

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 9.512, 287.345)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 9.512, 287.345) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 9.457, 286.814)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F7181
RGB	111, 113, 129
RGB Percent	44%, 44%, 51%
CMY	0.5645, 0.5566, 0.4939
CMYK	0.14, 0.12, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	233°, 7%, 47%
HSV	233°, 14%, 51%
XYZ	16.4422, 16.7945, 23.1663
YIQ	114.2260, -6.3280, 4.5520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

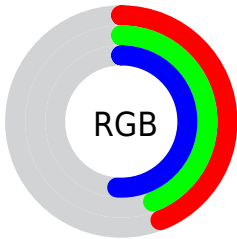
Format	Color
R_{YB}	111, 113, 129
Decimal	7303553
CIE Lab	48.00, 2.74, -9.05
CIE LCh	48, 9.457, 286.814
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2915, 0.2978
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285493633 (0xFF6F7181)
YUV	114.2260, 7.2836, -2.8292
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -0.0998, -4.8295

Details

The CIELCh color **48, 9.457, 286.814** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **53, 9.240, 103.833**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 9.383, 286.715**, and **28, 9.742, 287.282** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 16.514, 288.136**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 2.637, 285.691**.

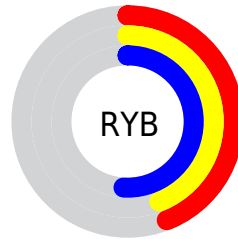
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (44%)

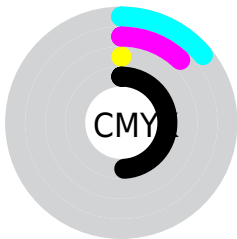
Blue (51%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (51%)

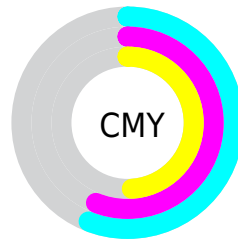


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 9.457, 286.814 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 9.457, 286.814 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48, 9.457, 286.814

■ 48, 9.457, 286.814

■ 100, 9.457,
286.814

■ 38, 9.457, 286.814

■ 68, 9.457, 286.814

■ 28, 9.457, 286.814

■ 78, 9.457, 286.814

■ 18, 9.457, 286.814

■ 88, 9.457, 286.814

■ 8, 9.457, 286.814

■ 98, 9.457, 286.814

■ 0, 9.457, 286.814

■ 48, 9.457, 286.814

■ 48, 9.457, 286.814

■ 44, 16.514,
288.136

■ 52, 2.637, 285.691

■ 39, 23.832,

■ 57, 3.961, 104.660

289.684

61, 10.351,
103.825

35, 31.430,
291.481

65, 16.548,
103.094

31, 39.316,
293.542

69, 22.562,
102.454

27, 47.467,
295.852

73, 28.404,
101.893

23, 55.762,
298.340

77, 34.082,
101.399

19, 63.883,
300.852

82, 39.605,
100.961

16, 71.197,
303.137

86, 44.981,
100.571

15, 74.930,
304.185

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 9.457, 286.814



53, 9.240, 103.833

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 9.457, 286.814



48, 9.457, 336.814



48, 9.457, 106.814



48, 9.457, 156.814

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 9.456, 286.810



67, 3.320, 285.706



53, 7.076, 188.782



34, 2.350, 285.772



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 9.456, 286.810



60, 14.401, 287.244



48, 11.003, 305.600



25, 3.754, 286.239



15, 74.212, 304.161



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 7.558, 11.378



61, 11.565, 11.731



53, 10.753, 124.221



25, 2.979, 10.904



26, 57.852, 33.601



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 9.457, 286.814 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 9.457, 286.814 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

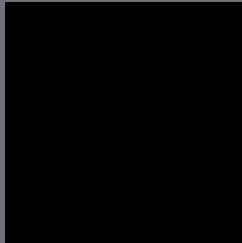
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

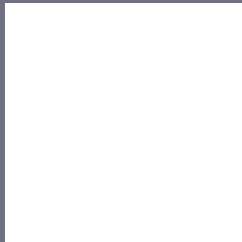
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 9.457, 286.814

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 9.457, 286.814.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 9.457, 286.814.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 9.457, 286.814

Protanopia

48, 9.457, 286.814

Deuteranopia

48, 11.013, 305.797



Tritanopia
48, 5.501, 274.457

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 9.457, 286.814

Protanomaly
48, 9.457, 286.814

Deuteranomaly
48, 10.125, 298.052

Tritanomaly
48, 6.636, 277.582

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 9.457, 286.814

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 2.970, 282.905

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 9.457, 286.814 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 113, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 113, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 113, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 113, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 9.457, 286.814 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 113, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 113, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 113, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 113, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 113, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 113,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 9.457, 286.814 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 113, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
113, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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