

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 19.000, 208.307)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 19.000, 208.307)
contains.

CIELCh(49, 18.995, 208.332)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(49, 18.995, 208.332)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	457D83
RGB	69, 125, 131
RGB Percent	27%, 49%, 51%
CMY	0.7291, 0.5095, 0.4860
CMYK	0.47, 0.05, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	186°, 31%, 39%
HSV	186°, 47%, 51%
XYZ	13.9039, 17.5941, 24.1616
YIQ	108.9400, -35.3020, -10.0060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

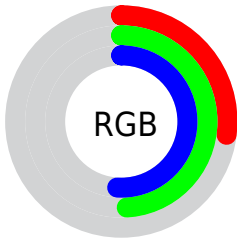
Format	Color
R _Y B	69, 98, 131
Decimal	4554115
CIE Lab	49.00, -16.72, -9.01
CIE LCh	49, 18.995, 208.332
Yxy	17.5941, 0.2498, 0.3161
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282744195 (0xFF457D83)
YUV	108.9400, 10.8756, -35.0274
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -14.2355, -4.7910

Details

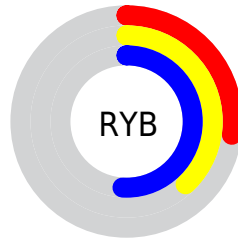
The CIELCh color **49, 18.995, 208.332** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **38, 26.846, 31.038**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 19.194, 207.900**, and **29, 19.016, 208.666** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 21.784, 208.726**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 15.693, 208.106**.

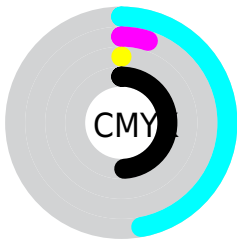
Distribution



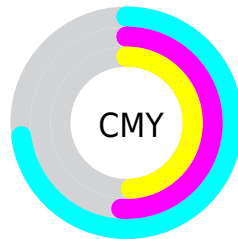
- Red (27%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)





- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 18.995, 208.332 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 18.995, 208.332 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 49, 18.995,
208.332


 49, 18.995,
208.332


 100, 18.995,
208.332


 39, 18.995,
208.332

 69, 18.995,
208.332


 29, 18.995,
208.332

 79, 18.995,
208.332

 19, 18.995,
208.332

 89, 18.995,
208.332

 9, 18.995, 208.332

 99, 18.995,
208.332

 0, 18.995, 208.332

 49, 18.995,

 49, 18.995,

208.332

■ 48, 21.784,
208.726

■ 47, 24.008,
209.326

■ 47, 25.638,
210.163

■ 46, 26.675,
211.270

■ 45, 27.229,
212.632

■ 45, 27.365,
213.003

208.332

■ 50, 15.693,
208.106

■ 51, 11.944,
208.027

■ 52, 7.819, 208.073

■ 54, 3.389, 208.263

■ 55, 1.282, 28.020

■ 57, 6.134, 28.523

■ 58, 11.119, 28.849

■ 60, 16.195, 29.188

■ 62, 21.329, 29.544

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 18.995, 208.332



38, 26.846, 31.038

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 18.995, 208.332



49, 18.995, 258.332



49, 18.995, 28.332



49, 18.995, 78.332

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 18.995, 208.330



68, 7.925, 208.111



50, 40.996, 143.049



35, 5.485, 208.086



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 18.995, 208.330



62, 26.749, 208.777



40, 23.208, 272.195



27, 2.631, 208.211



45, 27.212, 212.988



1, 0.645, 208.296

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 40.470, 329.814



47, 59.041, 330.402



46, 24.731, 77.802



26, 4.934, 327.654



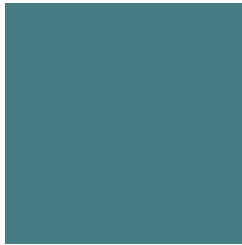
30, 65.141, 332.366



0, 1.175, 327.172

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 18.995, 208.332 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 18.995, 208.332 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

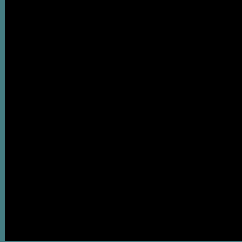
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 18.995, 208.332

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 18.995, 208.332.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 18.995, 208.332.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 18.995, 208.332

Protanopia

49, 5.885, 290.963

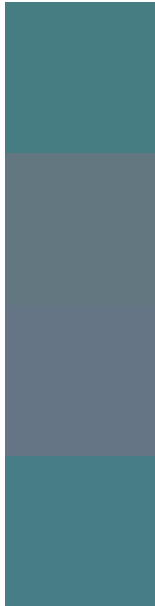
Deuteranopia

49, 12.615, 302.219



Tritanopia
49, 18.914, 215.911

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 18.995, 208.332

Protanomaly
49, 9.020, 230.300

Deuteranomaly
48, 10.937, 258.852

Tritanomaly
49, 18.843, 214.074

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 18.995, 208.332

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 8.112, 206.998

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 18.995, 208.332 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 125, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 125, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 125, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 125, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 18.995, 208.332 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 125, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 125, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 125, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 125, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 125, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 125,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 18.995, 208.332 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 125, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 125,  
131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor