

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 1.769, 203.825)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 1.769, 203.825) contains.

CIELCh(49, 1.691, 219.794)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(49, 1.691, 219.794)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	717576
RGB	113, 117, 118
RGB Percent	44%, 46%, 46%
CMY	0.5562, 0.5405, 0.5366
CMYK	0.04, 0.01, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	192°, 2%, 45%
HSV	192°, 4%, 46%
XYZ	16.4911, 17.5941, 19.7173
YIQ	115.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

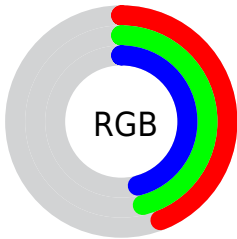
Format	Color
RYB	113, 115, 118
Decimal	7435638
CIELab	49.00, -1.30, -1.08
CIELCh	49, 1.691, 219.794
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3065, 0.3270
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285625718 (0xFF717576)
YUV	115.9180, 1.0264, -2.5591
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -3.2258, 1.4911

Details

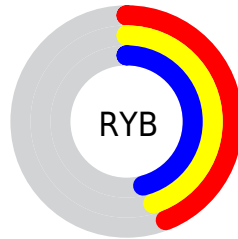
The CIELCh color $49, 1.691, 219.794$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $48, 1.731, 39.136$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 1.587, 219.848$, and $29, 1.841, 219.783$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 5.552, 219.920$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 2.347, 39.163$.

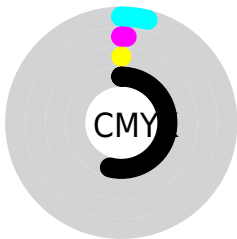
Distribution



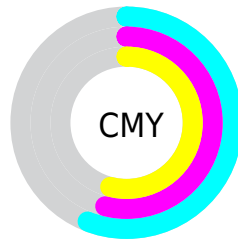
- Red (44%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 1.691, 219.794 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 1.691, 219.794 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 1.691, 219.794

■ 49, 1.691, 219.794

■ 100, 1.691,
219.794

■ 39, 1.691, 219.794

■ 69, 1.691, 219.794

■ 29, 1.691, 219.794

■ 79, 1.691, 219.794

■ 19, 1.691, 219.794

■ 89, 1.691, 219.794

■ 9, 1.691, 219.794

■ 99, 1.691, 219.794

■ 0, 1.691, 219.794

■ 49, 1.691, 219.794

■ 49, 1.691, 219.794

■ 47, 5.552, 219.920

■ 51, 2.347, 39.163

■ 46, 9.187, 220.367

■ 52, 6.521, 39.146

44, 12.544,
221.016

54, 10.797, 39.122

43, 15.567,
221.904

56, 15.146, 39.139

58, 19.542, 39.193

42, 18.204,
223.085

60, 23.968, 39.277

40, 20.409,
224.622

62, 28.409, 39.383

64, 32.851, 39.504

39, 22.154,
226.588

66, 37.286, 39.637

38, 23.440,
229.054

37, 24.321,
232.053

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 1.691, 219.794



48, 1.731, 39.136

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 1.691, 219.794



49, 1.691, 269.794



49, 1.691, 39.794



49, 1.691, 89.794

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 1.691, 219.747



63, 0.498, 220.344



49, 3.148, 149.770



32, 0.282, 220.417



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 1.691, 219.747



62, 2.464, 219.733



48, 2.103, 273.008



24, 1.338, 219.732



38, 25.439, 233.966



75, 43.343, 236.294

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 3.124, 330.696



61, 4.562, 330.760



49, 2.092, 91.870



24, 2.479, 330.780



27, 57.799, 337.713



57, 97.217, 338.360

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 1.691, 219.794 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

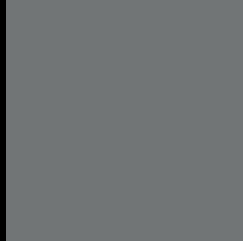
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 1.691, 219.794 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

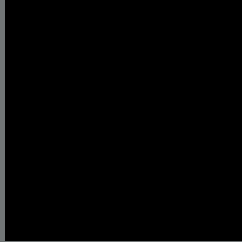
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

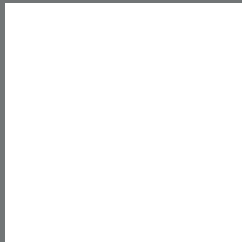
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 1.691, 219.794

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 1.691, 219.794.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 1.691, 219.794.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


49, 1.691, 219.794

Protanopia

49, 1.008, 343.509

Deuteranopia

49, 6.361, 346.588



Tritanopia
49, 5.333, 282.478

Trichromacy



Original Color

49, 1.691, 219.794

Protanomaly

49, 0.593, 290.329

Deuteranomaly

49, 3.391, 335.924

Tritanomaly

49, 4.176, 279.898

Monochromacy



Original Color

49, 1.691, 219.794

Achromatopsia

49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

49, 0.711, 255.964

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 1.691, 219.794 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 117, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 117, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 117, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 117, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 1.691, 219.794 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

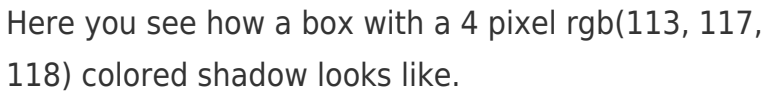
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 117, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 117, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 117, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 117, 118); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 117, 118); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 117, 118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 1.691, 219.794 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 117, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
117, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor