

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 51.072, 283.991)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 51.072, 283.991)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 51.072, 283.991)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4270C6
RGB	66, 112, 198
RGB Percent	26%, 44%, 78%
CMY	0.7416, 0.5611, 0.2239
CMYK	0.67, 0.43, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	219°, 54%, 52%
HSV	219°, 67%, 78%
XYZ	18.2035, 16.7945, 55.6454
YIQ	108.0500, -55.0220, 16.9940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

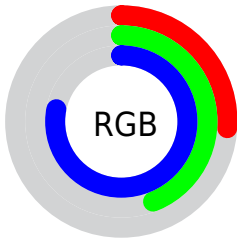
Format	Color
R _Y B	66, 100, 198
Decimal	4354246
CIE Lab	48.00, 12.35, -49.56
CIE LCh	48, 51.072, 283.991
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2008, 0.1853
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282544326 (0xFF4270C6)
YUV	108.0500, 44.3454, -36.8778
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 7.5716, -51.8192

Details

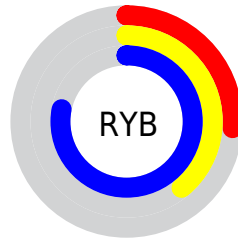
The CIELCh color **48, 51.072, 283.991** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as dark muted azure. A complement of this color would be **66, 51.150, 80.751**, and the grayscale version is **45, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 51.066, 284.119**, and **29, 50.252, 287.269** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 59.342, 287.416**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 43.017, 280.915**.

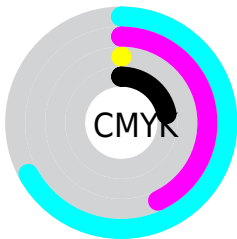
Distribution



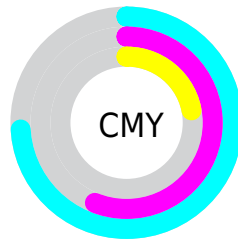
- Red (26%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)





- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (22%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 51.072, 283.991 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 51.072, 283.991 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 51.072,
283.991


 48, 51.072,
283.991


 100, 51.072,
283.991


 38, 51.072,
283.991

 68, 51.072,
283.991


 28, 51.072,
283.991

 78, 51.072,
283.991

 18, 51.072,
283.991

 88, 51.072,
283.991

 8, 51.072, 283.991

 98, 51.072,
283.991

 0, 51.072, 283.991

 48, 51.072,

 48, 51.072,

283.991

283.991

■ 44, 59.342,
287.416

■ 53, 43.017,
280.915

■ 40, 67.826,
291.078

■ 57, 35.145,
278.220

■ 36, 76.418,
294.777

■ 62, 27.417,
275.896

■ 35, 79.245,
295.902

■ 67, 19.810,
273.909

■ 72, 12.310,
272.216

■ 77, 4.913, 270.790

■ 81, 2.381, 89.382

■ 86, 9.570, 88.379

■ 91, 16.650, 87.448

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 51.072, 283.991



66, 51.150, 80.751

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 51.072, 283.991



48, 51.072, 333.991



48, 51.072, 103.991



48, 51.072, 153.991

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 51.071, 283.992



88, 18.146, 272.793



72, 48.418, 164.613



45, 12.404, 273.276



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 51.071, 283.992



54, 76.409, 289.042



38, 79.582, 303.766



39, 4.176, 271.144



28, 67.667, 295.365



4, 16.426, 280.221

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 56.042, 3.026



57, 78.018, 7.920



76, 65.736, 111.577



39, 4.737, 353.494



34, 61.426, 16.031



4, 16.745, 1.716

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 51.072, 283.991 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 51.072, 283.991 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

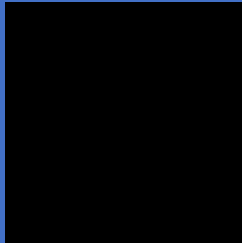
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 51.072, 283.991

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 51.072, 283.991.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 51.072, 283.991.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 51.072, 283.991

Protanopia

48, 50.836, 286.225

Deuteranopia

48, 49.490, 278.298



Tritanopia
48, 27.418, 209.352

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 51.072, 283.991

Protanomaly
48, 50.925, 285.554

Deuteranomaly
48, 49.793, 280.151

Tritanomaly
48, 29.796, 247.360

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 51.072, 283.991

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 19.607, 276.357

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 51.072, 283.991 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 112, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 112, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 112, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 112, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 51.072, 283.991 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 112, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 112, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 112, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 112, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 112, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 112,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 51.072, 283.991 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 112, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 112,  
198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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