

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 58.405, 146.127)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 58.405, 146.127)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 58.348, 146.008)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008437
RGB	0, 132, 55
RGB Percent	0%, 52%, 22%
CMY	0.9994, 0.4821, 0.7841
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.58, 0.48
HSL	145°, 100%, 26%
HSV	145°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	8.9513, 16.7945, 6.3905
YIQ	83.7540, -53.9550, -51.9310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

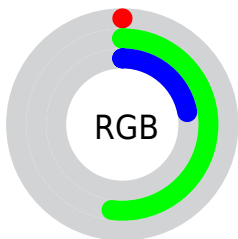
Format	Color
RYB	0, 93, 132
Decimal	33847
CIELab	48.00, -48.38, 32.62
CIELCh	48, 58.348, 146.008
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2785, 0.5226
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278223927 (0xFF008437)
YUV	83.7540, -14.1757, -73.4523
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -32.7279, 19.4412

Details

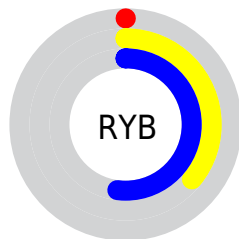
The CIELCh color **48, 58.348, 146.008** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **28, 53.489, 353.278**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 58.305, 146.062**, and **29, 50.231, 137.523** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 58.394, 145.986**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48, 54.503, 147.968**.

Distribution



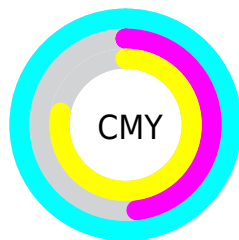
- Red (0%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (48%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (78%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 58.348, 146.008 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 58.348, 146.008 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 58.348,
146.008


 48, 58.348,
146.008


 100, 58.348,
146.008


 38, 58.348,
146.008

 68, 58.348,
146.008

 28, 58.348,
146.008

 78, 58.348,
146.008

 18, 58.348,
146.008

 88, 58.348,
146.008

 8, 58.348, 146.008

 98, 58.348,
146.008

 0, 58.348, 146.008

 48, 58.348,

 48, 58.348,

146.008

146.008

■ 48, 58.394,
145.986

■ 48, 54.503,
147.968

■ 49, 50.172,
149.908

■ 49, 45.216,
151.662

■ 49, 39.683,
153.225

■ 50, 33.659,
154.604

■ 51, 27.250,
155.818

■ 52, 20.569,
156.888

■ 53, 13.725,
157.837

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 58.348, 146.008



28, 53.489, 353.278

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 58.348, 146.008



48, 58.348, 196.008



48, 58.348, 326.008



48, 58.348, 16.008

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 58.348, 146.008



66, 25.479, 156.808



50, 64.486, 123.885



34, 17.480, 156.433



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 58.348, 146.008



61, 71.325, 145.450



49, 33.657, 182.636



27, 3.901, 158.757



47, 57.706, 146.023



1, 0.934, 159.401

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 53.489, 353.278



37, 64.356, 354.095



27, 59.815, 34.395



26, 3.934, 340.027



27, 52.932, 353.257



0, 0.934, 339.392

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 58.348, 146.008 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

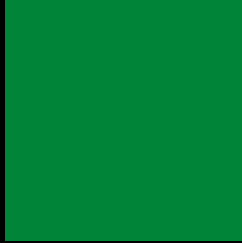
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 58.348, 146.008 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 58.348, 146.008

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 58.348, 146.008.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 58.348, 146.008.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
48, 58.348, 146.008

Protanopia
48, 37.189, 96.247

Deuteranopia
48, 30.916, 77.933



Tritanopia
48, 22.672, 212.481

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 58.348, 146.008

Protanomaly
46, 43.291, 129.472

Deuteranomaly
46, 35.468, 126.255

Tritanomaly
48, 32.713, 172.561

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 58.348, 146.008

Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
39, 25.606, 154.656

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 58.348, 146.008 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 132, 55)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 132, 55)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 132, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 132, 55) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 58.348, 146.008 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 132, 55) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 132, 55) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 132, 55)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 132, 55); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 132, 55);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 132, 55)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 58.348, 146.008 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 132, 55) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 132,  
55) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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