

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 6.867, 336.876)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(48, 6.867, 336.876) contains.

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>CIELCh(48, 6.788, 336.288)</b> .....        | 3  |
| <i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....                | 4  |
| <i><b>Details</b></i> .....                    | 6  |
| <i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....                  | 11 |
| <i><b>Previews</b></i> .....                   | 20 |
| <i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> ..... | 23 |
| <i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....               | 26 |

# Color

**CIELCh(48, 6.788, 336.288)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>              |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex           | 7B6F77                    |
| RGB           | 123, 111, 119             |
| RGB Percent   | 48%, 44%, 47%             |
| CMY           | 0.5191, 0.5661, 0.5348    |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.10, 0.03, 0.52    |
| HSL           | 320°, 5%, 46%             |
| HSV           | 320°, 10%, 48%            |
| XYZ           | 17.0660, 16.7945, 19.6773 |
| YIQ           | 115.5000, 4.5840, 5.0320  |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

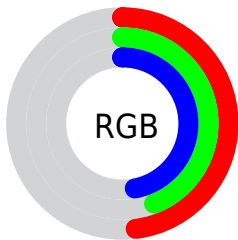
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 123, 111, 119               |
| Decimal                             | 8089463                     |
| CIE Lab                             | 48.00, 6.21, -2.73          |
| CIE LCh                             | 48, 6.788, 336.288          |
| Yxy                                 | 16.7945, 0.3188,<br>0.3137  |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4286279543<br>(0xFF7B6F77)  |
| YUV                                 | 115.5000, 1.7255,<br>6.5775 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 40.9810, 2.6170,<br>0.2183  |

# Details

The CIELCh color  $48, 6.788, 336.288$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $50, 6.746, 155.026$ , and the grayscale version is  $48, 0.006, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $68, 6.352, 336.089$ , and  $28, 7.119, 334.077$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $45, 13.816, 337.026$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $52, 0.147, 157.311$ .

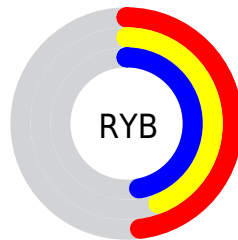
# Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (44%)

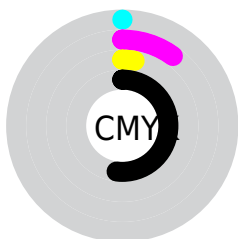
Blue (47%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (47%)

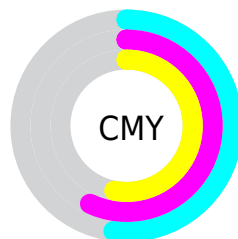


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 6.788, 336.288 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 6.788, 336.288 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48, 6.788, 336.288

■ 48, 6.788, 336.288

■ 100, 6.788,  
336.288

■ 38, 6.788, 336.288

■ 68, 6.788, 336.288

■ 28, 6.788, 336.288

■ 78, 6.788, 336.288

■ 18, 6.788, 336.288

■ 88, 6.788, 336.288

■ 8, 6.788, 336.288

■ 98, 6.788, 336.288

■ 0, 6.788, 336.288

■ 48, 6.788, 336.288

■ 48, 6.788, 336.288

■ 45, 13.816,  
337.026

■ 52, 0.147, 157.311

■ 41, 20.850,

■ 55, 6.928, 155.058

337.802

59, 13.527,  
154.447

38, 27.748,  
338.636

62, 19.929,  
153.883

35, 34.309,  
339.547

66, 26.134,  
153.355

32, 40.270,  
340.561

70, 32.146,  
152.858

30, 45.323,  
341.714

74, 37.974,  
152.391

28, 49.156,  
343.060

77, 43.629,  
151.951

27, 51.534,  
344.672

81, 49.122,  
151.537

26, 52.935,  
346.488

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 6.788, 336.288



50, 6.746, 155.026

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 6.788, 336.288



48, 6.788, 26.288



48, 6.788, 156.288



48, 6.788, 206.288

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 6.786, 336.290



65, 2.585, 335.756



47, 7.292, 303.567



34, 1.975, 335.827



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 6.786, 336.290



61, 10.408, 336.474



48, 5.083, 6.609



24, 3.901, 336.238



27, 53.668, 346.575



56, 89.430, 347.923





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 6.786, 336.290



61, 10.408, 336.474



50, 4.881, 185.095



24, 3.901, 336.238



27, 53.668, 346.575



56, 89.430, 347.923



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 6.788, 336.288 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 6.788, 336.288 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 48, 6.788, 336.288**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 6.788, 336.288.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 6.788, 336.288.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


48, 6.788, 336.288

### Protanopia

48, 4.158, 296.210

### Deuteranopia

48, 6.788, 336.288



**Tritanopia**  
48, 6.788, 336.288



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48, 6.788, 336.288

## Protanomaly

48, 5.153, 313.553

## Deuteranomaly

48, 6.788, 336.288

## Tritanomaly

48, 6.788, 336.288

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48, 6.788, 336.288

## Achromatopsia

48, 0.006, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

48, 2.705, 338.839

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 6.788, 336.288 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 111, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 111, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 111, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 111, 119) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 6.788, 336.288 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 111, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 111, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 111, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 111, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 111, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 111,  
119) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 6.788, 336.288 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 111, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
111, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor