

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 6.601, 72.690)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 6.601, 72.690) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 6.781, 70.713)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A7067
RGB	122, 112, 103
RGB Percent	48%, 44%, 40%
CMY	0.5204, 0.5597, 0.5950
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.16, 0.52
HSL	28°, 8%, 44%
HSV	28°, 16%, 48%
XYZ	16.3546, 16.7945, 15.2853
YIQ	113.9640, 8.8490, -0.6790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

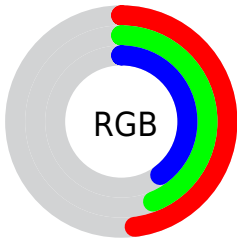
Format	Color
R_{YB}	122, 120, 103
Decimal	8024167
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, 2.24, 6.40
CIE _{LCh}	48, 6.781, 70.713
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3377, 0.3467
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286214247 (0xFF7A7067)
YUV	113.9640, -5.4053, 7.0476
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -0.4815, 6.5725

Details

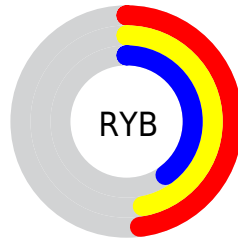
The CIELCh color **48, 6.781, 70.713** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **47, 6.489, 254.546**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 6.972, 71.343**, and **28, 6.727, 69.676** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 11.423, 69.595**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 2.359, 71.790**.

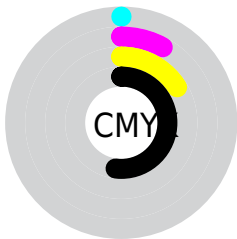
Distribution



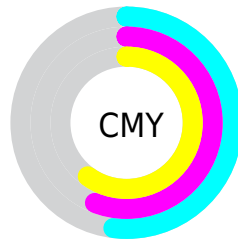
- Red (48%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (52%)















- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 6.781, 70.713 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 6.781, 70.713 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 6.781, 70.713	 48, 6.781, 70.713
 100, 6.781, 70.713	 38, 6.781, 70.713
 68, 6.781, 70.713	 28, 6.781, 70.713
 78, 6.781, 70.713	 18, 6.781, 70.713
 88, 6.781, 70.713	 8, 6.781, 70.713
 98, 6.781, 70.713	 0, 6.781, 70.713

 48, 6.781, 70.713	 48, 6.781, 70.713
 46, 11.423, 69.595	 50, 2.359, 71.790
 44, 16.299, 68.452	 52, 1.862, 253.171
 42, 21.409, 67.306	 54, 5.901, 254.167

■ 40, 26.734, 66.156

■ 57, 9.778, 255.214

■ 38, 32.209, 64.982

■ 59, 13.511,
256.238

■ 36, 37.685, 63.725

■ 61, 17.116,
257.228

■ 34, 42.859, 62.255

■ 33, 47.383, 60.462

■ 63, 20.608,
258.181

■ 32, 49.615, 59.925

■ 66, 24.000,
259.094

■ 68, 27.303,
259.968

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 6.781, 70.713



47, 6.489, 254.546

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 6.781, 70.713



48, 6.781, 120.713



48, 6.781, 250.713



48, 6.781, 300.713

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 6.781, 70.727



64, 2.622, 71.829



46, 9.859, 343.104



33, 1.782, 71.778



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 6.781, 70.727



60, 10.327, 70.288



51, 10.655, 107.344



25, 2.420, 71.436



33, 50.436, 59.850



65, 85.971, 57.697

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 6.489, 254.546



59, 9.758, 255.122



45, 10.997, 290.463



24, 2.364, 253.689



28, 39.127, 279.663



56, 69.249, 282.341

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 6.781, 70.713 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 6.781, 70.713 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

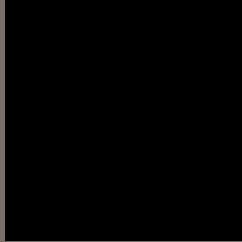
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

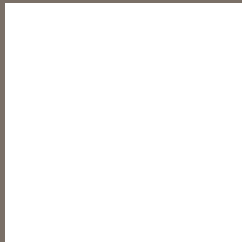
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 6.781, 70.713

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 6.781, 70.713.

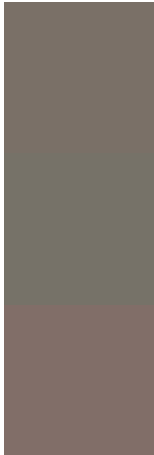


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 6.781, 70.713.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


48, 6.781, 70.713

Protanopia

48, 6.096, 93.356

Deuteranopia

48, 8.861, 43.531



Tritanopia
48, 7.785, 337.445

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 6.781, 70.713

Protanomaly
48, 6.047, 80.223

Deuteranomaly
48, 7.971, 50.926

Tritanomaly
48, 5.084, 6.607

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 6.781, 70.713

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 2.402, 66.574

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 48, 6.781, 70.713 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 112, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 112, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 112, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 112, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 6.781, 70.713 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 112, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 112, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 112, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 112, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 112, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 112,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 6.781, 70.713 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 112, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
112, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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