

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 10.875, 53.368)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 10.875, 53.368) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 10.830, 52.723)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	857066
RGB	133, 112, 102
RGB Percent	52%, 44%, 40%
CMY	0.4777, 0.5600, 0.5993
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.23, 0.48
HSL	19°, 13%, 46%
HSV	19°, 23%, 52%
XYZ	17.9249, 17.5941, 15.0688
YIQ	117.1390, 15.7260, 1.3420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

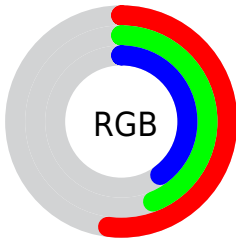
Format	Color
R_{YB}	133, 117, 102
Decimal	8745062
CIE Lab	49.00, 6.56, 8.62
CIE LCh	49, 10.830, 52.723
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3543, 0.3478
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286935142 (0xFF857066)
YUV	117.1390, -7.4635, 13.9101
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 2.8759, 8.0618

Details

The CIELCh color $49, 10.830, 52.723$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $50, 9.564, 236.632$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 10.973, 53.122$, and $29, 10.970, 52.089$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 16.055, 52.147$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 5.961, 53.366$.

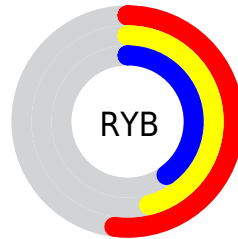
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (44%)

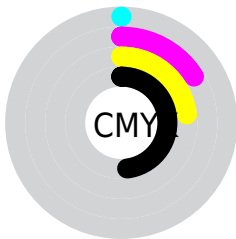
Blue (40%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (40%)

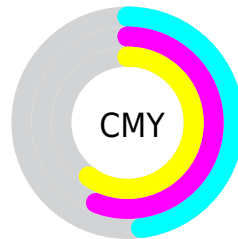


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 10.830, 52.723 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 10.830, 52.723 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 10.830, 52.723

■ 49, 10.830, 52.723

■ 100, 10.830,
52.723

■ 39, 10.830, 52.723

■ 69, 10.830, 52.723

■ 29, 10.830, 52.723

■ 79, 10.830, 52.723

■ 19, 10.830, 52.723

■ 89, 10.830, 52.723

■ 9, 10.830, 52.723

■ 99, 10.830, 52.723

■ 0, 10.830, 52.723

■ 49, 10.830, 52.723

■ 49, 10.830, 52.723

■ 46, 16.055, 52.147

■ 52, 5.961, 53.366

■ 44, 21.657, 51.638

■ 55, 1.421, 53.877

41, 27.638, 51.220

58, 2.824, 235.002

39, 33.961, 50.892

60, 6.805, 235.681

36, 40.515, 50.616

63, 10.554,
236.423

34, 47.037, 50.272

66, 14.097,
237.174

32, 52.975, 49.578

31, 56.875, 49.345

69, 17.460,
237.919

72, 20.664,
238.653

75, 23.730,
239.369

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 10.830, 52.723



50, 9.564, 236.632

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 10.830, 52.723



49, 10.830, 102.723



49, 10.830, 232.723



49, 10.830, 282.723

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 10.830, 52.733



68, 3.814, 53.740



47, 17.632, 336.576



35, 2.472, 53.714



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 10.830, 52.733



61, 16.473, 52.412



53, 14.732, 98.824



26, 2.485, 53.626



30, 55.771, 49.356



0, 0.579, 54.365

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 9.564, 236.632



63, 14.084, 237.318



46, 15.150, 284.335



27, 2.378, 235.203



35, 30.367, 258.567



0, 0.579, 234.384

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 10.830, 52.723 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 10.830, 52.723 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

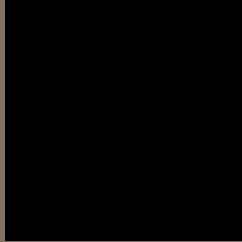
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 10.830, 52.723

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 10.830, 52.723.

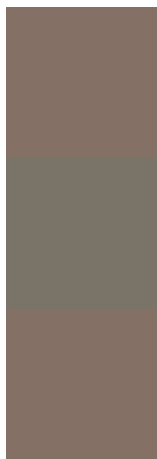


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 10.830, 52.723.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 10.830, 52.723

Protanopia

49, 7.454, 89.340

Deuteranopia

49, 10.830, 52.723



Tritanopia
49, 11.280, 356.351

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 10.830, 52.723

Protanomaly
49, 8.448, 75.520

Deuteranomaly
49, 10.830, 52.723

Tritanomaly
49, 9.639, 17.069

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 10.830, 52.723

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 3.733, 47.641

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 10.830, 52.723 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 112, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 112, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 112, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 112, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 10.830, 52.723 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 112, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 112, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 112, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 112, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 112, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 112,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 10.830, 52.723 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 112, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
112, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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