

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 91.827, 37.272)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 91.827, 37.272) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 91.656, 37.210)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E40A15
RGB	228, 10, 21
RGB Percent	89%, 4%, 8%
CMY	0.1054, 0.9590, 0.9173
CMYK	0.00, 0.95, 0.91, 0.11
HSL	357°, 91%, 47%
HSV	357°, 95%, 89%
XYZ	32.2834, 16.7945, 2.2542
YIQ	76.4360, 126.3970, 49.6370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

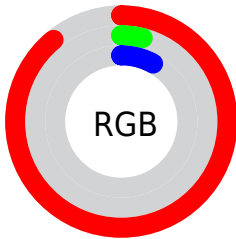
Format	Color
R _Y B	228, 10, 21
Decimal	14944789
CIE Lab	48.00, 73.00, 55.43
CIE LCh	48, 91.656, 37.210
Yxy	16.7945, 0.6289, 0.3272
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293134869 (0xFFE40A15)
YUV	76.4360, -27.3299, 132.9216
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 68.8989, 25.4255

Details

The CIELCh color **48, 91.656, 37.210** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0000**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **82, 47.652, 189.369**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61, 76.081, 37.577**, and **33, 74.214, 39.752** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 94.194, 38.491**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49, 84.117, 33.334**.

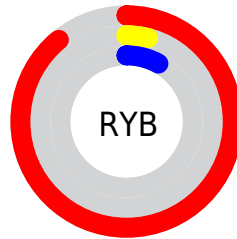
Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (4%)

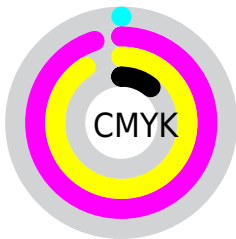
Blue (8%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (4%)

Blue (8%)

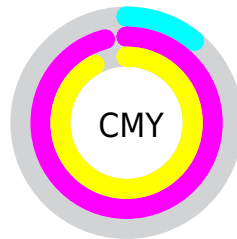


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (95%)

Yellow (91%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (96%)

Yellow (92%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 91.656, 37.210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 91.656, 37.210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 91.656, 37.210

 48, 91.656, 37.210

 100, 91.656,
37.210

 38, 91.656, 37.210

 68, 91.656, 37.210

 28, 91.656, 37.210

 78, 91.656, 37.210

 18, 91.656, 37.210

 88, 91.656, 37.210

 8, 91.656, 37.210

 98, 91.656, 37.210

 0, 91.656, 37.210

 48, 91.656, 37.210

 48, 91.656, 37.210

 48, 94.194, 38.491

 49, 84.117, 33.334

 52, 74.808, 29.305

■ 55, 64.593, 25.783

■ 59, 53.935, 22.933

■ 64, 43.213, 20.699

■ 69, 32.740, 18.965

■ 75, 22.732, 17.610

■ 81, 13.309, 16.533

■ 87, 4.511, 15.601

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 91.656, 37.210



82, 47.652, 189.369

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 91.656, 37.210



48, 91.656, 87.210



48, 91.656, 217.210



48, 91.656, 267.210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 91.653, 37.212



81, 28.751, 18.082



53, 105.655, 326.293



40, 20.008, 18.675



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 91.653, 37.212



53, 102.708, 38.669



59, 77.992, 57.275



45, 4.820, 15.978



37, 77.898, 37.989



6, 26.949, 19.742

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 91.653, 37.212



53, 102.708, 38.669



54, 58.109, 277.241



45, 4.820, 15.978



37, 77.898, 37.989



6, 26.949, 19.742

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 91.656, 37.210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 91.656, 37.210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 91.656, 37.210

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 91.656, 37.210.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 91.656, 37.210.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 91.656, 37.210

Protanopia

49, 41.985, 95.968

Deuteranopia

48, 55.293, 84.612



Tritanopia
48, 94.421, 40.887

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 91.656, 37.210

Protanomaly
44, 52.905, 51.374

Deuteranomaly
44, 64.891, 53.674

Tritanomaly
48, 93.349, 39.586

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 91.656, 37.210

Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
33, 37.403, 23.327

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 91.656, 37.210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 10, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 10, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 10, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 10, 21) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 91.656, 37.210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 10, 21) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 10, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 10, 21)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 10, 21); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 10, 21);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 10,  
21) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 91.656, 37.210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 10, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228, 10,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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