

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 11.881, 0.784)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 11.881, 0.784) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 11.862, 0.769)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	886E75
RGB	136, 110, 117
RGB Percent	53%, 43%, 46%
CMY	0.4648, 0.5705, 0.5431
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.15, 0.46
HSL	344°, 11%, 48%
HSV	344°, 20%, 54%
XYZ	18.9376, 17.5941, 19.0754
YIQ	118.5720, 13.2490, 7.6890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

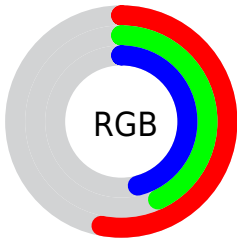
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 110, 117
Decimal	8941173
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, 11.86, 0.16
CIE _{LCh}	49, 11.862, 0.769
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3406, 0.3164
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287131253 (0xFF886E75)
YUV	118.5720, -0.7750, 15.2844
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 7.1857, 2.3984

Details

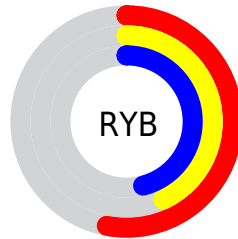
The CIELCh color $49, 11.862, 0.769$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $55, 11.130, 177.074$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 11.431, 0.925$, and $29, 11.736, 359.267$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 18.193, 2.026$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 5.737, 359.681$.

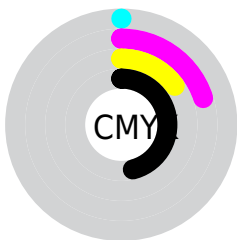
Distribution



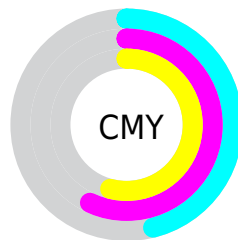
- Red (53%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 11.862, 0.769 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 11.862, 0.769 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 49, 11.862, 0.769  49, 11.862, 0.769

 100, 11.862, 0.769  39, 11.862, 0.769

 69, 11.862, 0.769  29, 11.862, 0.769


 79, 11.862, 0.769  19, 11.862, 0.769

 89, 11.862, 0.769  9, 11.862, 0.769

 99, 11.862, 0.769  0, 11.862, 0.769

 49, 11.862, 0.769  49, 11.862, 0.769

 45, 18.193, 2.026  53, 5.737, 359.681

 42, 24.644, 3.514  57, 0.132, 181.636

 38, 31.068, 5.321  61, 5.729, 178.085

35, 37.254, 7.557

65, 11.056,
177.335

32, 42.948, 10.360

69, 16.126,
176.680

30, 47.907, 13.882

29, 52.002, 18.233

73, 20.958,
176.090

28, 55.646, 23.026

78, 25.571,
175.555

28, 55.738, 23.132

82, 29.985,
175.065

86, 34.221,
174.614

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 11.862, 0.769



55, 11.130, 177.074

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 11.862, 0.769



49, 11.862, 50.769



49, 11.862, 180.769



49, 11.862, 230.769

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 11.860, 0.774



70, 4.354, 359.294



49, 17.664, 317.590



36, 2.880, 359.353



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 11.860, 0.774



61, 18.097, 1.347



50, 9.511, 42.782



27, 3.335, 359.618



27, 54.526, 22.959



0, 1.518, 358.841

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 11.860, 0.774



61, 18.097, 1.347



53, 8.423, 224.463



27, 3.335, 359.618



27, 54.526, 22.959



0, 1.518, 358.841

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 11.862, 0.769 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 11.862, 0.769 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

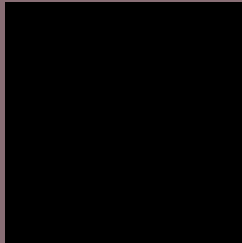
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 11.862, 0.769

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 11.862, 0.769.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 11.862, 0.769.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 11.469, 359.981

Protanopia

49, 2.495, 309.174

Deuteranopia

49, 6.410, 4.263



Tritanopia
49, 12.649, 356.472

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 11.469, 359.981

Protanomaly
49, 5.355, 346.850

Deuteranomaly
49, 8.172, 3.769

Tritanomaly
49, 12.450, 358.960

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 11.469, 359.981

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 4.252, 3.875

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 11.862, 0.769 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 110, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 110, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 110, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 110, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 11.862, 0.769 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 110, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 110, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 110, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 110, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 110, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 110,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 11.862, 0.769 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 110, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
110, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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