

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 9.048, 293.287)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 9.048, 293.287) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 8.850, 291.360)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	717180
RGB	113, 113, 128
RGB Percent	44%, 44%, 50%
CMY	0.5579, 0.5579, 0.4991
CMYK	0.12, 0.12, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	240°, 6%, 47%
HSV	240°, 12%, 50%
XYZ	16.5288, 16.7945, 22.6976
YIQ	114.7100, -4.8150, 4.6650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

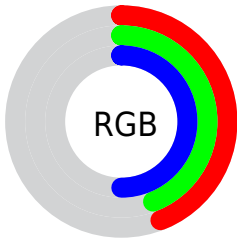
Format	Color
RYB	113, 113, 128
Decimal	7434624
CIELab	48.00, 3.22, -8.24
CIELCh	48, 8.850, 291.360
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2950, 0.2998
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285624704 (0xFF717180)
YUV	114.7100, 6.5520, -1.4997
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 0.2770, -4.1514

Details

The CIELCh color **48, 8.850, 291.360** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **53, 8.623, 109.084**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 8.817, 291.079**, and **28, 9.076, 291.929** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 16.710, 292.547**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 1.292, 290.369**.

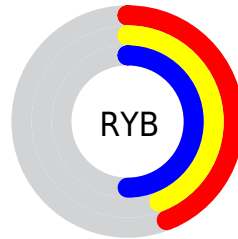
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (44%)

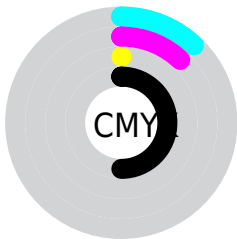
Blue (50%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (50%)

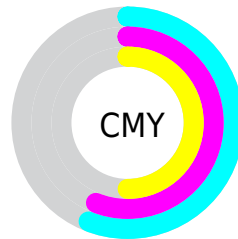


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 8.850, 291.360 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 8.850, 291.360 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48, 8.850, 291.360

■ 48, 8.850, 291.360

■ 100, 8.850,
291.360

■ 38, 8.850, 291.360

■ 68, 8.850, 291.360

■ 28, 8.850, 291.360

■ 78, 8.850, 291.360

■ 18, 8.850, 291.360

■ 88, 8.850, 291.360

■ 8, 8.850, 291.360

■ 98, 8.850, 291.360

■ 0, 8.850, 291.360

■ 48, 8.850, 291.360

■ 48, 8.850, 291.360

■ 43, 16.710,
292.547

■ 53, 1.292, 290.369

■ 39, 24.896,

■ 57, 5.984, 109.457

293.943

62, 12.999,
108.718

34, 33.424,
295.564

66, 19.771,
108.080

29, 42.280,
297.415

71, 26.318,
107.530

25, 51.372,
299.461

75, 32.652,
107.054

21, 60.425,
301.594

80, 38.789,
106.639

17, 68.814,
303.605

84, 44.739,
106.277

15, 75.476,
305.192

89, 50.515,
105.959

13, 80.140,
306.284

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 8.850, 291.360



53, 8.623, 109.084

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 8.850, 291.360



48, 8.850, 341.360



48, 8.850, 111.360



48, 8.850, 161.360

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 8.849, 291.356



66, 3.682, 290.573



52, 5.798, 197.424



34, 2.640, 290.636



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 8.849, 291.356



60, 13.124, 291.646



49, 9.315, 308.993



24, 4.221, 291.073



13, 80.038, 306.284



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 6.217, 20.065



61, 9.266, 20.267



52, 9.163, 127.985



25, 2.951, 19.863



25, 61.097, 38.341



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 8.850, 291.360 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 8.850, 291.360 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

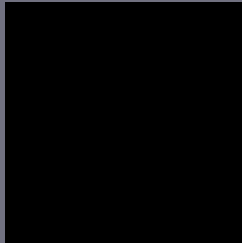
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

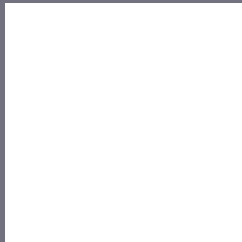
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 8.850, 291.360

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 8.850, 291.360.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 8.850, 291.360.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


48, 8.850, 291.360

Protanopia

48, 8.852, 288.878

Deuteranopia

48, 10.444, 306.569



Tritanopia
48, 5.349, 282.493

Trichromacy



Original Color

48, 8.850, 291.360

Protanomaly

48, 8.852, 288.878

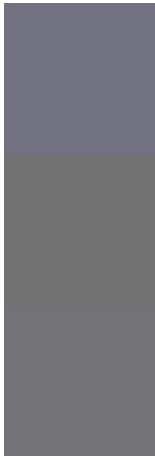
Deuteranomaly

48, 9.598, 300.702

Tritanomaly

48, 6.516, 284.209

Monochromacy



Original Color

48, 8.850, 291.360

Achromatopsia

48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

48, 2.950, 290.586

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 8.850, 291.360 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 113, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 113, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 113, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 113, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 8.850, 291.360 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 113, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 113, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 113, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 113, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 113, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 113,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 8.850, 291.360 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 113, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
113, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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