

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 7.894, 359.169)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 7.894, 359.169) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 7.987, 358.812)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 7F6D72 |
| RGB | 127, 109, 114 |
| RGB Percent | 50%, 43%, 45% |
| CMY | 0.5003, 0.5709, 0.5513 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.14, 0.10, 0.50 |
| HSL | 343°, 8%, 46% |
| HSV | 343°, 14%, 50% |
| XYZ | 17.3893, 16.7945, 18.3688 |
| YIQ | 114.9520, 9.1230, 5.3710 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

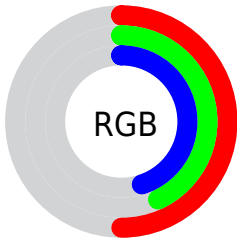
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 127, 109, 114 |
| Decimal | 8351090 |
| CIE Lab | 48.00, 7.99, -0.17 |
| CIE LCh | 48, 7.987, 358.812 |
| Yxy | 16.7945, 0.3309, 0.3196 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286541170 (0xFF7F6D72) |
| YUV | 114.9520, -0.4693, 10.5661 |
| Hunter-Lab | 40.9810, 4.0254, 2.1114 |

Details

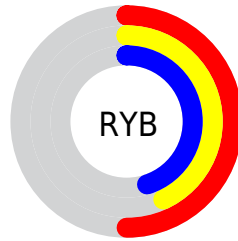
The CIELCh color $48, 7.987, 358.812$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $52, 7.657, 176.309$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 7.805, 359.509$, and $28, 8.375, 358.359$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44, 13.897, 359.955$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 2.288, 357.742$.

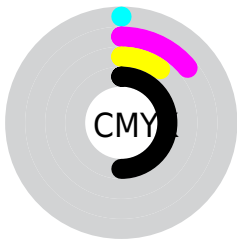
Distribution



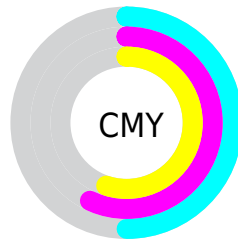
- Red (50%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 7.987, 358.812 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 7.987, 358.812 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48, 7.987, 358.812

■ 48, 7.987, 358.812

■ 100, 7.987,
358.812

■ 38, 7.987, 358.812

■ 68, 7.987, 358.812

■ 28, 7.987, 358.812

■ 78, 7.987, 358.812

■ 18, 7.987, 358.812

■ 88, 7.987, 358.812

■ 8, 7.987, 358.812

■ 98, 7.987, 358.812

■ 0, 7.987, 358.812

■ 48, 7.987, 358.812

■ 48, 7.987, 358.812

■ 44, 13.897,
359.955

■ 52, 2.288, 357.742

■ 41, 19.960, 1.276

■ 56, 3.166, 177.156

37, 26.066, 2.854

59, 8.372, 176.333

34, 32.050, 4.777

63, 13.334,
175.640

32, 37.688, 7.163

67, 18.067,
175.021

29, 42.733, 10.156

28, 46.982, 13.904

71, 22.588,
174.458

26, 50.406, 18.466

75, 26.916,
173.944

26, 52.434, 21.123

79, 31.068,
173.471

83, 35.061,
173.034

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 7.987, 358.812



52, 7.657, 176.309

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 7.987, 358.812



48, 7.987, 48.812



48, 7.987, 178.812



48, 7.987, 228.812

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 7.985, 358.818



66, 2.745, 357.737



48, 11.832, 316.821



34, 1.969, 357.819



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 7.985, 358.818



60, 11.987, 359.173



49, 6.337, 41.029



25, 3.153, 358.290



26, 52.457, 21.127



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 7.985, 358.818



60, 11.987, 359.173



51, 5.819, 222.031



25, 3.153, 358.290



26, 52.457, 21.127



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 7.987, 358.812 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 7.987, 358.812 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

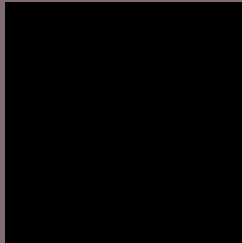
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 7.987, 358.812

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 7.987, 358.812.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 7.987, 358.812.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 7.987, 358.812

Protanopia

48, 2.507, 309.178

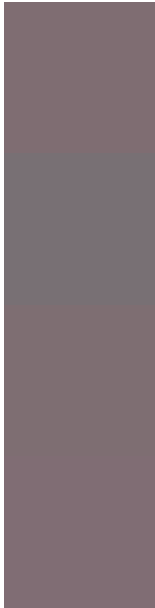
Deuteranopia

48, 6.612, 359.373



Tritanopia
48, 9.093, 349.414

Trichromacy



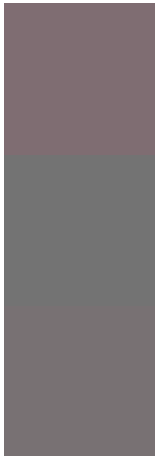
Original Color
48, 7.987, 358.812

Protanomaly
48, 4.033, 344.106

Deuteranomaly
48, 7.004, 0.652

Tritanomaly
48, 8.821, 352.722

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 7.987, 358.812

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 3.097, 357.369

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 7.987, 358.812 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 109, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 109, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 109, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 109, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 7.987, 358.812 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 109, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 109, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 109, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 109, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 109, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 109,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 7.987, 358.812 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 109, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
109, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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