

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 14.899, 240.889)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 14.899, 240.889)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 14.899, 240.889)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	58798A
RGB	88, 121, 138
RGB Percent	35%, 47%, 54%
CMY	0.6548, 0.5254, 0.4587
CMYK	0.36, 0.12, 0.00, 0.46
HSL	200°, 22%, 44%
HSV	200°, 36%, 54%
XYZ	15.4580, 17.5941, 26.6376
YIQ	113.0710, -25.1250, -1.7090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

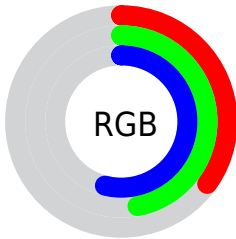
Format	Color
R_{YB}	88, 108, 138
Decimal	5798282
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, -7.25, -13.02
CIE _{LCh}	49, 14.899, 240.889
Yxy	17.5941, 0.2590, 0.2948
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283988362 (0xFF58798A)
YUV	113.0710, 12.2900, -21.9873
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -7.6220, -8.2908

Details

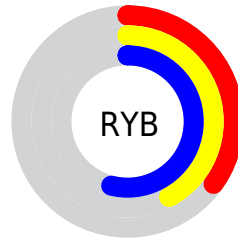
The CIELCh color $49, 14.899, 240.889$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336666 . A complement of this color would be $47, 18.140, 53.858$, and the grayscale version is $48, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 14.698, 241.253$, and $29, 14.918, 242.317$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 18.469, 242.794$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 11.057, 239.347$.

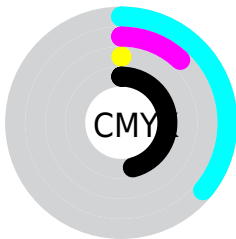
Distribution



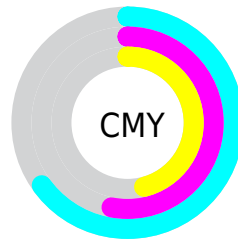
- Red (35%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 14.899, 240.889 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 14.899, 240.889 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 14.899,
240.889

■ 49, 14.899,
240.889

■ 100, 14.899,
240.889

■ 39, 14.899,
240.889

■ 69, 14.899,
240.889

■ 29, 14.899,
240.889

■ 79, 14.899,
240.889

■ 19, 14.899,
240.889

■ 89, 14.899,
240.889

■ 9, 14.899, 240.889

■ 99, 14.899,
240.889

■ 0, 14.899, 240.889

■ 49, 14.899,

■ 49, 14.899,

240.889

240.889

■ 47, 18.469,
242.794

■ 51, 11.057,
239.347

■ 45, 21.736,
245.147

■ 54, 6.987, 238.116

■ 43, 24.680,
248.023

■ 56, 2.730, 237.186

■ 58, 1.675, 56.010

■ 41, 27.310,
251.489

■ 61, 6.193, 55.501

■ 39, 29.675,
255.574

■ 63, 10.793, 54.979

■ 66, 15.452, 54.538

■ 37, 31.885,
260.174

■ 68, 20.148, 54.171

■ 37, 32.751,
261.853

■ 71, 24.864, 53.863

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 14.899, 240.889



47, 18.140, 53.858

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 14.899, 240.889



49, 14.899, 290.889



49, 14.899, 60.889



49, 14.899, 110.889

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 14.898, 240.886



69, 5.899, 237.607



53, 27.487, 152.649



36, 3.940, 237.717



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 14.898, 240.886



60, 21.344, 242.318



42, 25.272, 287.384



28, 2.458, 237.418



35, 31.741, 261.639



1, 1.159, 236.536

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 27.774, 338.674



53, 40.416, 339.365



54, 23.985, 98.343



27, 4.285, 336.538



29, 55.742, 347.219



0, 1.973, 335.946

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 14.899, 240.889 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 14.899, 240.889 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

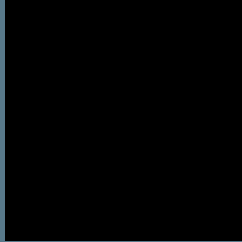
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

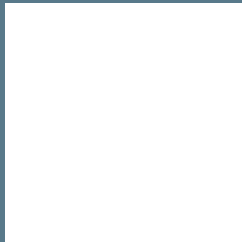
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 14.899, 240.889

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 14.899, 240.889.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 14.899, 240.889.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


49, 14.899, 240.889

Protanopia

49, 11.184, 287.787

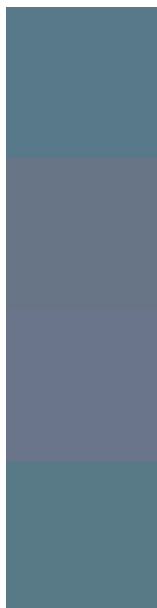
Deuteranopia

49, 15.964, 296.237



Tritanopia
49, 13.839, 223.514

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 14.899, 240.889

Protanomaly
49, 11.474, 266.932

Deuteranomaly
49, 13.897, 276.772

Tritanomaly
49, 13.970, 228.806

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 14.899, 240.889

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 5.755, 237.078

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 14.899, 240.889 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 121, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 121, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 121, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 121, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 14.899, 240.889 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 121, 138) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 121, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 121, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 121, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 121, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 121,  
138) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 14.899, 240.889 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 121, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 121,  
138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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