

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 10.397, 191.509)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 10.397, 191.509)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 10.379, 191.780)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F7A78
RGB	95, 122, 120
RGB Percent	37%, 48%, 47%
CMY	0.6288, 0.5230, 0.5308
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.02, 0.52
HSL	176°, 12%, 42%
HSV	176°, 22%, 48%
XYZ	14.9685, 17.5941, 20.2642
YIQ	113.6990, -15.4500, -6.3460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

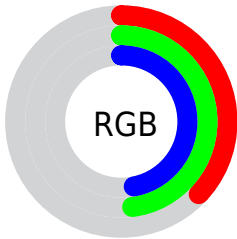
Format	Color
R_{YB}	95, 109, 122
Decimal	6257272
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, -10.16, -2.12
CIE _{LCh}	49, 10.379, 191.780
Yxy	17.5941, 0.2834, 0.3331
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284447352 (0xFF5F7A78)
YUV	113.6990, 3.1064, -16.3990
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -9.7052, 0.7180

Details

The CIELCh color `49, 10.379, 191.780` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be `43, 11.705, 15.142`, and the grayscale version is `48, 0.006, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `69, 10.223, 192.397`, and `29, 10.087, 194.185` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `48, 14.617, 191.078`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `50, 5.839, 192.490`.

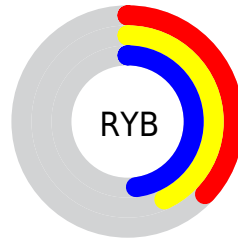
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (48%)

Blue (47%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (48%)

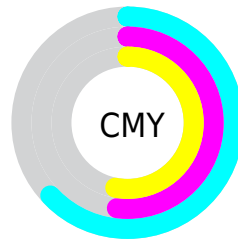


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 10.379, 191.780 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 10.379, 191.780 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 10.379,
191.780

■ 49, 10.379,
191.780

■ 100, 10.379,
191.780

■ 39, 10.379,
191.780

■ 69, 10.379,
191.780

■ 29, 10.379,
191.780

■ 79, 10.379,
191.780

■ 19, 10.379,
191.780

■ 89, 10.379,
191.780

■ 9, 10.379, 191.780

■ 99, 10.379,
191.780

■ 0, 10.379, 191.780

■ 49, 10.379,

■ 49, 10.379,

191.780

191.780

■ 48, 14.617,
191.078

■ 50, 5.839, 192.490

■ 48, 18.476,
190.385

■ 51, 1.066, 193.467

■ 47, 21.885,
189.689

■ 52, 3.873, 13.706

■ 47, 24.783,
188.981

■ 53, 8.924, 14.450

■ 46, 27.125,
188.251

■ 54, 14.038, 15.150

■ 46, 28.893,
187.485

■ 56, 19.178, 15.837

■ 46, 30.103,
186.671

■ 57, 24.314, 16.514

■ 46, 30.868,
186.031

■ 59, 29.424, 17.179

■ 60, 34.491, 17.832

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 10.379, 191.780



43, 11.705, 15.142

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 10.379, 191.780



49, 10.379, 241.780



49, 10.379, 11.780



49, 10.379, 61.780

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 10.380, 191.775



64, 4.198, 192.879



48, 18.880, 140.962



33, 2.710, 192.845



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 10.380, 191.775



62, 15.413, 191.393



46, 8.803, 248.685



25, 2.729, 192.726



47, 31.474, 186.004



90, 53.194, 185.484

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 11.705, 15.142



53, 17.958, 15.767



46, 9.595, 63.625



24, 2.861, 13.869



25, 57.997, 35.184



53, 100.783, 37.795

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 10.379, 191.780 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 10.379, 191.780 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

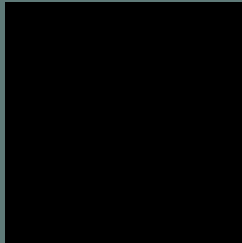
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 10.379, 191.780

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 10.379, 191.780.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 10.379, 191.780.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
49, 10.379, 191.780

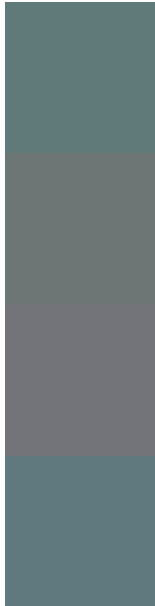
Protanopia
49, 0.810, 19.041

Deuteranopia
49, 7.183, 332.905



Tritanopia
49, 10.148, 234.232

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 10.379, 191.780

Protanomaly
49, 3.245, 188.719

Deuteranomaly
49, 3.033, 275.475

Tritanomaly
49, 9.695, 216.216

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 10.379, 191.780

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 4.027, 190.607

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 10.379, 191.780 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 122, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 122, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 122, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 122, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 10.379, 191.780 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 122, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 122, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 122, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 122, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 122, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 122,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 10.379, 191.780 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 122, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 122,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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