

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 63.672, 7.876)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(48, 63.672, 7.876) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(48, 63.649, 7.998)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D03466
RGB	208, 52, 102
RGB Percent	82%, 20%, 40%
CMY	0.1848, 0.7965, 0.6004
CMYK	0.00, 0.75, 0.51, 0.18
HSL	341°, 62%, 51%
HSV	341°, 75%, 82%
XYZ	29.5946, 16.7945, 14.2274
YIQ	104.3440, 76.9260, 48.6220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

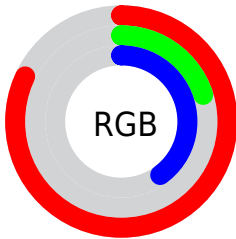
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	208, 52, 102
Decimal	13644902
CIE Lab	48.00, 63.03, 8.86
CIE LCh	48, 63.649, 7.998
Yxy	16.7945, 0.4882, 0.2771
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291834982 (0xFFD03466)
YUV	104.3440, -1.1556, 90.9063
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 57.1875, 8.1031

# Details

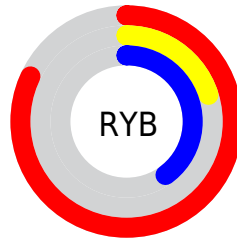
The CIELCh color **48, 63.649, 7.998** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. The color can be described as dark muted rose. A complement of this color would be **75, 53.126, 165.158**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 58.361, 5.184**, and **31, 56.335, 12.448** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 68.974, 12.069**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 56.860, 4.779**.

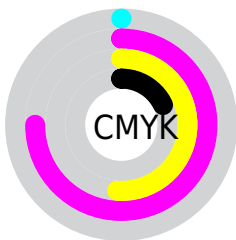
# Distribution



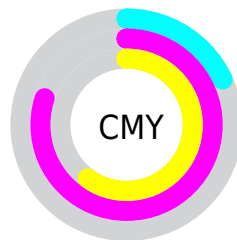
- Red (82%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (18%)





- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (60%)









# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 63.649, 7.998 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 63.649, 7.998 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 48, 63.649, 7.998	 48, 63.649, 7.998
 100, 63.649, 7.998	 38, 63.649, 7.998
 68, 63.649, 7.998	 28, 63.649, 7.998
 78, 63.649, 7.998	 18, 63.649, 7.998
 88, 63.649, 7.998	 8, 63.649, 7.998
 98, 63.649, 7.998	 0, 63.649, 7.998

 48, 63.649, 7.998	 48, 63.649, 7.998
 46, 68.974, 12.069	 51, 56.860, 4.779
 44, 72.891, 17.072	 55, 48.898, 2.236
 44, 74.643, 19.718	 59, 40.175, 0.205

64, 31.089,  
358.548

70, 21.950,  
357.166

75, 12.967,  
355.982

81, 4.265, 354.895

86, 4.094, 174.238

92, 12.087,  
173.368

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 63.649, 7.998



75, 53.126, 165.158

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 63.649, 7.998



48, 63.649, 57.998



48, 63.649, 187.998



48, 63.649, 237.998

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 63.646, 8.000



85, 23.731, 356.944



44, 89.617, 317.249



43, 16.514, 357.410



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 63.646, 8.000



55, 83.385, 14.972



51, 65.157, 39.874



41, 4.862, 355.373



35, 63.516, 18.791



4, 20.577, 4.501





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 63.646, 8.000



55, 83.385, 14.972



69, 34.673, 221.813



41, 4.862, 355.373



35, 63.516, 18.791



4, 20.577, 4.501



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 63.649, 7.998 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 63.649, 7.998 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 48, 63.649, 7.998**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 63.649, 7.998.

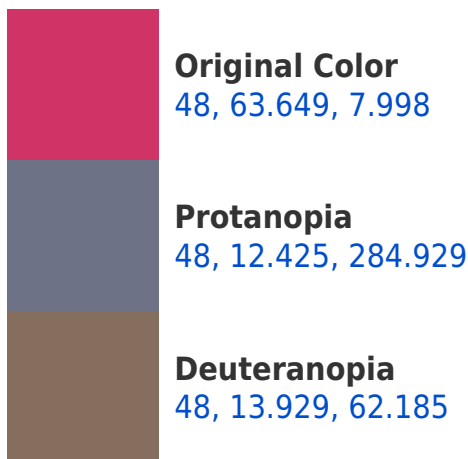


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 63.649, 7.998.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

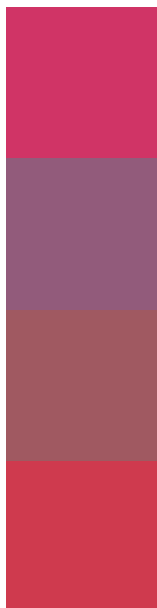




**Tritanopia**  
48, 65.108, 29.212



# Trichromacy



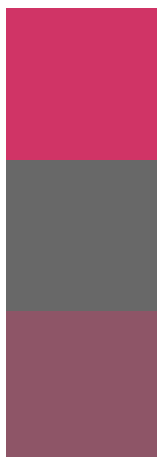
**Original Color**  
48, 63.649, 7.998

**Protanomaly**  
46, 28.724, 342.689

**Deuteranomaly**  
46, 31.173, 15.494

**Tritanomaly**  
48, 63.515, 21.704

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
48, 63.649, 7.998

**Achromatopsia**  
44, 0.006, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
43, 26.138, 359.511

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 63.649, 7.998 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 52, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 52, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 52, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 52, 102) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 63.649, 7.998 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 52, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 52, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 52, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 52, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 52, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 52,  
102) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 63.649, 7.998 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 52, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208, 52,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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