

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 89.195, 293.394)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 89.195, 293.394)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 89.209, 293.396)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0A66FF
RGB	10, 102, 255
RGB Percent	4%, 40%, 100%
CMY	0.9597, 0.5999, 0.0000
CMYK	0.96, 0.60, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	218°, 100%, 52%
HSV	218°, 96%, 100%
XYZ	22.9353, 16.7945, 96.6631
YIQ	91.9340, -103.9450, 28.0790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

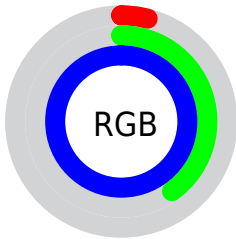
Format	Color
R _Y B	10, 77, 255
Decimal	681727
CIE Lab	48.00, 35.42, -81.87
CIE LCh	48, 89.209, 293.396
Yxy	16.7945, 0.1682, 0.1231
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278871807 (0xFF0A66FF)
YUV	91.9340, 80.3915, -71.8561
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 28.1820, -111.1623

Details

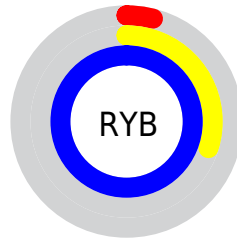
The CIELCh color **48, 89.209, 293.396** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **75, 81.440, 72.173**, and the grayscale version is **39, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64, 57.506, 286.665**, and **32, 86.474, 299.019** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 93.260, 294.886**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 79.132, 289.483**.

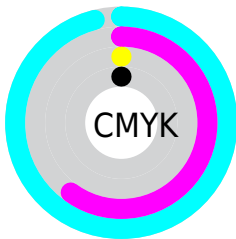
Distribution



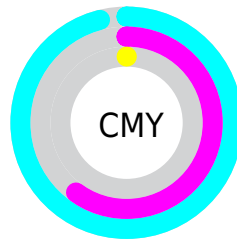
- Red (4%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 89.209, 293.396 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 89.209, 293.396 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 89.209,
293.396


 48, 89.209,
293.396


 100, 89.209,
293.396


 38, 89.209,
293.396

 68, 89.209,
293.396


 28, 89.209,
293.396

 78, 89.209,
293.396

 18, 89.209,
293.396


 88, 89.209,
293.396

 8, 89.209, 293.396

 98, 89.209,
293.396

 0, 89.209, 293.396

 48, 89.209,

 48, 89.209,

293.396

■ 46, 93.260,
294.886

293.396

■ 52, 79.132,
289.483

■ 57, 69.252,
285.642

■ 63, 59.630,
282.069

■ 68, 50.237,
278.875

■ 74, 41.019,
276.090

■ 79, 31.928,
273.700

■ 85, 22.938,
271.665

■ 91, 14.039,
269.938

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 89.209, 293.396



75, 81.440, 72.173

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 89.209, 293.396



48, 89.209, 343.396



48, 89.209, 113.396



48, 89.209, 163.396

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 89.195, 293.394



83, 25.649, 272.246



89, 77.264, 156.275



42, 17.637, 273.116



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 89.195, 293.394



46, 93.260, 294.886



34, 131.210, 306.492



50, 4.982, 268.970



35, 73.741, 294.201



9, 29.589, 288.699

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 84.412, 13.126



54, 85.566, 15.282



95, 97.102, 109.900



50, 5.900, 351.816



41, 68.709, 14.238



10, 31.283, 6.931

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 89.209, 293.396 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

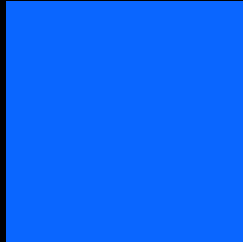
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 89.209, 293.396 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

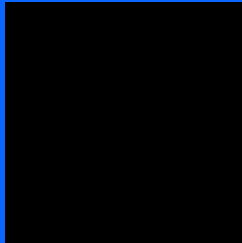
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

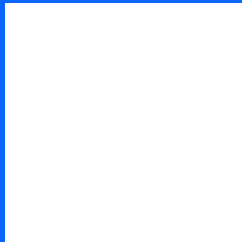
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 89.209, 293.396

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 89.209, 293.396.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 89.209, 293.396.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 89.209, 293.396

Protanopia

48, 71.914, 287.379

Deuteranopia

48, 50.319, 274.513



Tritanopia
48, 28.876, 204.902

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 89.209, 293.396

Protanomaly
48, 78.638, 290.092

Deuteranomaly
48, 64.181, 284.052

Tritanomaly
47, 39.653, 263.075

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 89.209, 293.396

Achromatopsia
39, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 34.208, 278.569

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 89.209, 293.396 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(10, 102, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(10, 102, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(10, 102, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(10, 102, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 89.209, 293.396 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(10, 102, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(10, 102, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(10, 102, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(10, 102, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 102, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 102,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 89.209, 293.396 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(10, 102, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(10, 102,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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