

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 77.725, 15.435)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 77.725, 15.435) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 77.507, 15.181)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | E10554 |
| RGB | 225, 5, 84 |
| RGB Percent | 88%, 2%, 33% |
| CMY | 0.1167, 0.9809, 0.6699 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.98, 0.63, 0.12 |
| HSL | 338°, 96%, 45% |
| HSV | 338°, 98%, 88% |
| XYZ | 32.7871, 16.7945, 9.9379 |
| YIQ | 79.7860, 105.7610, 71.2090 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

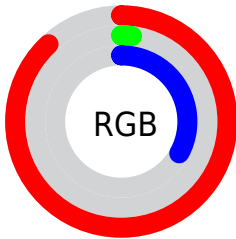
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 225, 5, 84 |
| Decimal | 14746964 |
| CIE Lab | 48.00, 74.80, 20.30 |
| CIE LCh | 48, 77.507, 15.181 |
| Yxy | 16.7945, 0.5509, 0.2822 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4292937044 (0xFFE10554) |
| YUV | 79.7860, 2.0775, 127.3527 |
| Hunter-Lab | 40.9810, 71.0931, 14.3089 |

Details

The CIELCh color **48, 77.507, 15.181** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3366**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **80, 68.859, 157.581**, and the grayscale version is **34, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 65.430, 10.314**, and **34, 63.991, 25.110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 78.175, 16.318**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49, 74.298, 10.098**.

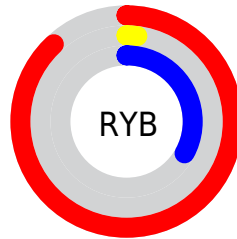
Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (2%)

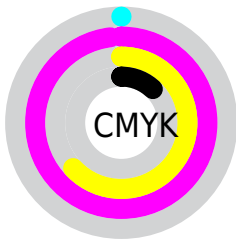
Blue (33%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (2%)

Blue (33%)

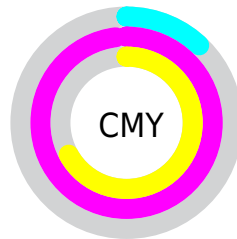


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (98%)

Yellow (63%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (98%)

Yellow (67%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 77.507, 15.181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 77.507, 15.181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 77.507, 15.181

 48, 77.507, 15.181

 100, 77.507,
15.181

 38, 77.507, 15.181

 68, 77.507, 15.181

 28, 77.507, 15.181

 78, 77.507, 15.181

 18, 77.507, 15.181

 88, 77.507, 15.181

 8, 77.507, 15.181

 98, 77.507, 15.181

 0, 77.507, 15.181

 48, 77.507, 15.181

 48, 77.507, 15.181

 48, 78.175, 16.318

 49, 74.298, 10.098

 51, 69.579, 5.931

■ 54, 63.110, 2.637

■ 58, 55.131, 0.042

■ 63, 46.090,
357.973

■ 68, 36.454,
356.287

■ 73, 26.607,
354.881

■ 79, 16.821,
353.677

■ 85, 7.267, 352.604

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 77.507, 15.181



80, 68.859, 157.581

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 77.507, 15.181



48, 77.507, 65.181



48, 77.507, 195.181



48, 77.507, 245.181

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 77.503, 15.183



81, 30.701, 355.059



40, 109.805, 315.358



41, 21.147, 355.647



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 77.503, 15.183



54, 85.990, 16.741



49, 91.488, 41.316



44, 5.265, 352.773



37, 64.786, 15.321



6, 25.517, 4.268

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 77.503, 15.183



54, 85.990, 16.741



73, 39.770, 220.917



44, 5.265, 352.773



37, 64.786, 15.321



6, 25.517, 4.268

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 77.507, 15.181 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 77.507, 15.181 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 77.507, 15.181

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 77.507, 15.181.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 77.507, 15.181.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 77.439, 15.223

Protanopia

49, 4.709, 290.811

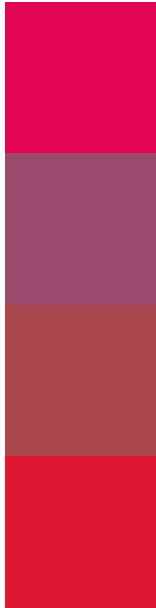
Deuteranopia

48, 25.254, 75.055



Tritanopia
48, 85.636, 36.588

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 77.439, 15.223

Protanomaly
43, 37.534, 353.932

Deuteranomaly
44, 44.081, 22.322

Tritanomaly
48, 81.937, 29.702

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 77.439, 15.223

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
34, 37.349, 359.841

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 77.507, 15.181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 5, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 5, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 5, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 5, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 77.507, 15.181 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 5, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 5, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 5, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 5, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 5, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 5, 84)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 77.507, 15.181 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 5, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225, 5,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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