

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 70.218, 132.227)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 70.218, 132.227)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 69.721, 132.369)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A8300
RGB	42, 131, 0
RGB Percent	16%, 51%, 0%
CMY	0.8341, 0.4854, 0.9985
CMYK	0.68, 0.00, 1.00, 0.49
HSL	101°, 99%, 26%
HSV	101°, 100%, 51%
XYZ	9.1166, 16.7945, 2.7717
YIQ	89.4550, -10.9930, -59.6090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

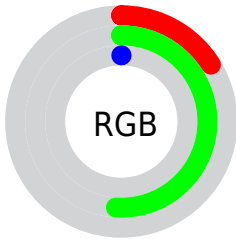
Format	Color
RYB	0, 131, 89
Decimal	2786048
CIELab	48.00, -46.99, 51.51
CIELCh	48, 69.721, 132.369
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3178, 0.5855
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280976128 (0xFF2A8300)
YUV	89.4550, -44.1013, -41.6180
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -32.0078, 24.6767

Details

The CIELCh color **48, 69.721, 132.369** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **23, 73.190, 317.016**, and the grayscale version is **38, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 69.679, 132.523**, and **29, 51.658, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 69.818, 132.376**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48, 66.279, 131.970**.

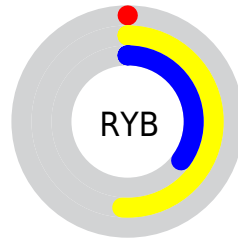
Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (51%)

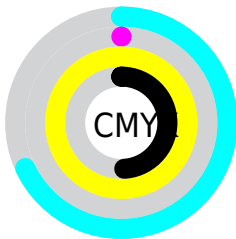
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (35%)

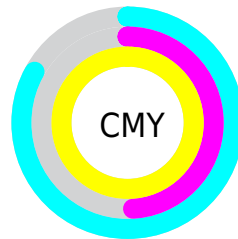


Cyan (68%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (83%)

Magenta (49%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 69.721, 132.369 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 69.721, 132.369 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 69.721,
132.369


 48, 69.721,
132.369


 100, 69.721,
132.369


 38, 69.721,
132.369

 68, 69.721,
132.369


 28, 69.721,
132.369

 78, 69.721,
132.369

 18, 69.721,
132.369

 88, 69.721,
132.369

 8, 69.721, 132.369

 98, 69.721,
132.369

 0, 69.721, 132.369

 48, 69.721,

 48, 69.721,

132.369

132.369

■ 48, 69.818,
132.376

■ 48, 66.279,
131.970

■ 49, 61.712,
131.758

■ 49, 55.809,
131.886

■ 50, 48.904,
132.237

■ 50, 41.311,
132.708

■ 51, 33.280,
133.227

■ 52, 24.992,
133.746

■ 53, 16.583,
134.242

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 69.721, 132.369



23, 73.190, 317.016

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 69.721, 132.369



48, 69.721, 182.369



48, 69.721, 312.369



48, 69.721, 2.369

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 69.721, 132.370



66, 31.298, 133.697



41, 50.345, 76.573



34, 21.498, 133.510



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 69.721, 132.370



62, 84.989, 132.687



47, 69.050, 138.385



27, 4.769, 134.730



48, 69.352, 132.364



1, 1.141, 135.087

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 73.190, 317.016



31, 89.012, 316.785



29, 62.153, 335.909



26, 4.808, 315.434



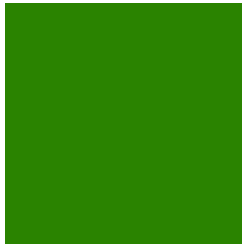
23, 72.813, 317.015



0, 1.141, 315.084

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 69.721, 132.369 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 69.721, 132.369 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 69.721, 132.369

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 69.721, 132.369.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 69.721, 132.369.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 69.721, 132.369

Protanopia

48, 53.971, 95.537

Deuteranopia

48, 47.307, 82.594



Tritanopia
48, 18.897, 215.990

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 69.721, 132.369

Protanomaly
47, 56.754, 113.855

Deuteranomaly
46, 50.389, 108.823

Tritanomaly
47, 35.200, 152.914

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 69.721, 132.369

Achromatopsia
38, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 31.662, 132.575

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 69.721, 132.369 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 131, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 131, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 131, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 131, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 69.721, 132.369 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 131, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 131, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(42, 131, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 131, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 131, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 131, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 69.721, 132.369 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 131, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 131,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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