

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 77.389, 25.337)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 77.389, 25.337) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 77.403, 25.304)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DE1E3F
RGB	222, 30, 63
RGB Percent	87%, 12%, 25%
CMY	0.1298, 0.8828, 0.7532
CMYK	0.00, 0.87, 0.72, 0.13
HSL	350°, 76%, 49%
HSV	350°, 87%, 87%
XYZ	31.4520, 16.7945, 6.2770
YIQ	91.1700, 103.8390, 50.9670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

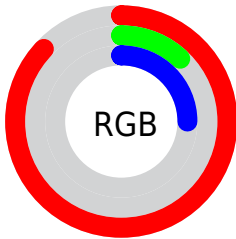
Format	Color
R_{YB}	222, 30, 63
Decimal	14556735
CIE Lab	48.00, 69.98, 33.08
CIE LCh	48, 77.403, 25.304
Yxy	16.7945, 0.5769, 0.3080
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292746815 (0xFFDE1E3F)
YUV	91.1700, -13.8878, 114.7379
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 65.2778, 19.6053

Details

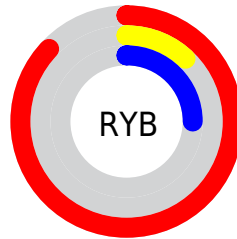
The CIELCh color **48, 77.403, 25.304** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0033**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **80, 51.515, 175.783**, and the grayscale version is **39, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63, 64.831, 22.897**, and **33, 67.477, 33.382** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 83.708, 30.453**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 70.039, 20.730**.

Distribution



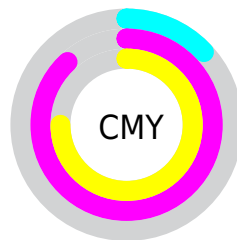
- Red (87%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (75%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 77.403, 25.304 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 77.403, 25.304 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 77.403, 25.304

 48, 77.403, 25.304

 100, 77.403,
25.304

 38, 77.403, 25.304

 68, 77.403, 25.304

 28, 77.403, 25.304

 78, 77.403, 25.304

 18, 77.403, 25.304

 88, 77.403, 25.304

 8, 77.403, 25.304

 98, 77.403, 25.304

 0, 77.403, 25.304

 48, 77.403, 25.304

 48, 77.403, 25.304

 47, 83.708, 30.453

 50, 70.039, 20.730

 47, 85.787, 32.142

 53, 61.650, 16.963

■ 57, 52.453, 13.969

■ 62, 42.802, 11.609

■ 67, 33.049, 9.736

■ 73, 23.474, 8.224

■ 79, 14.252, 6.976

■ 84, 5.478, 5.885

■ 91, 2.814, 185.313

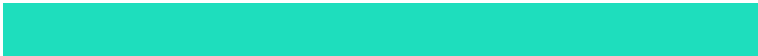
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 77.403, 25.304



80, 51.515, 175.783

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 77.403, 25.304



48, 77.403, 75.304



48, 77.403, 205.304



48, 77.403, 255.304

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 77.400, 25.306



83, 25.724, 8.179



48, 101.467, 321.745



42, 17.584, 8.669



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 77.400, 25.306



53, 95.699, 32.575



55, 74.763, 49.479



44, 4.842, 6.199



37, 71.523, 31.263



6, 25.286, 13.657

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 77.400, 25.306



53, 95.699, 32.575



63, 41.899, 253.164



44, 4.842, 6.199



37, 71.523, 31.263



6, 25.286, 13.657

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 77.403, 25.304 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 77.403, 25.304 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 77.403, 25.304

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 77.403, 25.304.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 77.403, 25.304.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 77.403, 25.304

Protanopia

48, 14.358, 95.926

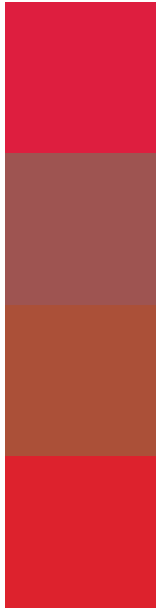
Deuteranopia

48, 36.801, 79.956



Tritanopia
48, 83.077, 35.791

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 77.403, 25.304

Protanomaly
45, 33.975, 27.198

Deuteranomaly
45, 47.497, 41.658

Tritanomaly
48, 80.824, 32.328

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 77.403, 25.304

Achromatopsia
39, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
38, 31.719, 12.114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 77.403, 25.304 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 30, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(222, 30, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 30, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 30, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 77.403, 25.304 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 30, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 30, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 30, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 30, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 30, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 30,  
63) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 77.403, 25.304 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 30, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222, 30,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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