

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 10.739, 218.323)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 10.739, 218.323)
contains.

CIELCh(49, 10.802, 217.561)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(49, 10.802, 217.561)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D797F
RGB	93, 121, 127
RGB Percent	36%, 47%, 50%
CMY	0.6346, 0.5247, 0.5012
CMYK	0.27, 0.05, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	191°, 15%, 43%
HSV	191°, 27%, 50%
XYZ	15.2357, 17.5941, 22.7361
YIQ	113.3120, -18.6140, -4.0700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

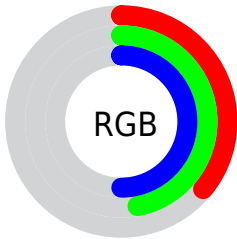
Format	Color
R_{YB}	93, 108, 127
Decimal	6125951
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, -8.56, -6.58
CIE _{LCh}	49, 10.802, 217.561
Yxy	17.5941, 0.2742, 0.3166
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284316031 (0xFF5D797F)
YUV	113.3120, 6.7482, -17.8136
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -8.5678, -2.7760

Details

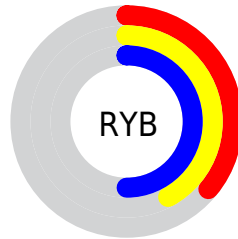
The CIELCh color $49, 10.802, 217.561$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $45, 12.889, 36.789$, and the grayscale version is $48, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 10.837, 219.542$, and $29, 10.837, 219.067$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 14.304, 218.120$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 6.974, 217.184$.

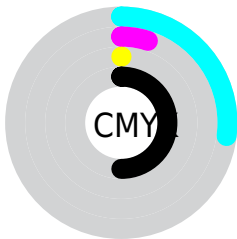
Distribution



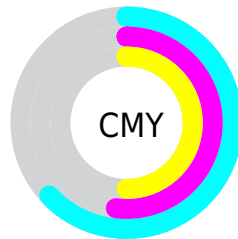
- Red (36%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 10.802, 217.561 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 10.802, 217.561 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 49, 10.802,
217.561


 49, 10.802,
217.561


 100, 10.802,
217.561


 39, 10.802,
217.561

 69, 10.802,
217.561


 29, 10.802,
217.561

 79, 10.802,
217.561

 19, 10.802,
217.561

 89, 10.802,
217.561

 9, 10.802, 217.561

 99, 10.802,
217.561

 0, 10.802, 217.561

 49, 10.802,

 49, 10.802,

217.561

217.561

■ 48, 14.304,
218.120

■ 51, 6.974, 217.184

■ 46, 17.417,
218.915

■ 52, 2.881, 217.016

■ 54, 1.423, 36.469

■ 45, 20.084,
219.993

■ 56, 5.889, 36.632

■ 44, 22.256,
221.413

■ 57, 10.474, 36.683

■ 59, 15.146, 36.768

■ 43, 23.909,
223.244

■ 61, 19.876, 36.887

■ 42, 25.049,
225.552

■ 63, 24.641, 37.033

■ 65, 29.424, 37.198

■ 41, 25.778,
228.317

■ 41, 26.009,
229.220

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 10.802, 217.561



45, 12.889, 36.789

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 10.802, 217.561



49, 10.802, 267.561



49, 10.802, 37.561



49, 10.802, 87.561

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 10.802, 217.555



66, 4.233, 217.020



50, 21.581, 147.545



35, 3.022, 217.033



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 10.802, 217.555



62, 15.713, 217.870



44, 14.070, 274.956



26, 2.401, 217.028



41, 26.055, 229.229



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 21.502, 331.313



54, 31.907, 331.692



49, 14.151, 87.840



25, 4.515, 330.221



28, 60.500, 336.443



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 10.802, 217.561 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 10.802, 217.561 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

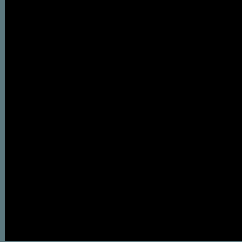
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 10.802, 217.561

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 10.802, 217.561.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 10.802, 217.561.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
49, 10.802, 217.561

Protanopia
49, 5.317, 295.118

Deuteranopia
49, 9.964, 309.599



Tritanopia
49, 11.035, 227.287

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 10.802, 217.561

Protanomaly
49, 5.775, 253.914

Deuteranomaly
49, 7.270, 275.827

Tritanomaly
49, 10.822, 224.361

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 10.802, 217.561

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 4.080, 215.900

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 10.802, 217.561 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 121, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 121, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 121, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 121, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 10.802, 217.561 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 121, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 121, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 121, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 121, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 121, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 121,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 10.802, 217.561 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 121, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 121,  
127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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