

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 17.988, 44.353)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 17.988, 44.353) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 17.983, 43.806)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	916C60
RGB	145, 108, 96
RGB Percent	57%, 42%, 38%
CMY	0.4313, 0.5764, 0.6235
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.34, 0.43
HSL	15°, 20%, 47%
HSV	15°, 34%, 57%
XYZ	19.1558, 17.5941, 13.4561
YIQ	117.6950, 25.9040, 4.1120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

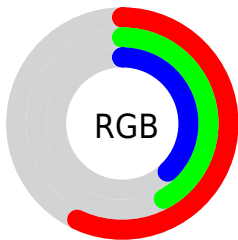
Format	Color
R_{YB}	145, 112, 96
Decimal	9530464
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, 12.98, 12.45
CIE _{LCh}	49, 17.983, 43.806
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3815, 0.3504
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287720544 (0xFF916C60)
YUV	117.6950, -10.6956, 23.9465
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 8.1142, 10.3413

Details

The CIELCh color $49, 17.983, 43.806$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $53, 14.431, 227.243$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 17.847, 43.942$, and $29, 17.904, 42.588$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 24.249, 43.781$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 12.165, 43.974$.

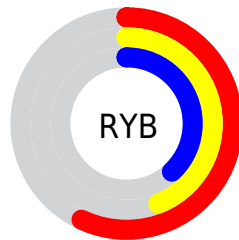
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (42%)

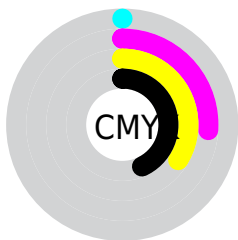
Blue (38%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (38%)

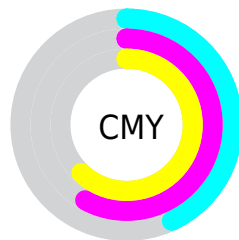


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 17.983, 43.806 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 17.983, 43.806 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 17.983, 43.806

■ 49, 17.983, 43.806

■ 100, 17.983,
43.806

■ 39, 17.983, 43.806

■ 69, 17.983, 43.806

■ 29, 17.983, 43.806

■ 79, 17.983, 43.806

■ 19, 17.983, 43.806

■ 89, 17.983, 43.806

■ 9, 17.983, 43.806

■ 99, 17.983, 43.806

■ 0, 17.983, 43.806

■ 49, 17.983, 43.806

■ 49, 17.983, 43.806

■ 46, 24.249, 43.781

■ 52, 12.165, 43.974

■ 43, 30.963, 43.908

■ 56, 6.779, 44.229

■ 40, 38.075, 44.205

■ 59, 1.792, 44.422

■ 38, 45.449, 44.640

■ 62, 2.836, 225.227

■ 35, 52.769, 45.082

■ 66, 7.141, 225.607

■ 33, 59.355, 45.184

■ 69, 11.160,
226.083

■ 32, 63.231, 45.459

■ 73, 14.929,
226.588

■ 76, 18.477,
227.106

■ 80, 21.831,
227.627

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 17.983, 43.806



53, 14.431, 227.243

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 17.983, 43.806



49, 17.983, 93.806



49, 17.983, 223.806



49, 17.983, 273.806

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 17.982, 43.813



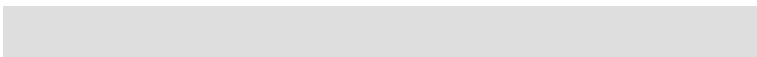
72, 6.010, 44.328



47, 29.030, 333.927



37, 4.107, 44.294



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 17.982, 43.813



60, 27.930, 43.776



55, 21.242, 92.022



28, 2.692, 44.355



30, 59.676, 45.415



1, 1.762, 44.801

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 14.431, 227.243



66, 21.057, 228.221



46, 21.636, 281.084



29, 2.555, 225.346



40, 28.212, 243.900



1, 1.762, 224.820

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 17.983, 43.806 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 17.983, 43.806 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

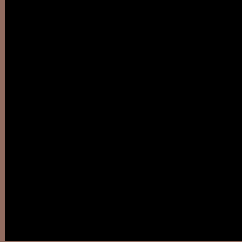
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 17.983, 43.806

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 17.983, 43.806.

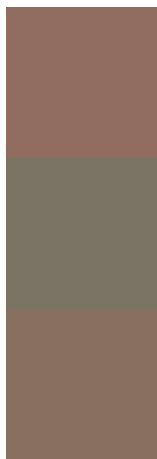


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 17.983, 43.806.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 17.983, 43.806

Protanopia

49, 9.816, 91.141

Deuteranopia

49, 14.305, 63.786



Tritanopia
49, 18.287, 5.209

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 17.983, 43.806

Protanomaly
49, 11.372, 65.720

Deuteranomaly
49, 15.660, 56.775

Tritanomaly
49, 17.133, 19.594

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 17.983, 43.806

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 6.309, 41.650

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 17.983, 43.806 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 108, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 108, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 108, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 108, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 17.983, 43.806 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 108, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 108, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 108, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 108, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 108, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 108,  
96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 17.983, 43.806 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 108, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
108, 96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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