

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 73.641, 135.950)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 73.641, 135.950)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 73.564, 135.968)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	038501
RGB	3, 133, 1
RGB Percent	1%, 52%, 0%
CMY	0.9883, 0.4784, 0.9961
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 0.99, 0.48
HSL	119°, 99%, 26%
HSV	119°, 99%, 52%
XYZ	8.4292, 16.7945, 2.8257
YIQ	79.0820, -35.1080, -68.6120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

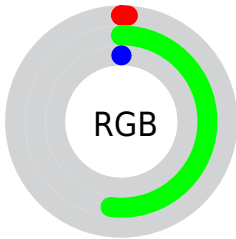
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 133, 131
Decimal	230657
CIE Lab	48.00, -52.89, 51.13
CIE LCh	48, 73.564, 135.968
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3005, 0.5987
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278420737 (0xFF038501)
YUV	79.0820, -38.4944, -66.7239
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -35.0020, 24.5986

Details

The CIELCh color **48, 73.564, 135.968** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **31, 71.139, 327.651**, and the grayscale version is **34, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 73.494, 135.912**, and **29, 52.535, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 73.772, 135.924**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48, 70.749, 136.526**.

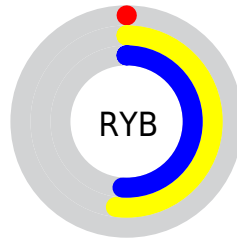
Distribution



Red (1%)

Green (52%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (51%)

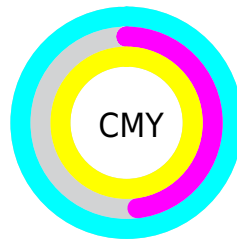


Cyan (98%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (99%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 73.564, 135.968 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 73.564, 135.968 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 73.564,
135.968


 48, 73.564,
135.968


 100, 73.564,
135.968

 38, 73.564,
135.968

 68, 73.564,
135.968


 28, 73.564,
135.968

 78, 73.564,
135.968

 18, 73.564,
135.968

 88, 73.564,
135.968

 8, 73.564, 135.968

 98, 73.564,
135.968

 0, 73.564, 135.968

 48, 73.564,

 48, 73.564,

135.968

135.968

■ 48, 73.772,
135.924

■ 48, 70.749,
136.526

■ 48, 66.521,
137.271

■ 49, 60.646,
138.234

■ 49, 53.466,
139.286

■ 50, 45.331,
140.323

■ 51, 36.549,
141.286

■ 52, 27.375,
142.146

■ 53, 18.010,
142.898

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 73.564, 135.968



31, 71.139, 327.651

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 73.564, 135.968



48, 73.564, 185.968



48, 73.564, 315.968



48, 73.564, 5.968

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 73.564, 135.969



66, 34.857, 142.029



53, 58.870, 101.854



34, 23.647, 141.729



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 73.564, 135.969



62, 89.620, 135.949



48, 54.812, 149.143



27, 5.238, 143.561



47, 72.585, 135.921



1, 1.250, 144.045

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 71.139, 327.651



41, 86.603, 327.643



28, 52.457, 358.980



26, 5.247, 324.494



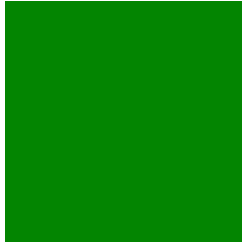
30, 70.168, 327.658



0, 1.250, 324.041

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 73.564, 135.968 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 73.564, 135.968 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 73.564, 135.968

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 73.564, 135.968.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 73.564, 135.968.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
48, 73.564, 135.968

Protanopia
48, 53.971, 95.537

Deuteranopia
48, 46.935, 82.485



Tritanopia
48, 21.866, 213.128

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 73.564, 135.968

Protanomaly
46, 58.935, 120.013

Deuteranomaly
46, 51.754, 116.465

Tritanomaly
47, 39.417, 157.896

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 73.564, 135.968

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
38, 35.283, 140.862

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 73.564, 135.968 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(3, 133, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(3, 133, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 133, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(3, 133, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 73.564, 135.968 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(3, 133, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(3, 133, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(3, 133, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(3, 133, 1); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 133, 1); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 133, 1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 73.564, 135.968 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(3, 133, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(3, 133,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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