

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 0.615, 340.644)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 0.615, 340.644) contains.

CIELCh(49, 0.722, 324.246)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	19
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	22
<i>CSS Examples</i>	25

Color

CIELCh(49, 0.722, 324.246)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	757475
RGB	117, 116, 117
RGB Percent	46%, 45%, 46%
CMY	0.5407, 0.5446, 0.5407
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	300°, 0%, 46%
HSV	300°, 1%, 46%
XYZ	16.8278, 17.5941, 19.3741
YIQ	116.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

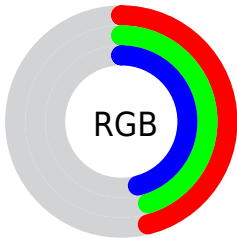
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 116, 117
Decimal	7697525
CIE Lab	49.00, 0.59, -0.42
CIE LCh	49, 0.722, 324.246
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3128, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285887605 (0xFF757475)
YUV	116.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -1.7929, 1.9762

Details

The CIELCh color $49, 0.722, 324.246$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $49, 0.709, 144.643$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 0.677, 324.138$, and $29, 0.789, 324.359$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 9.171, 324.988$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 7.587, 143.997$.

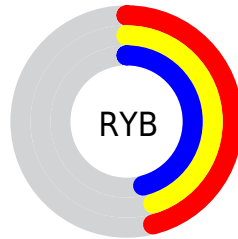
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (45%)

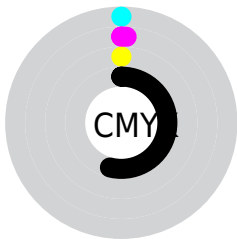
Blue (46%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (46%)

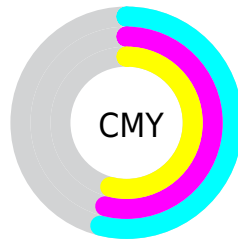


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 0.722, 324.246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 0.722, 324.246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 0.722, 324.246

■ 49, 0.722, 324.246

■ 100, 0.722,
324.246

■ 39, 0.722, 324.246

■ 69, 0.722, 324.246

■ 29, 0.722, 324.246

■ 79, 0.722, 324.246

■ 19, 0.722, 324.246

■ 89, 0.722, 324.246

■ 9, 0.722, 324.246

■ 99, 0.722, 324.246

■ 0, 0.722, 324.246

■ 49, 0.722, 324.246

■ 49, 0.722, 324.246

■ 46, 9.171, 324.988

■ 52, 7.587, 143.997

■ 43, 17.681,
325.517

■ 56, 15.699,
143.489

40, 26.128,
326.030

59, 23.588,
143.007

37, 34.338,
326.518

63, 31.241,
142.551

34, 42.083,
326.968

66, 38.655,
142.119

32, 49.086,
327.366

70, 45.834,
141.714

30, 55.049,
327.696

73, 52.788,
141.334

29, 59.702,
327.948

77, 59.526,
140.980

28, 62.875,
328.118

80, 66.060,
140.650

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 0.722, 324.246



49, 0.709, 144.643

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 0.722, 324.246



49, 0.722, 14.246



49, 0.722, 144.246



49, 0.722, 194.246

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 0.720, 324.244



63, 0.008, 296.813



49, 0.582, 289.671



33, 0.005, 296.813



82, 0.010, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 0.720, 324.244



63, 1.051, 324.294



49, 0.511, 342.301



25, 0.476, 324.261



28, 67.130, 328.232



59, 113.811, 328.232

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 0.404, 18.533



63, 0.590, 18.699



49, 0.502, 163.237



25, 0.267, 18.588



24, 59.042, 37.987



52, 102.986, 40.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 0.722, 324.246 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 0.722, 324.246 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

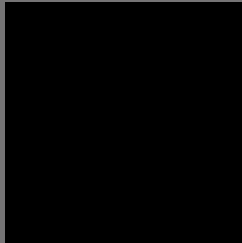
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

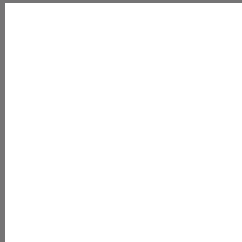
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 0.722, 324.246

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 0.722, 324.246.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 0.722, 324.246.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 0.722, 324.246

Protanopia

49, 1.008, 343.509

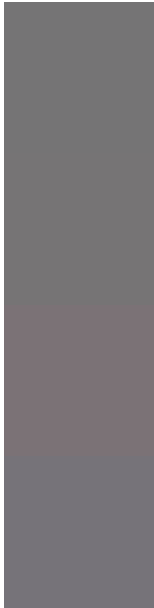
Deuteranopia

49, 6.428, 353.067



Tritanopia
49, 5.441, 303.424

Trichromacy



Original Color

49, 0.722, 324.246

Protanomaly

49, 1.008, 343.509

Deuteranomaly

49, 4.357, 347.296

Tritanomaly

49, 3.743, 309.254

Monochromacy



Original Color

49, 0.722, 324.246

Achromatopsia

49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

49, 0.007, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 0.722, 324.246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 116, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 116, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 116, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 116, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 0.722, 324.246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 116, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 116, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 116, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 116, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 116, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 116,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 0.722, 324.246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 116, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
116, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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