

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 53.861, 277.862)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 53.861, 277.862)
contains.

CIELCh(48, 53.822, 277.913)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(48, 53.822, 277.913)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0E73CC
RGB	14, 115, 204
RGB Percent	5%, 45%, 80%
CMY	0.9441, 0.5479, 0.1988
CMYK	0.93, 0.44, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	208°, 87%, 43%
HSV	208°, 93%, 80%
XYZ	17.2838, 16.7945, 59.6558
YIQ	94.9470, -88.7650, 6.2670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

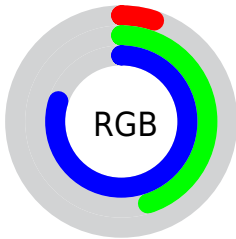
Format	Color
R_{YB}	14, 80, 204
Decimal	947148
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, 7.41, -53.31
CIE _{LCh}	48, 53.822, 277.913
Yxy	16.7945, 0.1844, 0.1792
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279137228 (0xFF0E73CC)
YUV	94.9470, 53.7631, -70.9905
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 3.5655, -57.6213

Details

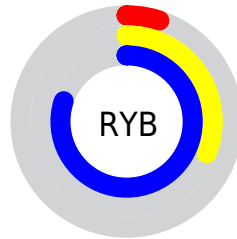
The CIELCh color **48, 53.822, 277.913** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **55, 69.717, 59.534**, and the grayscale version is **40, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67, 50.687, 276.193**, and **30, 51.796, 287.280** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 57.712, 281.143**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 48.416, 273.301**.

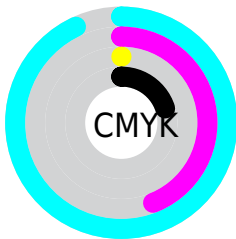
Distribution



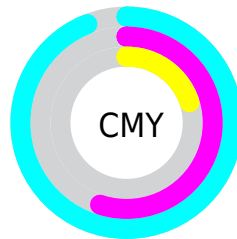
- Red (5%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)





- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (20%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 53.822, 277.913 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 53.822, 277.913 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 53.822,
277.913


 48, 53.822,
277.913


 100, 53.822,
277.913


 38, 53.822,
277.913

 68, 53.822,
277.913


 28, 53.822,
277.913

 78, 53.822,
277.913

 18, 53.822,
277.913

 88, 53.822,
277.913

 8, 53.822, 277.913

 98, 53.822,
277.913

 0, 53.822, 277.913

 48, 53.822,

 48, 53.822,

277.913

■ 46, 57.712,
281.143

277.913

■ 51, 48.416,
273.301

■ 54, 43.068,
269.065

■ 58, 37.666,
265.325

■ 62, 32.129,
262.111

■ 65, 26.414,
259.396

■ 69, 20.517,
257.124

■ 73, 14.451,
255.232

■ 77, 8.245, 253.666

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 53.822, 277.913



55, 69.717, 59.534

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 53.822, 277.913



48, 53.822, 327.913



48, 53.822, 97.913



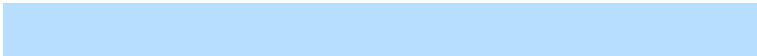
48, 53.822, 147.913

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 53.822, 277.915



87, 20.928, 256.199



73, 74.903, 148.899



44, 14.381, 257.065



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 53.822, 277.915



57, 69.053, 281.798



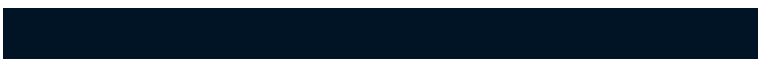
27, 108.013, 305.261



41, 3.598, 253.174



37, 48.707, 280.382



6, 14.559, 268.176

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 71.469, 356.785



55, 85.114, 359.903



78, 78.692, 100.941



40, 5.426, 342.706



36, 61.852, 358.689



4, 20.254, 351.544

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 53.822, 277.913 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 53.822, 277.913 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

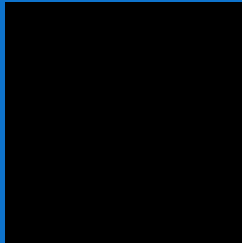
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 53.822, 277.913

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 53.822, 277.913.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 53.822, 277.913.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
48, 28.740, 207.411

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 53.811, 277.958

Protanomaly
48, 53.157, 282.215

Deuteranomaly
48, 53.822, 277.913

Tritanomaly
48, 31.632, 243.402

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 53.811, 277.958

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
42, 22.450, 262.252

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 53.822, 277.913 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(14, 115, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(14, 115, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(14, 115, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(14, 115, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 53.822, 277.913 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(14, 115, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(14, 115, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(14, 115, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(14, 115, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 115, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 115,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 53.822, 277.913 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(14, 115, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(14, 115,  
204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor