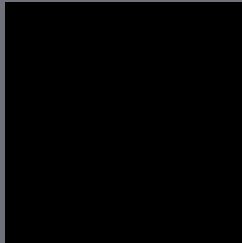
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

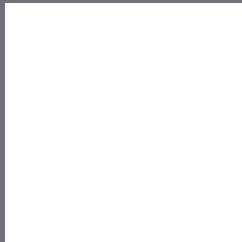
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 5.903, 290.975

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 5.903, 290.975.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 5.903, 290.975.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 5.903, 290.975

Protanopia

48, 5.903, 290.975

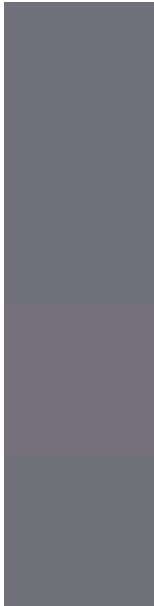
Deuteranopia

48, 8.499, 315.894



Tritanopia
48, 5.313, 290.897

Trichromacy



Original Color

48, 5.903, 290.975

Protanomaly

48, 5.903, 290.975

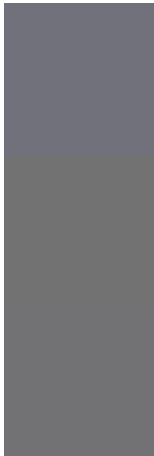
Deuteranomaly

48, 7.498, 309.471

Tritanomaly

48, 5.313, 290.897

Monochromacy



Original Color

48, 5.903, 290.975

Achromatopsia

48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

48, 1.772, 290.439

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 5.903, 290.975 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 113, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 113, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 113, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 113, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 5.903, 290.975 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 113, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 113, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 113, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 113, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 113, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 113,  
123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 5.903, 290.975 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 113, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
113, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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