

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 13.005, 170.671)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 13.005, 170.671)
contains.

CIELCh(49, 13.473, 169.291)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(49, 13.473, 169.291)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D7B70
RGB	93, 123, 112
RGB Percent	36%, 48%, 44%
CMY	0.6361, 0.5185, 0.5616
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.09, 0.52
HSL	158°, 14%, 42%
HSV	158°, 24%, 48%
XYZ	14.4624, 17.5941, 17.9015
YIQ	112.7760, -14.3490, -9.7810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

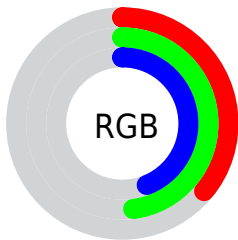
Format	Color
R _Y B	93, 111, 123
Decimal	6126448
CIE Lab	49.00, -13.24, 2.50
CIE LCh	49, 13.473, 169.291
Yxy	17.5941, 0.2895, 0.3522
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284316528 (0xFF5D7B70)
YUV	112.7760, -0.3826, -17.3436
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -11.8588, 4.0577

Details

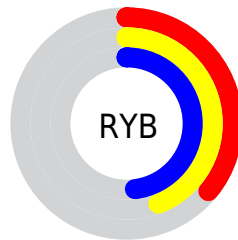
The CIELCh color $49, 13.473, 169.291$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336666 . A complement of this color would be $43, 14.204, 353.865$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 13.606, 169.327$, and $29, 13.449, 168.715$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 18.755, 168.220$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50, 8.020, 170.276$.

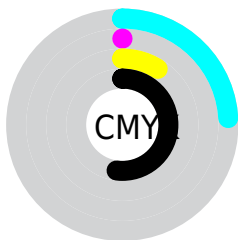
Distribution



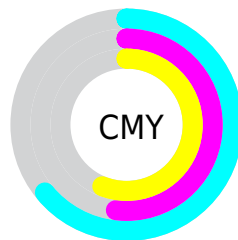
- Red (36%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (52%)





- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (56%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 13.473, 169.291 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 13.473, 169.291 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 49, 13.473,
169.291


 49, 13.473,
169.291


 100, 13.473,
169.291


 39, 13.473,
169.291

 69, 13.473,
169.291


 29, 13.473,
169.291

 79, 13.473,
169.291

 19, 13.473,
169.291

 89, 13.473,
169.291

 9, 13.473, 169.291

 99, 13.473,
169.291

 0, 13.473, 169.291

 49, 13.473,

 49, 13.473,

169.291

169.291

■ 48, 18.755,
168.220

■ 50, 8.020, 170.276

■ 47, 23.781,
167.047

■ 51, 2.468, 171.262

■ 52, 3.118, 351.865

■ 47, 28.465,
165.747

■ 53, 8.687, 352.710

■ 46, 32.726,
164.299

■ 55, 14.201,
353.459

■ 46, 36.501,
162.679

■ 56, 19.628,
354.160

■ 46, 39.753,
160.873

■ 58, 24.950,
354.824

■ 45, 42.504,
158.889

■ 59, 30.152,
355.456

■ 45, 43.971,
157.826

■ 61, 35.227,
356.059

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 13.473, 169.291



43, 14.204, 353.865

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 13.473, 169.291



49, 13.473, 219.291



49, 13.473, 349.291



49, 13.473, 39.291

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 13.474, 169.289



65, 4.862, 170.973



49, 19.206, 132.540



34, 3.184, 170.930



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 13.474, 169.289



62, 19.812, 168.735



48, 9.942, 212.212



25, 3.130, 170.789



46, 44.561, 157.782



88, 76.752, 156.480

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 14.204, 353.865



53, 21.135, 354.494



43, 11.682, 32.512



24, 3.193, 352.250



25, 50.123, 12.896



54, 85.131, 16.053

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 13.473, 169.291 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 13.473, 169.291 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

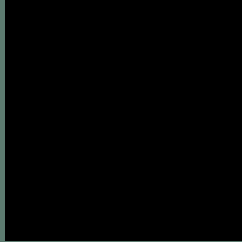
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 13.473, 169.291

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 13.473, 169.291.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 13.473, 169.291.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


49, 13.473, 169.291

Protanopia

49, 4.958, 89.909

Deuteranopia

49, 6.715, 10.143



Tritanopia
49, 10.430, 233.112

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 13.473, 169.291

Protanomaly
49, 6.234, 141.062

Deuteranomaly
49, 1.805, 122.940

Tritanomaly
49, 9.825, 205.308

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 13.473, 169.291

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 5.025, 170.954

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 13.473, 169.291 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 123, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 123, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 123, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 123, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 13.473, 169.291 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 123, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 123, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 123, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 123, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 123, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 123,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 13.473, 169.291 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 123, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 123,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor