

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 58.217, 140.751)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 58.217, 140.751)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 58.150, 140.845)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	24832F
RGB	36, 131, 47
RGB Percent	14%, 51%, 18%
CMY	0.8591, 0.4865, 0.8159
CMYK	0.73, 0.00, 0.64, 0.49
HSL	127°, 57%, 33%
HSV	127°, 73%, 51%
XYZ	9.3447, 16.7945, 5.4324
YIQ	93.0190, -29.6560, -46.2640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

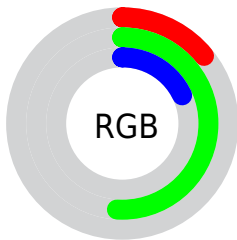
Format	Color
R_{YB}	36, 121, 131
Decimal	2392879
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, -45.09, 36.72
CIE _{LCh}	48, 58.150, 140.845
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2960, 0.5319
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280582959 (0xFF24832F)
YUV	93.0190, -22.6874, -50.0057
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -31.0142, 20.8273

Details

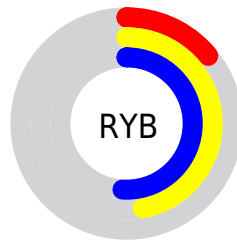
The CIELCh color **48, 58.150, 140.845** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **33, 56.462, 331.856**, and the grayscale version is **40, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 58.386, 140.827**, and **29, 51.658, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 63.719, 139.488**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48, 51.561, 142.167**.

Distribution



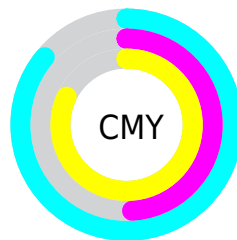
- Red (14%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (82%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 58.150, 140.845 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 58.150, 140.845 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 58.150,
140.845

 48, 58.150,
140.845


 100, 58.150,
140.845


 38, 58.150,
140.845

 68, 58.150,
140.845


 28, 58.150,
140.845

 78, 58.150,
140.845

 18, 58.150,
140.845

 88, 58.150,
140.845

 8, 58.150, 140.845

 98, 58.150,
140.845

 0, 58.150, 140.845

 48, 58.150,

 48, 58.150,

140.845

140.845

■ 48, 63.719,
139.488

■ 48, 51.561,
142.167

■ 47, 68.050,
138.192

■ 49, 44.179,
143.391

■ 47, 70.505,
137.475

■ 50, 36.220,
144.489

■ 51, 27.884,
145.454

■ 52, 19.342,
146.292

■ 53, 10.735,
147.020

■ 54, 2.174, 147.715

■ 56, 6.260, 328.118

■ 57, 14.509,
328.596

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 58.150, 140.845



33, 56.462, 331.856

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 58.150, 140.845



48, 58.150, 190.845



48, 58.150, 320.845



48, 58.150, 10.845

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 58.150, 140.845



66, 23.435, 146.297



52, 50.163, 108.998



35, 15.873, 146.117



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 58.150, 140.845



61, 80.981, 138.638



49, 38.974, 160.806



27, 4.857, 147.250



47, 70.143, 137.484



1, 1.159, 147.766

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 56.462, 331.856



40, 75.903, 332.721



31, 43.459, 0.056



26, 4.868, 328.249



29, 64.195, 333.295



0, 1.159, 327.761

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 58.150, 140.845 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 58.150, 140.845 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

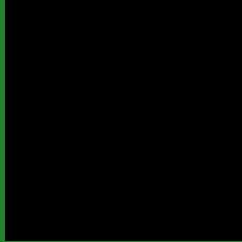
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 58.150, 140.845

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 58.150, 140.845.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 58.150, 140.845.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 58.150, 140.845

Protanopia

48, 40.188, 95.704

Deuteranopia

48, 35.150, 79.781



Tritanopia
48, 20.273, 212.784

Trichromacy



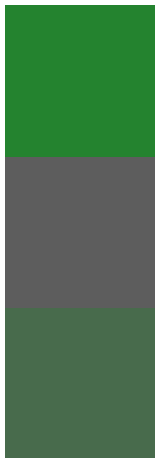
Original Color
48, 58.150, 140.845

Protanomaly
47, 43.795, 120.903

Deuteranomaly
46, 37.233, 115.177

Tritanomaly
48, 29.985, 166.822

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 58.150, 140.845

Achromatopsia
39, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
42, 23.761, 145.451

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 58.150, 140.845 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 131, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 131, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 131, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 131, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 58.150, 140.845 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 131, 47) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 131, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(36, 131, 47)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 131, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 131, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 131,  
47) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 58.150, 140.845 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 131, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 131,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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