

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 59.511, 327.180)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 59.511, 327.180)
contains.

CIELCh(48, 59.498, 327.168)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(48, 59.498, 327.168)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A94EA9
RGB	169, 78, 169
RGB Percent	66%, 31%, 66%
CMY	0.3366, 0.6935, 0.3366
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	300°, 37%, 48%
HSV	300°, 54%, 66%
XYZ	26.3091, 16.7945, 39.4693
YIQ	115.5830, 25.0250, 47.5930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

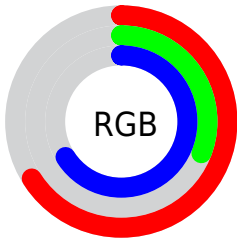
Format	Color
R_{YB}	169, 78, 169
Decimal	11095721
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, 49.99, -32.26
CIE _{LCh}	48, 59.498, 327.168
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3186, 0.2034
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289285801 (0xFFA94EA9)
YUV	115.5830, 26.3346, 46.8467
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 42.8770, -28.4161

Details

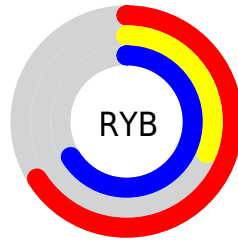
The CIELCh color $48, 59.498, 327.168$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 993399 . A complement of this color would be $62, 59.901, 140.024$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 59.735, 326.979$, and $28, 59.288, 327.236$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 68.311, 327.546$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 49.446, 326.726$.

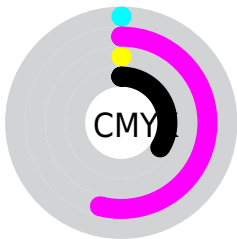
Distribution



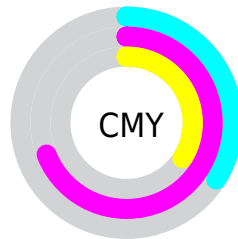
- Red (66%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (34%)




- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 59.498, 327.168 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 59.498, 327.168 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 59.498,
327.168


 48, 59.498,
327.168


 100, 59.498,
327.168

 38, 59.498,
327.168

 68, 59.498,
327.168


 28, 59.498,
327.168

 78, 59.498,
327.168

 18, 59.498,
327.168

 88, 59.498,
327.168

 8, 59.498, 327.168

 98, 59.498,
327.168

 0, 59.498, 327.168

 48, 59.498,

 48, 59.498,

327.168

■ 45, 68.311,
327.546

■ 43, 75.469,
327.846

■ 41, 80.645,
328.059

■ 40, 83.721,
328.184

■ 40, 84.977,
328.235

327.168

■ 51, 49.446,
326.726

■ 55, 38.582,
326.236

■ 59, 27.265,
325.714

■ 63, 15.776,
325.173

■ 68, 4.319, 324.595

■ 72, 6.968, 144.148

■ 77, 18.000,
143.610

■ 81, 28.727,
143.106

■ 86, 39.126,
142.629

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 59.498, 327.168



62, 59.901, 140.024

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 59.498, 327.168



48, 59.498, 17.168



48, 59.498, 147.168



48, 59.498, 197.168

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 59.496, 327.168



79, 22.617, 325.309



38, 55.684, 298.096



40, 15.255, 325.415



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 59.496, 327.168



58, 85.146, 327.625



46, 43.334, 349.481



33, 6.429, 324.922



35, 76.989, 328.235



2, 11.672, 324.441

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 59.496, 327.168



58, 85.146, 327.625



63, 41.017, 157.952



33, 6.429, 324.922



35, 76.989, 328.235



2, 11.672, 324.441

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 59.498, 327.168 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

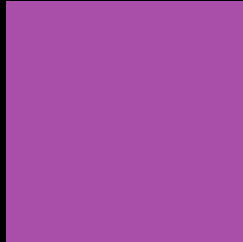
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 59.498, 327.168 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

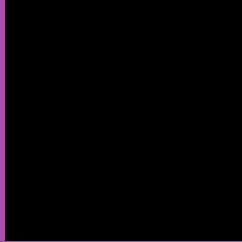
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 59.498, 327.168

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 59.498, 327.168.

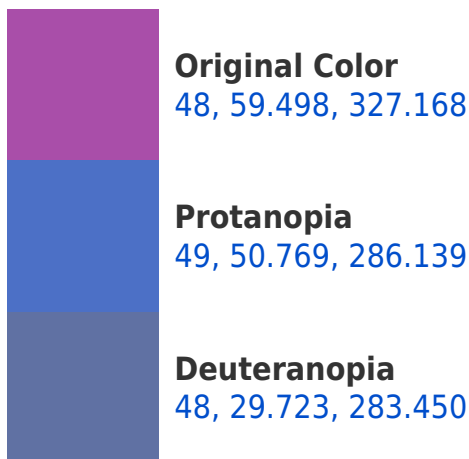


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 59.498, 327.168.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
48, 28.745, 15.387

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 59.498, 327.168

Protanomaly
47, 52.107, 299.848

Deuteranomaly
47, 39.364, 306.299

Tritanomaly
48, 36.202, 348.691

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 59.498, 327.168

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 23.293, 325.722

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 59.498, 327.168 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 78, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 78, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 78, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 78, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 59.498, 327.168 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 78, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 78, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 78, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 78, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 78, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 78,  
169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 59.498, 327.168 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 78, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169, 78,  
169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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