

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 52.518, 24.764)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 52.518, 24.764) contains.

CIELCh(48, 52.420, 24.243)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(48, 52.420, 24.243)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C04A50
RGB	192, 74, 80
RGB Percent	75%, 29%, 31%
CMY	0.2454, 0.7083, 0.6850
CMYK	0.00, 0.61, 0.58, 0.25
HSL	357°, 49%, 52%
HSV	357°, 61%, 75%
XYZ	25.7806, 16.7945, 9.5370
YIQ	109.9660, 68.4020, 26.8820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

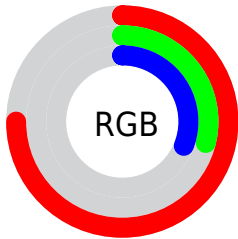
Format	Color
RYB	192, 74, 80
Decimal	12601936
CIELab	48.00, 47.80, 21.52
CIElCh	48, 52.420, 24.243
Yxy	16.7945, 0.4947, 0.3223
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290792016 (0xFFC04A50)
YUV	109.9660, -14.7732, 71.9438
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 40.5749, 14.8888

Details

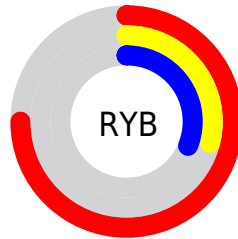
The CIELCh color **48, 52.420, 24.243** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **72, 34.747, 191.356**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 52.304, 24.549**, and **28, 52.455, 24.080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45, 61.526, 27.418**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 43.083, 21.721**.

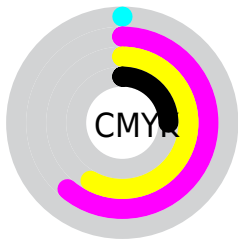
Distribution



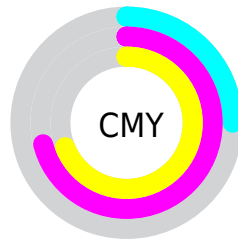
- Red (75%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (69%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 52.420, 24.243 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 52.420, 24.243 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 52.420, 24.243

 48, 52.420, 24.243

 100, 52.420,
24.243

 38, 52.420, 24.243

 68, 52.420, 24.243

 28, 52.420, 24.243

 78, 52.420, 24.243

 18, 52.420, 24.243

 88, 52.420, 24.243

 8, 52.420, 24.243

 98, 52.420, 24.243

 0, 52.420, 24.243

 48, 52.420, 24.243

 48, 52.420, 24.243

 45, 61.526, 27.418

 52, 43.083, 21.721

 42, 70.063, 31.210

 56, 33.824, 19.751

41, 77.530, 35.263

61, 24.872, 18.213

40, 82.496, 38.104

66, 16.373, 17.002

72, 8.398, 16.018

77, 0.961, 14.764

83, 5.958, 194.778

88, 12.397,
194.214

94, 18.403,
193.765

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 52.420, 24.243



72, 34.747, 191.356

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 52.420, 24.243



48, 52.420, 74.243



48, 52.420, 204.243



48, 52.420, 254.243

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 52.417, 24.246



86, 16.890, 16.682



51, 72.889, 325.396



44, 11.856, 16.989



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 52.417, 24.246



57, 78.973, 28.807



59, 43.474, 61.295



38, 4.191, 15.841



33, 71.762, 37.659



3, 14.025, 16.652

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 52.417, 24.246



57, 78.973, 28.807



57, 33.448, 260.279



38, 4.191, 15.841



33, 71.762, 37.659



3, 14.025, 16.652

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 52.420, 24.243 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 52.420, 24.243 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 52.420, 24.243

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 52.420, 24.243.

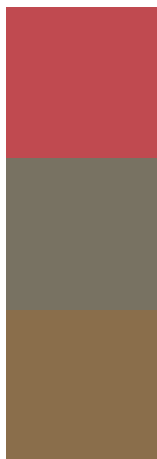


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 52.420, 24.243.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 52.420, 24.243

Protanopia

48, 9.724, 93.536

Deuteranopia

48, 24.484, 75.372



Tritanopia
48, 52.274, 25.281

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 52.420, 24.243

Protanomaly
47, 21.248, 34.488

Deuteranomaly
47, 31.364, 44.046

Tritanomaly
48, 52.274, 25.281

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 52.420, 24.243

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 18.723, 18.326

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 52.420, 24.243 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 74, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 74, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 74, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 74, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 52.420, 24.243 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 74, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 74, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 74, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 74, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 74, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 74,  
80) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 52.420, 24.243 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 74, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192, 74,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor