

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 13.557, 59.773)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 13.557, 59.773) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 13.457, 60.556)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	877061
RGB	135, 112, 97
RGB Percent	53%, 44%, 38%
CMY	0.4707, 0.5609, 0.6197
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.28, 0.47
HSL	24°, 16%, 45%
HSV	24°, 28%, 53%
XYZ	17.9353, 17.5941, 13.7538
YIQ	117.1670, 18.5230, 0.2110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

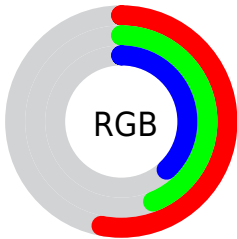
Format	Color
RYB	135, 122, 97
Decimal	8876129
CIELab	49.00, 6.62, 11.72
CIELCh	49, 13.457, 60.556
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3639, 0.3570
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287066209 (0xFF877061)
YUV	117.1670, -9.9423, 15.6395
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 2.9203, 9.9205

Details

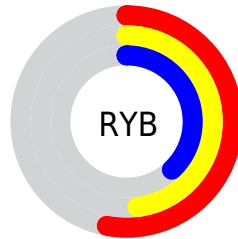
The CIELCh color $49, 13.457, 60.556$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $49, 11.889, 246.884$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 13.389, 60.578$, and $29, 13.474, 58.342$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 18.827, 59.671$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 8.408, 61.485$.

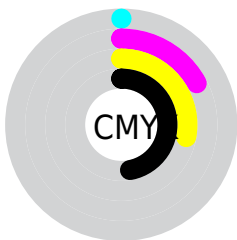
Distribution



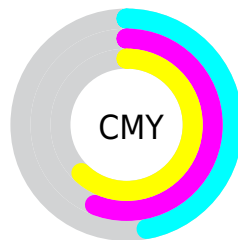
- Red (53%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 13.457, 60.556 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 13.457, 60.556 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 13.457, 60.556

■ 49, 13.457, 60.556

■ 100, 13.457,
60.556

■ 39, 13.457, 60.556

■ 69, 13.457, 60.556

■ 29, 13.457, 60.556

■ 79, 13.457, 60.556

■ 19, 13.457, 60.556

■ 89, 13.457, 60.556

■ 9, 13.457, 60.556

■ 99, 13.457, 60.556

■ 0, 13.457, 60.556

■ 49, 13.457, 60.556

■ 49, 13.457, 60.556

■ 47, 18.827, 59.671

■ 52, 8.408, 61.485

■ 44, 24.528, 58.816

■ 54, 3.661, 62.390

■ 42, 30.539, 58.001

■ 57, 0.811, 243.862

■ 40, 36.784, 57.201

■ 59, 5.038, 244.482

■ 37, 43.077, 56.336

■ 62, 9.046, 245.410

■ 35, 49.017, 55.222

■ 65, 12.861,
246.339

■ 34, 54.369, 53.907

■ 68, 16.507,
247.251

■ 33, 55.465, 53.805

■ 70, 20.003,
248.139

■ 73, 23.367,
248.998

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 13.457, 60.556



49, 11.889, 246.884

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 13.457, 60.556



49, 13.457, 110.556



49, 13.457, 240.556



49, 13.457, 290.556

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 13.457, 60.565



69, 4.462, 62.388



46, 20.617, 340.020



36, 3.209, 62.270



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 13.457, 60.565



61, 20.610, 59.970



54, 19.228, 102.053



27, 2.504, 62.307



32, 53.875, 53.902



0, 0.586, 63.262

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 11.889, 246.884



61, 17.610, 248.042



44, 20.167, 288.517



27, 2.418, 244.310



32, 34.585, 269.994



0, 0.586, 243.278

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 13.457, 60.556 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 13.457, 60.556 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

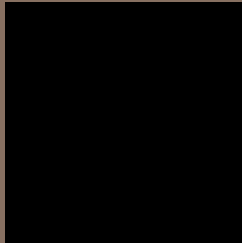
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 13.457, 60.556

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 13.457, 60.556.

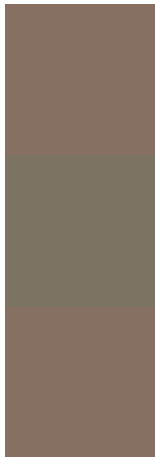


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 13.457, 60.556.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


49, 13.457, 60.556

Protanopia

49, 10.376, 92.002

Deuteranopia

49, 13.457, 60.556



Tritanopia
49, 12.450, 358.960

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 13.457, 60.556

Protanomaly
49, 11.233, 81.298

Deuteranomaly
49, 13.457, 60.556

Tritanomaly
49, 10.966, 20.689

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 13.457, 60.556

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 4.745, 57.634

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 13.457, 60.556 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 112, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 112, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 112, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 112, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 13.457, 60.556 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 112, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 112, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 112, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 112, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 112, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 112,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 13.457, 60.556 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 112, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
112, 97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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