

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 65.104, 123.002)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 65.104, 123.002)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 62.732, 123.895)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C7F00
RGB	76, 127, 0
RGB Percent	30%, 50%, 0%
CMY	0.7009, 0.5009, 0.9984
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 1.00, 0.50
HSL	84°, 99%, 25%
HSV	84°, 100%, 50%
XYZ	10.6272, 16.7945, 2.6933
YIQ	97.2730, 10.3710, -50.3090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

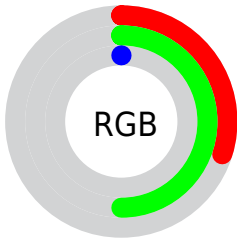
Format	Color
RYB	0, 127, 51
Decimal	5013248
CIELab	48.00, -34.98, 52.07
CIELCh	48, 62.732, 123.895
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3529, 0.5577
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283203328 (0xFF4C7F00)
YUV	97.2730, -47.9556, -18.6564
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -25.4280, 24.7902

Details

The CIELCh color $48, 62.732, 123.895$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669933 . A complement of this color would be $17, 75.638, 310.236$, and the grayscale version is $42, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 62.761, 123.831$, and $28, 48.175, 132.664$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 62.836, 123.916$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48, 59.619, 123.198$.

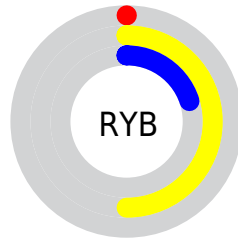
Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (50%)

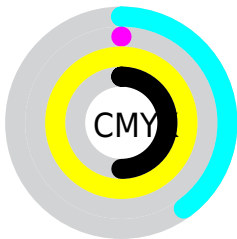
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (20%)

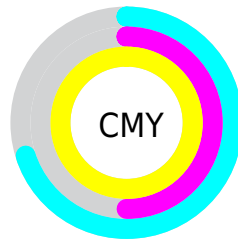


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (70%)


Magenta (50%)

Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 62.732, 123.895 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 62.732, 123.895 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 62.732,
123.895


 48, 62.732,
123.895


 100, 62.732,
123.895


 38, 62.732,
123.895

 68, 62.732,
123.895


 28, 62.732,
123.895

 78, 62.732,
123.895

 18, 62.732,
123.895

 88, 62.732,
123.895

 8, 62.732, 123.895

 98, 62.732,
123.895

 0, 62.732, 123.895

 48, 62.732,

 48, 62.732,

123.895

123.895

■ 48, 62.836,
123.916

■ 48, 59.619,
123.198

■ 49, 55.558,
122.749

■ 49, 50.281,
122.672

■ 50, 44.095,
122.857

■ 50, 37.288,
123.207

■ 51, 30.080,
123.650

■ 51, 22.629,
124.136

■ 52, 15.043,
124.635

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 62.732, 123.895



17, 75.638, 310.236

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 62.732, 123.895



48, 62.732, 173.895



48, 62.732, 303.895



48, 62.732, 353.895

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 62.732, 123.896



65, 28.384, 124.085



32, 52.646, 54.329



34, 19.482, 123.910



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 62.732, 123.896



62, 76.424, 124.296



46, 70.818, 135.377



27, 4.316, 125.157



48, 62.922, 123.919



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 75.638, 310.236



23, 92.182, 309.989



27, 69.395, 324.476



25, 4.383, 306.004



17, 75.914, 310.240



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 62.732, 123.895 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 62.732, 123.895 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

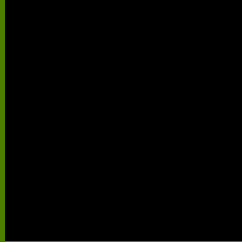
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 62.732, 123.895

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 62.732, 123.895.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 62.732, 123.895.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 62.732, 123.895

Deuteranopia

48, 48.379, 82.896

Tritanopia

48, 11.301, 230.162

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 62.732, 123.895

Deuteranomaly
47, 50.341, 101.094

Tritanomaly
47, 27.124, 139.782

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 62.732, 123.895

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
43, 28.206, 123.987

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 62.732, 123.895 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 127, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 127, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 127, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 127, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 62.732, 123.895 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 127, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 127, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 127, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 127, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 127, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 127, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 62.732, 123.895 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 127, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 127,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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