

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 91.086, 38.395)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 91.086, 38.395) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 90.859, 38.320)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E21512
RGB	226, 21, 18
RGB Percent	89%, 8%, 7%
CMY	0.1130, 0.9160, 0.9288
CMYK	0.00, 0.91, 0.92, 0.11
HSL	1°, 85%, 48%
HSV	1°, 92%, 89%
XYZ	31.8102, 16.7945, 2.1440
YIQ	81.9530, 123.1430, 42.5270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

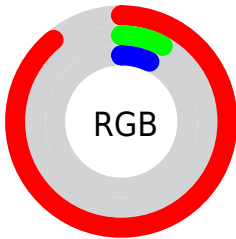
Format	Color
R_{YB}	226, 21, 18
Decimal	14816530
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, 71.28, 56.34
CIE _{LCh}	48, 90.859, 38.320
Yxy	16.7945, 0.6268, 0.3309
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293006610 (0xFFE21512)
YUV	81.9530, -31.5288, 126.3292
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 66.8380, 25.5848

Details

The CIELCh color **48, 90.859, 38.320** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0000**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **81, 44.352, 198.729**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 75.987, 39.102**, and **33, 73.493, 39.709** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 95.317, 40.128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 82.454, 35.210**.

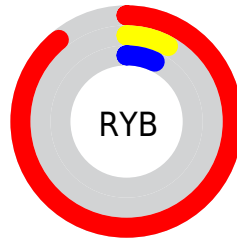
Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (8%)

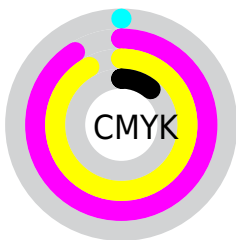
Blue (7%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (8%)

Blue (7%)

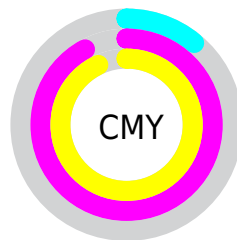


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (91%)

Yellow (92%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (92%)

Yellow (93%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 90.859, 38.320 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 90.859, 38.320 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 90.859, 38.320

 48, 90.859, 38.320

 100, 90.859,
38.320

 38, 90.859, 38.320

 68, 90.859, 38.320

 28, 90.859, 38.320

 78, 90.859, 38.320

 18, 90.859, 38.320

 88, 90.859, 38.320

 8, 90.859, 38.320

 98, 90.859, 38.320

 0, 90.859, 38.320

 48, 90.859, 38.320

 48, 90.859, 38.320

 47, 95.317, 40.128

 50, 82.454, 35.210

 52, 72.178, 31.854

■ 56, 61.199, 28.910

■ 60, 50.087, 26.541

■ 65, 39.212, 24.705

■ 71, 28.821, 23.303

■ 77, 19.059, 22.232

■ 83, 9.980, 21.396

■ 89, 1.581, 20.455

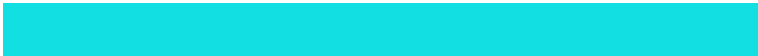
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 90.859, 38.320



81, 44.352, 198.729

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 90.859, 38.320



48, 90.859, 88.320



48, 90.859, 218.320



48, 90.859, 268.320

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 90.856, 38.322



81, 27.421, 22.863



54, 103.993, 328.182



41, 19.244, 23.371



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 90.856, 38.322



53, 104.388, 40.110



62, 74.189, 62.270



44, 4.655, 21.206



37, 78.896, 40.134



6, 25.265, 21.707

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 44.352, 198.729



90, 48.997, 198.896



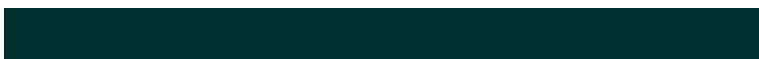
51, 61.427, 281.078



46, 4.383, 200.345



64, 37.112, 198.837



17, 15.298, 198.430

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 90.859, 38.320 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 90.859, 38.320 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 90.859, 38.320

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 90.859, 38.320.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 90.859, 38.320.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 90.859, 38.320

Protanopia

48, 43.403, 95.346

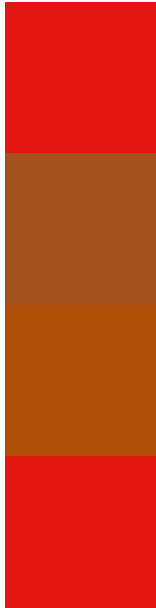
Deuteranopia

48, 55.165, 84.000



Tritanopia
48, 91.932, 39.355

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 90.859, 38.320

Protanomaly
44, 53.413, 54.692

Deuteranomaly
45, 64.527, 55.092

Tritanomaly
48, 91.569, 39.059

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 90.859, 38.320

Achromatopsia
35, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 35.443, 26.797

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 90.859, 38.320 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 21, 18)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 21, 18)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 21, 18) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 21, 18) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 90.859, 38.320 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 21, 18) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 21, 18) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 21, 18)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(226, 21, 18); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 21, 18);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 21,  
18) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 90.859, 38.320 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 21, 18) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226, 21,  
18) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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