

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 18.139, 70.047)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 18.139, 70.047) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 18.137, 70.056)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	897058
RGB	137, 112, 88
RGB Percent	54%, 44%, 35%
CMY	0.4630, 0.5610, 0.6551
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.36, 0.46
HSL	29°, 22%, 44%
HSV	29°, 36%, 54%
XYZ	17.8550, 17.5941, 11.6765
YIQ	116.7390, 22.6040, -2.1640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

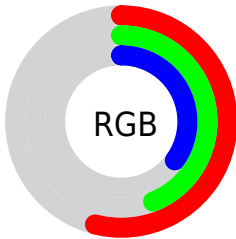
Format	Color
R_{YB}	137, 135, 88
Decimal	9007192
CIE Lab	49.00, 6.19, 17.05
CIE LCh	49, 18.137, 70.056
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3789, 0.3733
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287197272 (0xFF897058)
YUV	116.7390, -14.1683, 17.7689
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 2.5787, 12.8569

Details

The CIELCh color **49, 18.137, 70.056** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **47, 16.353, 259.950**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 18.143, 71.006**, and **29, 18.275, 69.551** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 23.760, 68.861**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 12.759, 71.256**.

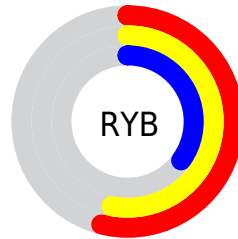
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (44%)

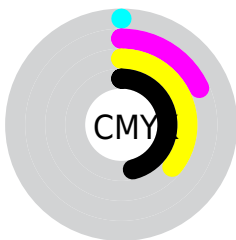
Blue (35%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (35%)

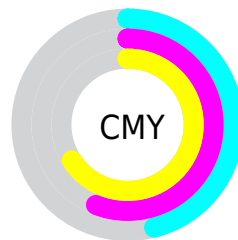


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 18.137, 70.056 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 18.137, 70.056 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 18.137, 70.056

■ 49, 18.137, 70.056

■ 100, 18.137,
70.056

■ 39, 18.137, 70.056

■ 69, 18.137, 70.056

■ 29, 18.137, 70.056

■ 79, 18.137, 70.056

■ 19, 18.137, 70.056

■ 89, 18.137, 70.056

■ 9, 18.137, 70.056

■ 99, 18.137, 70.056

■ 0, 18.137, 70.056

■ 49, 18.137, 70.056

■ 49, 18.137, 70.056

■ 47, 23.760, 68.861

■ 51, 12.759, 71.256

■ 45, 29.597, 67.648

■ 53, 7.626, 72.432

■ 43, 35.568, 66.398

■ 56, 2.726, 73.541

■ 41, 41.485, 65.047

■ 58, 1.960, 254.945

■ 39, 46.981, 63.452

■ 60, 6.451, 255.969

■ 37, 51.575, 61.436

■ 63, 10.769,
257.043

■ 37, 53.648, 60.768

■ 65, 14.934,
258.090

■ 68, 18.962,
259.100

■ 70, 22.869,
260.069

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 18.137, 70.056



47, 16.353, 259.950

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 18.137, 70.056



49, 18.137, 120.056



49, 18.137, 250.056



49, 18.137, 300.056

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 18.137, 70.063



70, 6.531, 72.952



43, 24.888, 346.014



36, 4.383, 72.822



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 18.137, 70.063



61, 27.593, 69.081



56, 27.079, 106.121



28, 2.697, 73.184



35, 52.378, 60.893



1, 1.231, 74.308

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 16.353, 259.950



57, 24.226, 261.784



40, 29.443, 293.991



28, 2.639, 255.514



29, 42.395, 281.678



1, 1.231, 254.322

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 18.137, 70.056 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

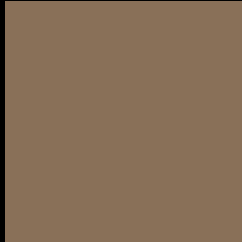
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 18.137, 70.056 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

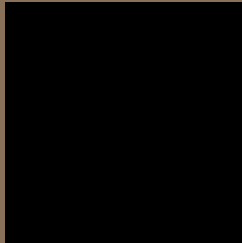
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 18.137, 70.056

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 18.137, 70.056.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 18.137, 70.056.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 18.137, 70.056

Protanopia

49, 15.569, 95.052

Deuteranopia

49, 18.137, 70.056



Tritanopia
49, 14.045, 1.821

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 18.137, 70.056

Protanomaly
49, 16.440, 85.906

Deuteranomaly
49, 18.137, 70.056

Tritanomaly
49, 12.985, 28.586

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 18.137, 70.056

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 6.486, 73.682

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 18.137, 70.056 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 112, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 112, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 112, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 112, 88) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 18.137, 70.056 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 112, 88) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 112, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 112, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 112, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 112, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 112,  
88) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 18.137, 70.056 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 112, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
112, 88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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