

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 59.078, 145.396)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 59.078, 145.396)
contains.

CIELCh(48, 59.091, 145.336)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(48, 59.091, 145.336)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	018435
RGB	1, 132, 53
RGB Percent	0%, 52%, 21%
CMY	0.9950, 0.4820, 0.7918
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.60, 0.48
HSL	144°, 98%, 26%
HSV	144°, 99%, 52%
XYZ	8.9247, 16.7945, 6.1499
YIQ	83.8250, -52.7170, -52.3410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

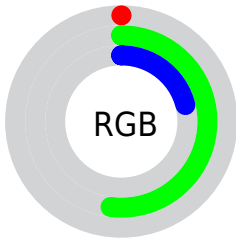
Format	Color
RYB	1, 95, 132
Decimal	99381
CIELab	48.00, -48.60, 33.61
CIELCh	48, 59.091, 145.336
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2800, 0.5270
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278289461 (0xFF018435)
YUV	83.8250, -15.1967, -72.6375
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -32.8436, 19.7892

Details

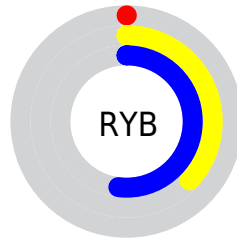
The CIELCh color **48, 59.091, 145.336** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **28, 53.862, 351.405**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 58.957, 145.269**, and **29, 51.138, 136.781** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 59.461, 145.164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48, 55.155, 147.289**.

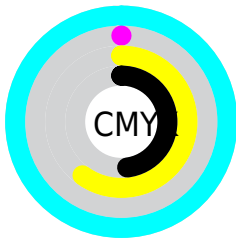
Distribution



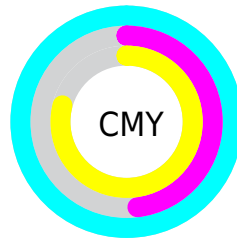
- Red (0%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (48%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (79%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 59.091, 145.336 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 59.091, 145.336 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 59.091,
145.336


 48, 59.091,
145.336


 100, 59.091,
145.336


 38, 59.091,
145.336

 68, 59.091,
145.336


 28, 59.091,
145.336

 78, 59.091,
145.336

 18, 59.091,
145.336

 88, 59.091,
145.336

 8, 59.091, 145.336

 98, 59.091,
145.336

 0, 59.091, 145.336

 48, 59.091,

 48, 59.091,

145.336

145.336

■ 48, 59.461,
145.164

■ 48, 55.155,
147.289

■ 49, 50.680,
149.198

■ 49, 45.568,
150.925

■ 49, 39.875,
152.463

■ 50, 33.694,
153.819

■ 51, 27.136,
155.011

■ 52, 20.317,
156.060

■ 53, 13.348,
156.989

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 59.091, 145.336



28, 53.862, 351.405

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 59.091, 145.336



48, 59.091, 195.336



48, 59.091, 325.336



48, 59.091, 15.336

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 59.091, 145.336



66, 25.884, 155.897



50, 63.895, 123.145



34, 17.760, 155.526



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 59.091, 145.336



61, 72.609, 144.635



49, 34.189, 180.686



27, 3.959, 157.821



47, 58.746, 145.200



1, 0.947, 158.454

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 53.862, 351.405



37, 64.916, 352.364



27, 58.832, 33.183



26, 3.990, 339.067



28, 53.405, 351.587



0, 0.947, 338.445

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 59.091, 145.336 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 59.091, 145.336 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 59.091, 145.336

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 59.091, 145.336.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 59.091, 145.336.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 59.091, 145.336

Protanopia

48, 37.683, 96.285

Deuteranopia

48, 31.922, 78.649



Tritanopia
48, 22.672, 212.481

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 59.091, 145.336



Protanomaly
47, 43.567, 128.715



Deuteranomaly
46, 36.462, 125.602



Tritanomaly
48, 32.568, 172.468

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 59.091, 145.336



Achromatopsia
36, 0.005, 296.813



Achromatomaly
39, 25.606, 154.656

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 59.091, 145.336 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 132, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 132, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 132, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 132, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 59.091, 145.336 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 132, 53) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 132, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 132, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 132, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 132, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 132, 53)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 59.091, 145.336 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 132, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 132,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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