

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 11.229, 335.263)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 11.229, 335.263)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 11.224, 333.753)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	826F7D
RGB	130, 111, 125
RGB Percent	51%, 44%, 49%
CMY	0.4902, 0.5647, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.04, 0.49
HSL	316°, 8%, 47%
HSV	316°, 15%, 51%
XYZ	18.5907, 17.5941, 21.8168
YIQ	118.2770, 6.8300, 8.3820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

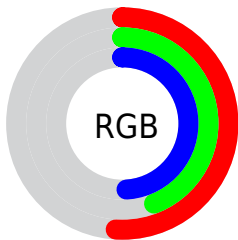
Format	Color
R_{YB}	130, 111, 125
Decimal	8548221
CIE Lab	49.00, 10.07, -4.96
CIE LCh	49, 11.224, 333.753
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3205, 0.3033
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286738301 (0xFF826F7D)
YUV	118.2770, 3.3144, 10.2811
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 5.7095, -1.4766

Details

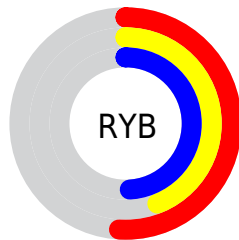
The CIELCh color $49, 11.224, 333.753$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $53, 11.165, 151.870$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 11.178, 333.018$, and $29, 11.470, 334.775$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 18.971, 334.443$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 3.520, 333.061$.

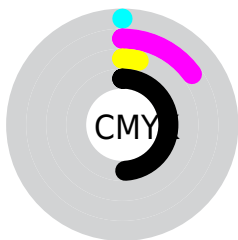
Distribution



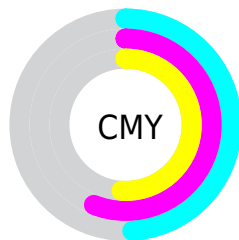
- Red (51%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (49%)





- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (51%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 11.224, 333.753 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 11.224, 333.753 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 49, 11.224,
333.753


 49, 11.224,
333.753


 100, 11.224,
333.753


 39, 11.224,
333.753

 69, 11.224,
333.753


 29, 11.224,
333.753

 79, 11.224,
333.753

 19, 11.224,
333.753

 89, 11.224,
333.753

 9, 11.224, 333.753

 99, 11.224,
333.753

 0, 11.224, 333.753

 49, 11.224,

 49, 11.224,

333.753

45, 18.971,
334.443

42, 26.636,
335.164

39, 34.030,
335.926

36, 40.897,
336.739

34, 46.926,
337.622

31, 51.777,
338.601

30, 55.149,
339.717

29, 56.934,
341.016

333.753

53, 3.520, 333.061

56, 4.053, 152.574

60, 11.448,
151.953

64, 18.638,
151.394

68, 25.615,
150.868

72, 32.379,
150.373

76, 38.936,
149.906

79, 45.296,
149.466

■ 28, 57.677,
341.738

■ 83, 51.473,
149.052

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 11.224, 333.753



53, 11.165, 151.870

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 11.224, 333.753



49, 11.224, 23.753



49, 11.224, 153.753



49, 11.224, 203.753

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 11.222, 333.754



67, 3.767, 333.020



48, 11.407, 300.852



34, 2.666, 333.072



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 11.222, 333.754



61, 17.103, 334.013



49, 8.305, 0.861



25, 4.244, 333.379



28, 56.894, 341.705



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 11.222, 333.754



61, 17.103, 334.013



53, 7.918, 178.260



25, 4.244, 333.379



28, 56.894, 341.705



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 11.224, 333.753 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 11.224, 333.753 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

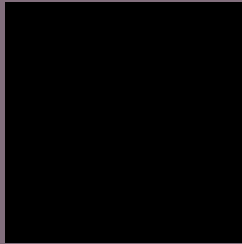
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 11.224, 333.753

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 11.224, 333.753.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 11.224, 333.753.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


49, 11.224, 333.753

Protanopia

49, 7.054, 287.969

Deuteranopia

49, 8.336, 322.615



Tritanopia
49, 8.361, 346.337

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 11.224, 333.753

Protanomaly
49, 8.034, 308.163

Deuteranomaly
49, 9.497, 327.007

Tritanomaly
49, 9.048, 340.138

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 11.224, 333.753

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 4.530, 328.891

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 11.224, 333.753 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 111, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 111, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 111, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 111, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 11.224, 333.753 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

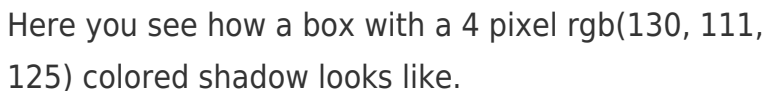
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 111, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 111, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 111, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 111, 125); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 111, 125); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 111, 125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 11.224, 333.753 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 111, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
111, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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