

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 7.533, 331.695)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 7.533, 331.695) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 7.917, 332.246)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B6E78
RGB	123, 110, 120
RGB Percent	48%, 43%, 47%
CMY	0.5167, 0.5677, 0.5285
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.02, 0.52
HSL	314°, 6%, 46%
HSV	314°, 11%, 48%
XYZ	17.2100, 16.7945, 20.1811
YIQ	115.0270, 4.5380, 5.8660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

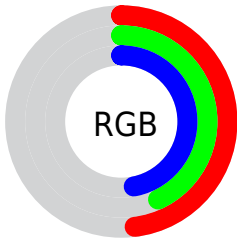
Format	Color
R_{YB}	123, 110, 120
Decimal	8089208
CIE Lab	48.00, 7.01, -3.69
CIE LCh	48, 7.917, 332.246
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3176, 0.3099
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286279288 (0xFF7B6E78)
YUV	115.0270, 2.4517, 6.9923
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 3.2443, -0.5107

Details

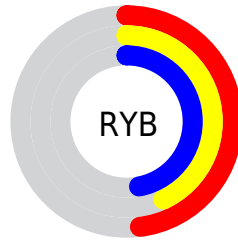
The CIELCh color $48, 7.917, 332.246$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $50, 7.886, 150.983$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 7.409, 332.054$, and $28, 8.376, 330.258$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 15.494, 332.899$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 0.415, 331.128$.

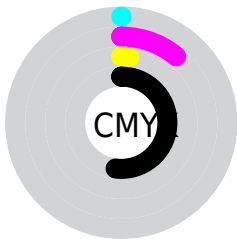
Distribution



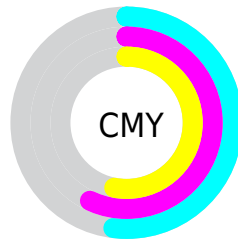
- Red (48%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 7.917, 332.246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 7.917, 332.246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48, 7.917, 332.246

■ 48, 7.917, 332.246

■ 100, 7.917,
332.246

■ 38, 7.917, 332.246

■ 68, 7.917, 332.246

■ 28, 7.917, 332.246

■ 78, 7.917, 332.246

■ 18, 7.917, 332.246

■ 88, 7.917, 332.246

■ 8, 7.917, 332.246

■ 98, 7.917, 332.246

■ 0, 7.917, 332.246

■ 48, 7.917, 332.246

■ 48, 7.917, 332.246

■ 45, 15.494,
332.899

■ 52, 0.415, 331.128

■ 41, 23.044,

■ 55, 6.941, 151.114

333.570

59, 14.115,
150.543

38, 30.408,
334.268

62, 21.086,
150.011

35, 37.369,
334.998

66, 27.850,
149.509

33, 43.651,
335.770

70, 34.409,
149.035

31, 48.935,
336.599

73, 40.770,
148.588

29, 52.913,
337.510

77, 46.943,
148.166

28, 55.366,
338.541

81, 52.941,
147.768

27, 56.802,
339.590

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 7.917, 332.246



50, 7.886, 150.983

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 7.917, 332.246



48, 7.917, 22.246



48, 7.917, 152.246



48, 7.917, 202.246

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 7.915, 332.247



65, 2.783, 331.719



47, 7.799, 299.334



34, 2.127, 331.782



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 7.915, 332.247



60, 12.136, 332.427



48, 5.773, 358.035



24, 4.198, 332.150



27, 57.353, 339.610



57, 95.717, 340.384

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 7.915, 332.247



60, 12.136, 332.427



51, 5.598, 176.254



24, 4.198, 332.150



27, 57.353, 339.610



57, 95.717, 340.384

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 7.917, 332.246 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 7.917, 332.246 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

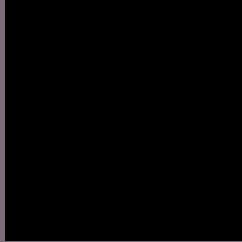
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 7.917, 332.246

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 7.917, 332.246.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 7.917, 332.246.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


48, 7.917, 332.246

Protanopia

48, 5.333, 295.127

Deuteranopia

48, 6.939, 330.398



Tritanopia
48, 7.494, 335.263

Trichromacy



Original Color

48, 7.917, 332.246

Protanomaly

48, 5.700, 311.270

Deuteranomaly

48, 6.939, 330.398

Tritanomaly

48, 7.494, 335.263

Monochromacy



Original Color

48, 7.917, 332.246

Achromatopsia

48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

48, 3.123, 330.710

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 7.917, 332.246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 110, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 110, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 110, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 110, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 7.917, 332.246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 110, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 110, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 110, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 110, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 110, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 110,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 7.917, 332.246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 110, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
110, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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