

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 18.511, 21.685)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 18.511, 21.685) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 18.511, 21.685)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	956A6A
RGB	149, 106, 106
RGB Percent	58%, 42%, 42%
CMY	0.4175, 0.5860, 0.5860
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.29, 0.42
HSL	360°, 17%, 50%
HSV	360°, 29%, 58%
XYZ	19.9956, 17.5941, 15.8591
YIQ	118.8570, 25.6280, 9.1160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

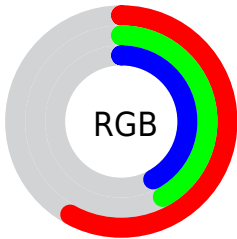
Format	Color
R_{YB}	149, 106, 106
Decimal	9792106
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, 17.20, 6.84
CIE _{LCh}	49, 18.511, 21.685
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3741, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287982186 (0xFF956A6A)
YUV	118.8570, -6.3385, 26.4354
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, 11.6880, 6.9448

Details

The CIELCh color $49, 18.511, 21.685$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $59, 15.288, 198.006$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 18.344, 22.759$, and $29, 18.650, 21.007$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 25.800, 22.985$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 11.665, 20.684$.

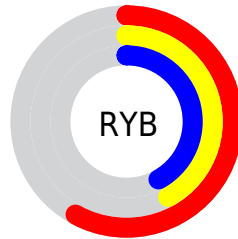
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (42%)

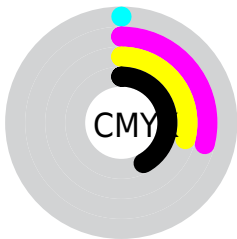
Blue (42%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (42%)

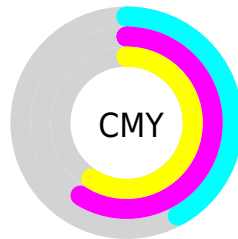


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 18.511, 21.685 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 18.511, 21.685 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 18.511, 21.685

■ 49, 18.511, 21.685

■ 100, 18.511,
21.685

■ 39, 18.511, 21.685

■ 69, 18.511, 21.685

■ 29, 18.511, 21.685

■ 79, 18.511, 21.685

■ 19, 18.511, 21.685

■ 89, 18.511, 21.685

■ 9, 18.511, 21.685

■ 99, 18.511, 21.685

■ 0, 18.511, 21.685

■ 49, 18.511, 21.685

■ 49, 18.511, 21.685

■ 45, 25.800, 22.985

■ 53, 11.665, 20.684

■ 41, 33.455, 24.664

■ 58, 5.294, 19.869

38, 41.328, 26.832

62, 0.612, 200.075

35, 49.198, 29.568

66, 6.084, 198.949

33, 56.759, 32.844

71, 11.161,
198.537

31, 63.505, 36.324

76, 15.885,
198.219

30, 68.723, 39.122

30, 69.261, 39.381

80, 20.297,
197.964

85, 24.436,
197.756

89, 28.336,
197.584

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 18.511, 21.685



59, 15.288, 198.006

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 18.511, 21.685



49, 18.511, 71.685



49, 18.511, 201.685



49, 18.511, 251.685

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 18.509, 21.690



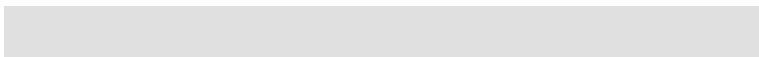
73, 6.638, 19.890



50, 29.640, 325.493



38, 4.623, 19.992



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 18.509, 21.690



60, 28.504, 22.533



54, 15.379, 70.165



29, 3.343, 19.891



28, 65.125, 38.928



1, 2.828, 19.403

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 18.509, 21.690



60, 28.504, 22.533



52, 14.119, 257.896



29, 3.343, 19.891



28, 65.125, 38.928



1, 2.828, 19.403

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 18.511, 21.685 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

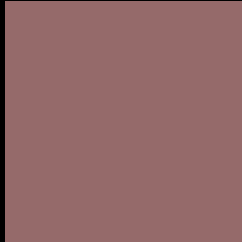
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 18.511, 21.685 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

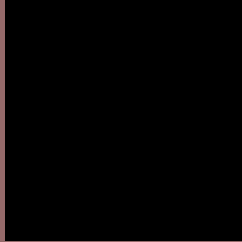
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 18.511, 21.685

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 18.511, 21.685.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 18.511, 21.685.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 18.511, 21.685

Protanopia

49, 3.346, 80.223

Deuteranopia

49, 10.096, 51.408



Tritanopia
49, 19.464, 8.191

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 18.511, 21.685

Protanomaly
49, 7.779, 33.198

Deuteranomaly
49, 12.834, 33.843

Tritanomaly
49, 18.863, 13.014

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 18.511, 21.685

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 6.640, 20.129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 18.511, 21.685 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 106, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 106, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 106, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 106, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 18.511, 21.685 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 106, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 106, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 106, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 106, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 106, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 106,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 18.511, 21.685 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 106, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
106, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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