

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 50.704, 286.299)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 50.704, 286.299)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 50.277, 286.001)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B6FC4
RGB	75, 111, 196
RGB Percent	29%, 44%, 77%
CMY	0.7067, 0.5654, 0.2321
CMYK	0.62, 0.43, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	222°, 51%, 53%
HSV	222°, 62%, 77%
XYZ	18.4914, 16.7945, 54.3735
YIQ	109.9260, -48.7410, 18.8030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

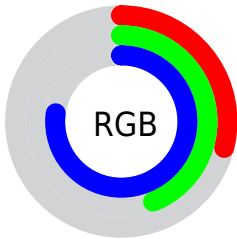
Format	Color
R _Y B	75, 103, 196
Decimal	4943812
CIE Lab	48.00, 13.86, -48.33
CIE LCh	48, 50.277, 286.001
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2062, 0.1873
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283133892 (0xFF4B6FC4)
YUV	109.9260, 42.4345, -30.6301
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 8.8255, -49.9790

Details

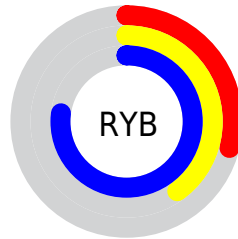
The CIELCh color `48, 50.277, 286.001` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `3366CC`. The color can be described as dark muted azure. A complement of this color would be `67, 48.476, 85.725`, and the grayscale version is `46, 0.006, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `68, 50.318, 286.192`, and `28, 50.330, 287.567` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `43, 59.191, 289.117`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `53, 41.622, 283.224`.

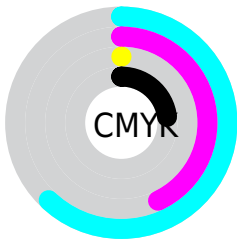
Distribution



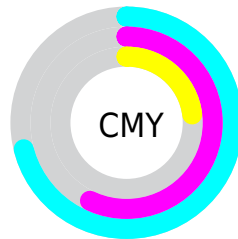
- Red (29%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 50.277, 286.001 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 50.277, 286.001 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48, 50.277,
286.001

■ 48, 50.277,
286.001

■ 100, 50.277,
286.001

■ 38, 50.277,
286.001

■ 68, 50.277,
286.001

■ 28, 50.277,
286.001

■ 78, 50.277,
286.001

■ 18, 50.277,
286.001

■ 88, 50.277,
286.001

■ 8, 50.277, 286.001

■ 98, 50.277,
286.001

■ 0, 50.277, 286.001

■ 48, 50.277,

■ 48, 50.277,

286.001

286.001

■ 43, 59.191,
289.117

■ 53, 41.622,
283.224

■ 39, 68.341,
292.485

■ 58, 33.205,
280.802

■ 35, 77.581,
295.939

■ 63, 24.993,
278.717

■ 32, 85.000,
298.599

■ 68, 16.961,
276.934

■ 73, 9.095, 275.415

■ 78, 1.384, 274.231

■ 83, 6.177, 92.909

■ 88, 13.590, 91.943

■ 93, 20.857, 91.089

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 50.277, 286.001



67, 48.476, 85.725

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 50.277, 286.001



48, 50.277, 336.001



48, 50.277, 106.001



48, 50.277, 156.001

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 50.276, 286.002



88, 18.270, 276.530



72, 43.214, 168.896



45, 12.610, 277.000



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 50.276, 286.002



54, 75.936, 290.228



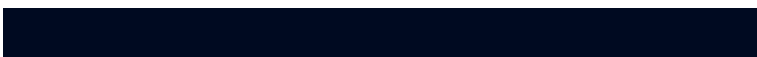
41, 72.680, 304.195



38, 4.322, 275.081



26, 72.312, 298.096



3, 15.523, 281.402

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 51.675, 5.578



59, 74.170, 9.810



75, 61.688, 114.113



38, 4.513, 356.936



33, 61.920, 20.644



3, 14.606, 3.589

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 50.277, 286.001 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

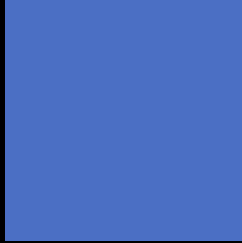
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 50.277, 286.001 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

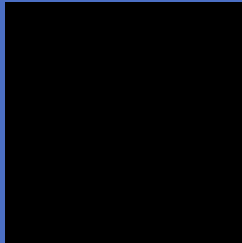
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 50.277, 286.001

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 50.277, 286.001.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 50.277, 286.001.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 50.277, 286.001

Protanopia

48, 50.248, 286.234

Deuteranopia

48, 48.234, 278.519



Tritanopia
48, 24.122, 211.415

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 50.277, 286.001

Protanomaly
48, 50.248, 286.234

Deuteranomaly
48, 49.042, 281.392

Tritanomaly
48, 27.405, 251.761

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 50.277, 286.001

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 18.788, 278.619

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 50.277, 286.001 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 111, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 111, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 111, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 111, 196) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 50.277, 286.001 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 111, 196) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 111, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 111, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 111, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 111, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 111,  
196) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 50.277, 286.001 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 111, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 111,  
196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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