

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 55.264, 327.019)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 55.264, 327.019)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 54.988, 327.014)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A552A5
RGB	165, 82, 165
RGB Percent	65%, 32%, 65%
CMY	0.3523, 0.6779, 0.3523
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	300°, 34%, 48%
HSV	300°, 50%, 65%
XYZ	25.3828, 16.7945, 37.5731
YIQ	116.2790, 22.8250, 43.4090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

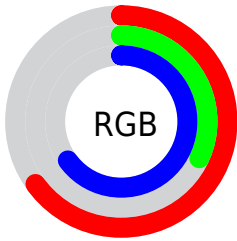
Format	Color
R _Y B	165, 82, 165
Decimal	10834597
CIE Lab	48.00, 46.12, -29.94
CIE LCh	48, 54.988, 327.014
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3183, 0.2106
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289024677 (0xFFA552A5)
YUV	116.2790, 24.0195, 42.7283
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 38.8425, -25.6728

Details

The CIELCh color $48, 54.988, 327.014$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 993399 . A complement of this color would be $61, 55.270, 140.421$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 54.648, 327.192$, and $28, 55.168, 327.013$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 64.120, 327.417$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 44.796, 326.554$.

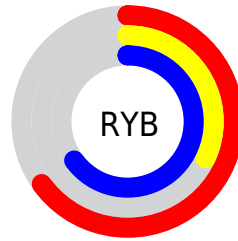
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (32%)

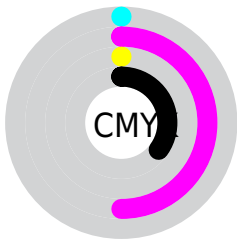
Blue (65%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (65%)

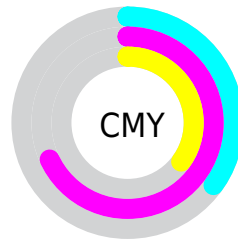


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)


Magenta (68%)

Yellow (35%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 54.988, 327.014 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 54.988, 327.014 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 54.988,
327.014


 48, 54.988,
327.014


 100, 54.988,
327.014

 38, 54.988,
327.014

 68, 54.988,
327.014

 28, 54.988,
327.014

 78, 54.988,
327.014

 18, 54.988,
327.014

 88, 54.988,
327.014

 8, 54.988, 327.014

 98, 54.988,
327.014

 0, 54.988, 327.014

 48, 54.988,

 48, 54.988,

327.014

45, 64.120,
327.417

43, 71.779,
327.746

41, 77.596,
327.991

40, 81.369,
328.148

39, 83.486,
328.235

327.014

51, 44.796,
326.554

55, 33.945,
326.052

59, 22.759,
325.523

63, 11.485,
324.976

68, 0.297, 323.704

72, 10.691,
143.952

77, 21.408,
143.430

81, 31.817,
142.937

■ 86, 41.902,
142.470

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 54.988, 327.014



61, 55.270, 140.421

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 54.988, 327.014



48, 54.988, 17.014



48, 54.988, 147.014



48, 54.988, 197.014

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 54.986, 327.014



78, 20.795, 325.252



39, 50.652, 297.356



40, 14.171, 325.361



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 54.986, 327.014



58, 78.664, 327.447



46, 39.942, 348.931



32, 6.267, 324.920



34, 76.018, 328.235



2, 9.704, 324.441

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 54.986, 327.014



58, 78.664, 327.447



62, 37.851, 158.462



32, 6.267, 324.920



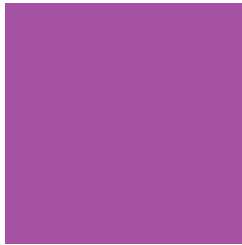
34, 76.018, 328.235



2, 9.704, 324.441

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 54.988, 327.014 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

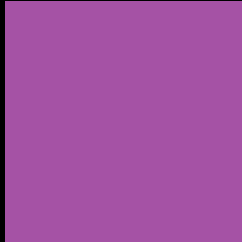
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 54.988, 327.014 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

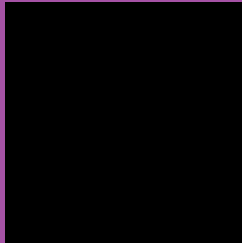
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 54.988, 327.014

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 54.988, 327.014.

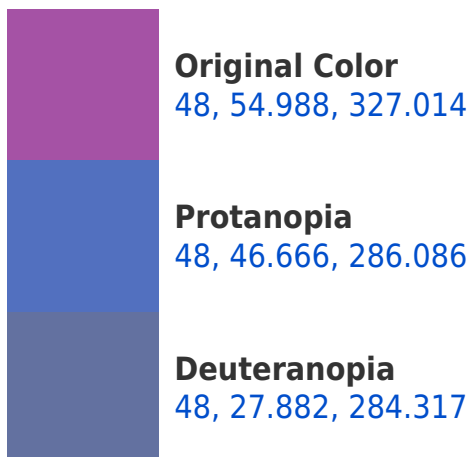


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 54.988, 327.014.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
48, 26.496, 14.309

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 54.988, 327.014

Protanomaly
47, 48.051, 300.137

Deuteranomaly
47, 36.324, 305.994

Tritanomaly
48, 33.484, 348.331

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 54.988, 327.014

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 21.204, 325.614

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 54.988, 327.014 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 82, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 82, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 82, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 82, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 54.988, 327.014 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 82, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 82, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 82, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 82, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 82, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 82,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 54.988, 327.014 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 82, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165, 82,  
165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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