

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 6.949, 258.444)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 6.949, 258.444) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 6.945, 257.555)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	69737D
RGB	105, 115, 125
RGB Percent	41%, 45%, 49%
CMY	0.5876, 0.5484, 0.5092
CMYK	0.16, 0.08, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	210°, 9%, 45%
HSV	210°, 16%, 49%
XYZ	15.7042, 16.7945, 21.8694
YIQ	113.1500, -9.1700, 0.9900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

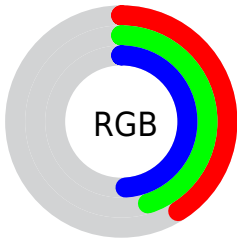
Format	Color
RYB	105, 112, 125
Decimal	6910845
CIELab	48.00, -1.50, -6.78
CIELCh	48, 6.945, 257.555
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2888, 0.3089
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285100925 (0xFF69737D)
YUV	113.1500, 5.8421, -7.1475
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -3.3144, -2.9532

Details

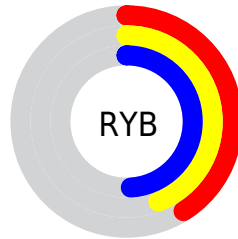
The CIELCh color $48, 6.945, 257.555$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $49, 7.221, 73.504$, and the grayscale version is $48, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 7.173, 257.091$, and $28, 6.794, 258.523$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 11.225, 259.152$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 2.614, 256.234$.

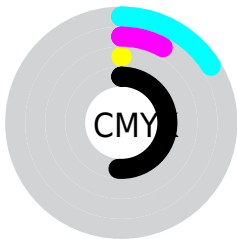
Distribution



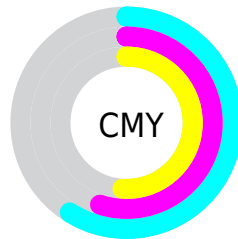
- Red (41%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 6.945, 257.555 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 6.945, 257.555 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48, 6.945, 257.555

■ 48, 6.945, 257.555

■ 100, 6.945,
257.555

■ 38, 6.945, 257.555

■ 68, 6.945, 257.555

■ 28, 6.945, 257.555

■ 78, 6.945, 257.555

■ 18, 6.945, 257.555

■ 88, 6.945, 257.555

■ 8, 6.945, 257.555

■ 98, 6.945, 257.555

■ 0, 6.945, 257.555

■ 48, 6.945, 257.555

■ 48, 6.945, 257.555

■ 45, 11.225,
259.152

■ 51, 2.614, 256.234

■ 42, 15.441,

■ 54, 1.751, 74.812

261.060

56, 6.134, 73.913

40, 19.580,
263.320

59, 10.523, 73.062

37, 23.638,
265.982

62, 14.905, 72.313

35, 27.627,
269.089

65, 19.272, 71.655

32, 31.575,
272.654

68, 23.614, 71.074

30, 35.532,
276.637

71, 27.928, 70.556

28, 39.571,
280.856

73, 32.207, 70.093

27, 41.251,
282.420

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 6.945, 257.555



49, 7.221, 73.504

Rectangle

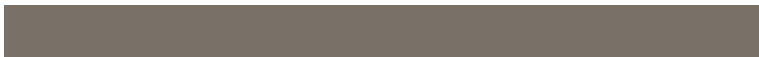
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 6.945, 257.555



48, 6.945, 307.555



48, 6.945, 77.555



48, 6.945, 127.555

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 6.944, 257.546



65, 2.715, 256.142



51, 10.042, 161.490



34, 1.842, 256.202



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 6.944, 257.546



60, 10.237, 258.072



45, 11.741, 291.191



25, 2.495, 256.606



27, 41.881, 282.513



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 10.114, 344.938



59, 14.986, 345.258



52, 11.351, 108.010



25, 3.594, 344.325



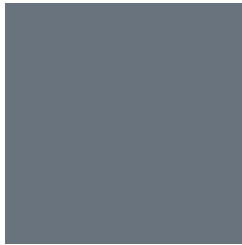
26, 50.838, 0.542



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 6.945, 257.555 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 6.945, 257.555 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

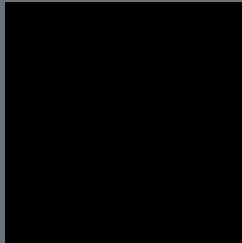
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

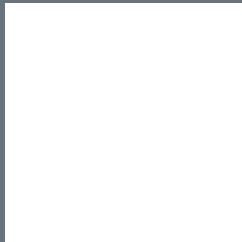
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 6.945, 257.555

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 6.945, 257.555.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 6.945, 257.555.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 6.945, 257.555

Protanopia

48, 6.493, 291.052

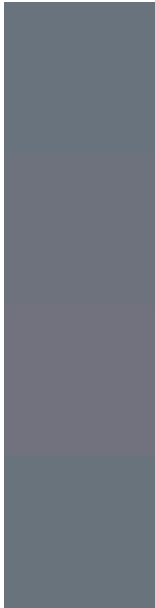
Deuteranopia

48, 9.438, 310.715



Tritanopia
48, 6.470, 254.506

Trichromacy



Original Color

48, 6.945, 257.555

Protanomaly

48, 6.067, 276.158

Deuteranomaly

48, 7.687, 294.097

Tritanomaly

48, 6.470, 254.506

Monochromacy



Original Color

48, 6.945, 257.555

Achromatopsia

48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

48, 2.360, 248.082

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 6.945, 257.555 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 115, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 115, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 115, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 115, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 6.945, 257.555 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

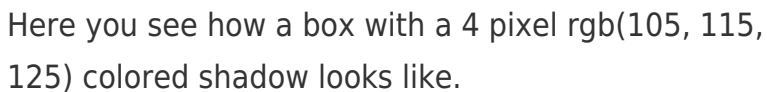
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 115, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 115, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 115, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 115, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 115, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 115,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 6.945, 257.555 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 115, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
115, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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