

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 5.995, 124.793)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 5.995, 124.793) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 5.438, 122.656)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70736A
RGB	112, 115, 106
RGB Percent	44%, 45%, 42%
CMY	0.5602, 0.5484, 0.5837
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.08, 0.55
HSL	80°, 4%, 43%
HSV	80°, 8%, 45%
XYZ	15.4586, 16.7945, 16.1033
YIQ	113.0770, 1.1010, -3.4350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

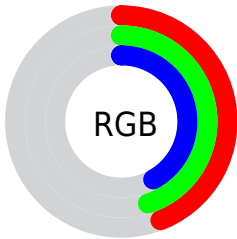
Format	Color
R_{YB}	106, 115, 109
Decimal	7369578
CIE Lab	48.00, -2.93, 4.58
CIE LCh	48, 5.438, 122.656
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3197, 0.3473
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285559658 (0xFF70736A)
YUV	113.0770, -3.4890, -0.9445
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -4.3840, 5.3891

Details

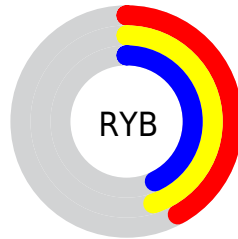
The CIELCh color **48, 5.438, 122.656** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **45, 5.521, 303.458**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 5.615, 121.477**, and **28, 5.346, 124.060** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 12.393, 122.132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49, 1.524, 303.136**.

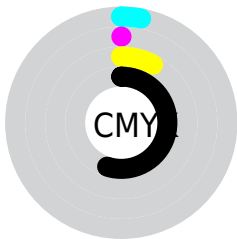
Distribution



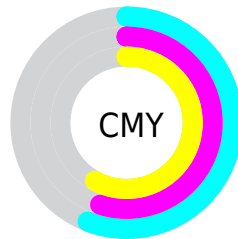
- Red (44%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 5.438, 122.656 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 5.438, 122.656 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48, 5.438, 122.656

■ 48, 5.438, 122.656

■ 100, 5.438,
122.656

■ 38, 5.438, 122.656

■ 68, 5.438, 122.656

■ 28, 5.438, 122.656

■ 78, 5.438, 122.656

■ 18, 5.438, 122.656

■ 88, 5.438, 122.656

■ 8, 5.438, 122.656

■ 98, 5.438, 122.656

■ 0, 5.438, 122.656

■ 48, 5.438, 122.656

■ 48, 5.438, 122.656

■ 47, 12.393,
122.132

■ 49, 1.524, 303.136

■ 47, 19.293,

■ 49, 8.467, 303.638

121.597

50, 15.366,
304.092

46, 26.079,
121.072

51, 22.206,
304.513

46, 32.662,
120.586

52, 28.975,
304.903

45, 38.913,
120.180

52, 35.663,
305.262

45, 44.646,
119.916

53, 42.265,
305.591

45, 49.615,
119.877

54, 48.775,
305.893

44, 53.537,
120.164

55, 55.190,
306.169

44, 56.523,
120.723

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 5.438, 122.656



45, 5.521, 303.458

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 5.438, 122.656



48, 5.438, 172.656



48, 5.438, 302.656



48, 5.438, 352.656

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 5.439, 122.663



62, 1.726, 122.979



47, 3.053, 55.005



32, 0.988, 122.989



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 5.439, 122.663



62, 7.795, 122.588



48, 6.158, 139.472



24, 3.975, 122.598



47, 59.776, 120.921



90, 101.918, 121.743

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 5.521, 303.458



58, 7.928, 303.538



46, 6.185, 320.111



22, 4.042, 303.528



15, 74.660, 309.138



35, 127.415, 308.609

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 5.438, 122.656 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

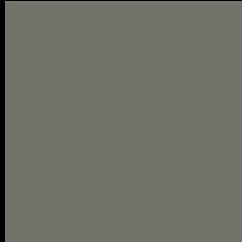
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 5.438, 122.656 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

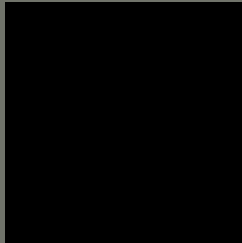
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

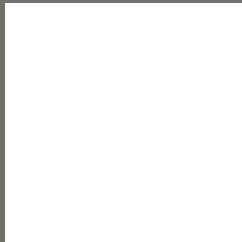
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 5.438, 122.656

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 5.438, 122.656.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 5.438, 122.656.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


48, 5.438, 122.656

Protanopia

48, 5.137, 85.442

Deuteranopia

48, 7.387, 33.911



Tritanopia
48, 5.333, 295.127

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 5.438, 122.656

Protanomaly
48, 5.343, 100.451

Deuteranomaly
48, 5.113, 54.712

Tritanomaly
48, 1.244, 271.558

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 5.438, 122.656

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 1.811, 122.938

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 5.438, 122.656 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 115, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 115, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 115, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 115, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 5.438, 122.656 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 115, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 115, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 115, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 115, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 115, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 115,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 5.438, 122.656 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 115, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
115, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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