

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 54.864, 295.212)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 54.864, 295.212)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 54.622, 295.185)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6369C6
RGB	99, 105, 198
RGB Percent	39%, 41%, 78%
CMY	0.6123, 0.5887, 0.2241
CMYK	0.50, 0.47, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	236°, 46%, 58%
HSV	236°, 50%, 78%
XYZ	20.3472, 16.7945, 55.5126
YIQ	113.8080, -33.4290, 27.6510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

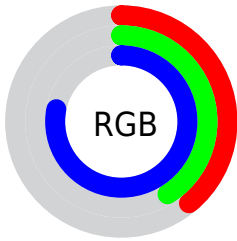
Format	Color
R _Y B	99, 105, 198
Decimal	6515142
CIE Lab	48.00, 23.24, -49.43
CIE LCh	48, 54.622, 295.185
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2196, 0.1813
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284705222 (0xFF6369C6)
YUV	113.8080, 41.5067, -12.9866
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 16.9088, -51.6270

Details

The CIELCh color $48, 54.622, 295.185$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $6666CC$. A complement of this color would be $76, 48.317, 102.560$, and the grayscale version is $48, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 54.512, 295.119$, and $28, 54.486, 295.142$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42, 66.822, 297.431$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 42.819, 293.187$.

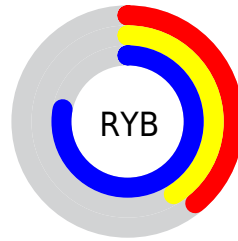
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (41%)

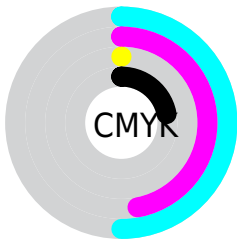
Blue (78%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (78%)

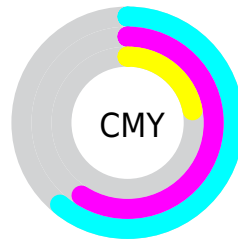


Cyan (50%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (61%)


Magenta (59%)

Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 54.622, 295.185 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 54.622, 295.185 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 54.622,
295.185

 48, 54.622,
295.185


 100, 54.622,
295.185

 38, 54.622,
295.185

 68, 54.622,
295.185

 28, 54.622,
295.185

 78, 54.622,
295.185

 18, 54.622,
295.185

 88, 54.622,
295.185

 8, 54.622, 295.185

 98, 54.622,
295.185

 0, 54.622, 295.185

 48, 54.622,

 48, 54.622,

295.185

42, 66.822,
297.431

36, 79.167,
299.837

31, 91.007,
302.210

27, 101.095,
304.255

25, 107.875,
305.612

295.185

54, 42.819,
293.187

61, 31.477,
291.455

67, 20.588,
289.974


73, 10.120,
288.716

80, 0.042, 289.737

86, 9.677, 106.707

92, 19.062,
105.926

98, 28.111,
106.919

 99, 28.800,
107.989

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 54.622, 295.185



76, 48.317, 102.560

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 54.622, 295.185



48, 54.622, 345.185



48, 54.622, 115.185



48, 54.622, 165.185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 54.621, 295.186



88, 18.769, 289.343



74, 31.107, 190.421



45, 12.857, 289.618



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 54.621, 295.186



53, 82.185, 297.636



50, 58.999, 309.559



39, 5.738, 288.642



20, 92.939, 305.441



2, 20.587, 290.175

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 42.717, 20.691



63, 64.164, 23.409



75, 54.108, 124.320



39, 4.286, 15.007



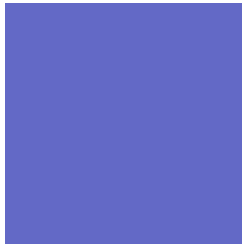
34, 72.246, 37.269



3, 15.921, 16.256

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 54.622, 295.185 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 54.622, 295.185 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

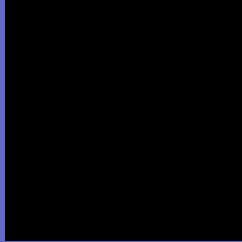
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 54.622, 295.185

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 54.622, 295.185.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 54.622, 295.185.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


48, 54.622, 295.185

Protanopia

48, 54.350, 286.289

Deuteranopia

48, 48.767, 278.864



Tritanopia
48, 15.665, 217.904

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 54.622, 295.185

Protanomaly
48, 54.162, 289.146

Deuteranomaly
48, 51.045, 284.702

Tritanomaly
48, 24.930, 271.344

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 54.622, 295.185

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 19.502, 289.606

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 54.622, 295.185 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 105, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 105, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 105, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 105, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 54.622, 295.185 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 105, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 105, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 105, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 105, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 105, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 105,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 54.622, 295.185 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 105, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 105,  
198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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