

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 14.339, 73.652)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 14.339, 73.652) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 14.479, 73.210)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	84715D
RGB	132, 113, 93
RGB Percent	52%, 44%, 36%
CMY	0.4812, 0.5558, 0.6343
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.29, 0.48
HSL	31°, 17%, 44%
HSV	31°, 29%, 52%
XYZ	17.4828, 17.5941, 12.8914
YIQ	116.4010, 17.7440, -2.1920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

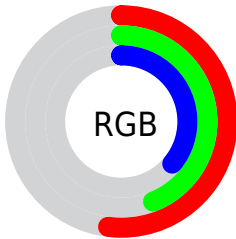
Format	Color
R_{YB}	130, 132, 93
Decimal	8679773
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, 4.18, 13.86
CIE _{LCh}	49, 14.479, 73.210
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3645, 0.3668
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286869853 (0xFF84715D)
YUV	116.4010, -11.5367, 13.6803
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 0.9945, 11.1396

Details

The CIELCh color $49, 14.479, 73.210$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $47, 13.476, 261.230$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 14.792, 73.792$, and $29, 14.473, 72.024$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 19.814, 71.980$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 9.364, 74.436$.

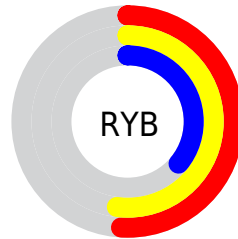
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (44%)

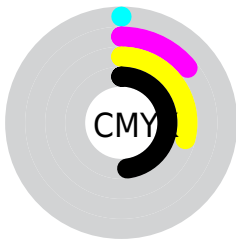
Blue (36%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (36%)

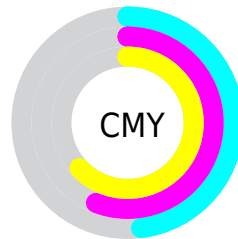


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 14.479, 73.210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 14.479, 73.210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 14.479, 73.210

■ 49, 14.479, 73.210

■ 100, 14.479,
73.210

■ 39, 14.479, 73.210

■ 69, 14.479, 73.210

■ 29, 14.479, 73.210

■ 79, 14.479, 73.210

■ 19, 14.479, 73.210

■ 89, 14.479, 73.210

■ 9, 14.479, 73.210

■ 99, 14.479, 73.210

■ 0, 14.479, 73.210

■ 49, 14.479, 73.210

■ 49, 14.479, 73.210

■ 47, 19.814, 71.980

■ 51, 9.364, 74.436

■ 45, 25.354, 70.725

■ 53, 4.463, 75.615

■ 43, 31.052, 69.443

■ 55, 0.237, 257.971

■ 41, 36.792, 68.100

■ 58, 4.754, 258.067

■ 39, 42.336, 66.609

■ 60, 9.106, 259.158

■ 38, 47.242, 64.798

■ 62, 13.310,
260.227

■ 36, 51.594, 62.856

■ 64, 17.383,
261.258

■ 36, 51.844, 62.786

■ 66, 21.339,
262.247

■ 69, 25.191,
263.193

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 14.479, 73.210



47, 13.476, 261.230

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 14.479, 73.210



49, 14.479, 123.210



49, 14.479, 253.210



49, 14.479, 303.210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 14.479, 73.218



68, 5.209, 75.648



44, 19.726, 346.269



35, 3.658, 75.503



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 14.479, 73.218



61, 21.466, 72.443



54, 22.143, 107.431



27, 2.653, 75.656



35, 51.196, 62.852



0, 0.626, 76.793

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 13.476, 261.230



57, 19.639, 262.475



41, 23.712, 293.631



26, 2.605, 258.007



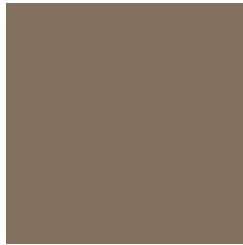
27, 43.653, 283.879



0, 0.626, 256.805

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 14.479, 73.210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

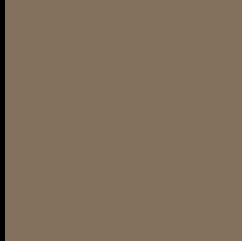
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 14.479, 73.210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

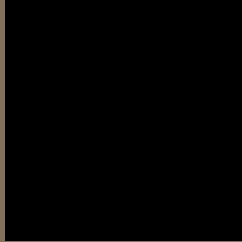
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 14.479, 73.210

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 14.479, 73.210.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 14.479, 73.210.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 14.479, 73.210

Protanopia

49, 12.633, 94.604

Deuteranopia

49, 15.069, 64.049



Tritanopia
49, 11.280, 356.351

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 14.479, 73.210

Protanomaly
49, 13.199, 87.157

Deuteranomaly
49, 14.746, 65.251

Tritanomaly
49, 9.793, 27.317

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 14.479, 73.210

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 5.509, 77.440

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 14.479, 73.210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 113, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 113, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 113, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 113, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 14.479, 73.210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 113, 93) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 113, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 113, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 113, 93); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 113, 93); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 113, 93) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 14.479, 73.210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 113, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
113, 93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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