

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 64.438, 125.795)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 64.438, 125.795)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 64.150, 125.895)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	468000
RGB	70, 128, 0
RGB Percent	27%, 50%, 0%
CMY	0.7248, 0.4973, 0.9989
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 1.00, 0.50
HSL	87°, 100%, 25%
HSV	87°, 100%, 50%
XYZ	10.2833, 16.7945, 2.7077
YIQ	96.0660, 6.5200, -52.1040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

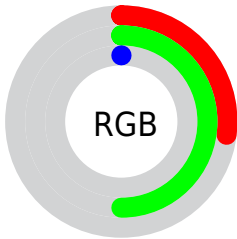
Format	Color
RYB	0, 128, 58
Decimal	4620288
CIELab	48.00, -37.61, 51.97
CIELCh	48, 64.150, 125.895
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3452, 0.5638
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282810368 (0xFF468000)
YUV	96.0660, -47.3605, -22.8599
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -26.9262, 24.7693

Details

The CIELCh color $48, 64.150, 125.895$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669933 . A complement of this color would be $18, 75.303, 311.235$, and the grayscale version is $41, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 64.181, 125.899$, and $28, 49.898, 134.746$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 64.223, 125.909$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48, 60.925, 125.190$.

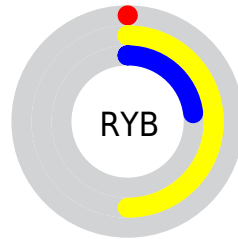
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (50%)

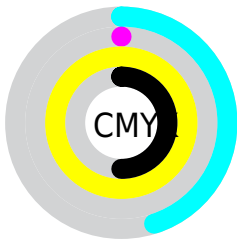
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (23%)

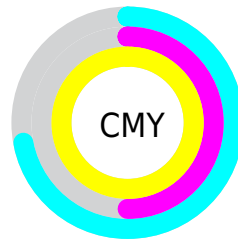


Cyan (45%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (50%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 64.150, 125.895 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 64.150, 125.895 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 64.150,
125.895

 48, 64.150,
125.895


 100, 64.150,
125.895

 38, 64.150,
125.895

 68, 64.150,
125.895


 28, 64.150,
125.895

 78, 64.150,
125.895

 18, 64.150,
125.895

 88, 64.150,
125.895

 8, 64.150, 125.895

 98, 64.150,
125.895

 0, 64.150, 125.895

 48, 64.150,

 48, 64.150,

125.895

125.895

■ 48, 64.223,
125.909

■ 48, 60.925,
125.190

■ 49, 56.745,
124.725

■ 49, 51.337,
124.637

■ 50, 45.012,
124.813

■ 50, 38.060,
125.154

■ 51, 30.706,
125.584

■ 51, 23.109,
126.054

■ 52, 15.381,
126.533

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 64.150, 125.895



18, 75.303, 311.235

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 64.150, 125.895



48, 64.150, 175.895



48, 64.150, 305.895



48, 64.150, 355.895

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 64.150, 125.896



65, 28.720, 126.011



33, 51.812, 57.938



34, 19.716, 125.842



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 64.150, 125.896



61, 77.731, 126.285



46, 71.544, 135.710



27, 4.362, 127.035



48, 63.973, 125.901



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 75.303, 311.235



24, 91.207, 310.981



29, 69.516, 326.330



25, 4.424, 307.825



18, 75.122, 311.242



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 64.150, 125.895 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

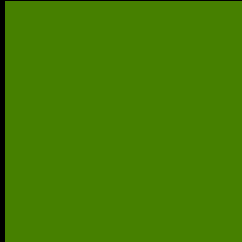
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 64.150, 125.895 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 64.150, 125.895

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 64.150, 125.895.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 64.150, 125.895.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 64.150, 125.895

Protanopia

48, 53.971, 95.537

Deuteranopia

48, 48.030, 82.800



Tritanopia
48, 13.008, 225.445

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 64.150, 125.895

Protanomaly
47, 55.540, 108.786

Deuteranomaly
47, 50.039, 102.231

Tritanomaly
47, 29.155, 143.349

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 64.150, 125.895

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
43, 29.071, 125.204

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 64.150, 125.895 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 128, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 128, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 128, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 128, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 64.150, 125.895 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 128, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 128, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(70, 128, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 128, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 128, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 128, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 64.150, 125.895 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 128, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 128,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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