

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 73.372, 135.922)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 73.372, 135.922)
contains.

CIELCh(48, 73.470, 135.876)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(48, 73.470, 135.876)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	058501
RGB	5, 133, 1
RGB Percent	2%, 52%, 0%
CMY	0.9810, 0.4786, 0.9964
CMYK	0.96, 0.00, 0.99, 0.48
HSL	118°, 99%, 26%
HSV	118°, 99%, 52%
XYZ	8.4462, 16.7945, 2.8230
YIQ	79.6800, -33.9160, -68.1880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

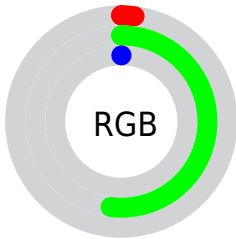
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 133, 129
Decimal	361729
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, -52.74, 51.15
CIE _{LCh}	48, 73.470, 135.876
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3010, 0.5984
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278551809 (0xFF058501)
YUV	79.6800, -38.7892, -65.4944
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -34.9281, 24.6026

Details

The CIELCh color **48, 73.470, 135.876** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **30, 71.182, 327.097**, and the grayscale version is **34, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 73.337, 135.741**, and **29, 52.535, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 73.664, 135.834**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48, 70.635, 136.409**.

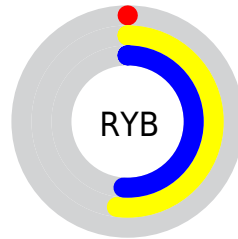
Distribution



Red (2%)

Green (52%)

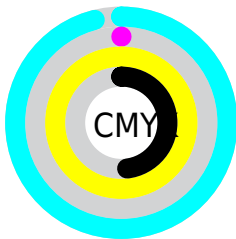
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (51%)

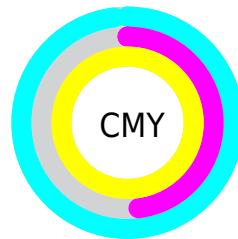


Cyan (96%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (98%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 73.470, 135.876 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 73.470, 135.876 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 73.470,
135.876


 48, 73.470,
135.876


 100, 73.470,
135.876

 38, 73.470,
135.876

 68, 73.470,
135.876


 28, 73.470,
135.876

 78, 73.470,
135.876

 18, 73.470,
135.876

 88, 73.470,
135.876

 8, 73.470, 135.876

 98, 73.470,
135.876

 0, 73.470, 135.876

 48, 73.470,

 48, 73.470,

135.876

135.876

■ 48, 73.664,
135.834

■ 48, 70.635,
136.409

■ 48, 66.372,
137.097

■ 49, 60.477,
138.009

■ 49, 53.294,
139.017

■ 50, 45.173,
140.019

■ 51, 36.420,
140.954

■ 52, 27.285,
141.792

■ 53, 17.966,
142.528

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 73.470, 135.876



30, 71.182, 327.097

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 73.470, 135.876



48, 73.470, 185.876



48, 73.470, 315.876



48, 73.470, 5.876

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 73.470, 135.877



66, 34.695, 141.682



52, 58.172, 100.800



34, 23.538, 141.389



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 73.470, 135.877



62, 89.539, 135.884



48, 55.725, 148.338



27, 5.213, 143.181



47, 72.493, 135.829



1, 1.244, 143.655

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 71.182, 327.097



40, 86.667, 327.074



28, 52.693, 357.507



26, 5.224, 324.095



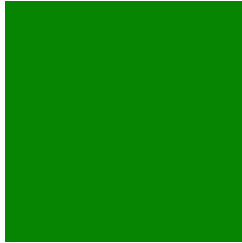
30, 70.218, 327.102



0, 1.244, 323.650

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 73.470, 135.876 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

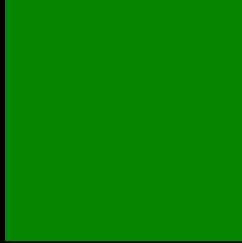
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 73.470, 135.876 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

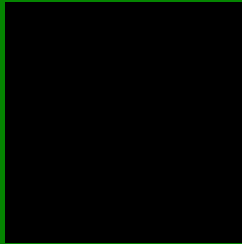
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 73.470, 135.876

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 73.470, 135.876.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 73.470, 135.876.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 73.470, 135.876

Protanopia

48, 53.971, 95.537

Deuteranopia

48, 46.935, 82.485



Tritanopia
48, 21.866, 213.128

Trichromacy



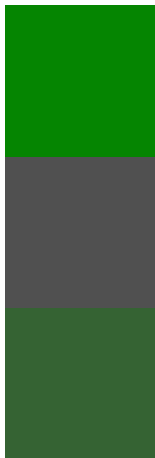
Original Color
48, 73.470, 135.876

Protanomaly
46, 58.935, 120.013

Deuteranomaly
46, 51.640, 115.983

Tritanomaly
47, 39.417, 157.896

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 73.470, 135.876

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
38, 34.857, 139.988

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 73.470, 135.876 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(5, 133, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(5, 133, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 133, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(5, 133, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 73.470, 135.876 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(5, 133, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(5, 133, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(5, 133, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(5, 133, 1); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 133, 1); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 133, 1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 73.470, 135.876 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(5, 133, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(5, 133,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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