

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 19.138, 200.902)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 19.138, 200.902)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 19.116, 201.007)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	457D7F
RGB	69, 125, 127
RGB Percent	27%, 49%, 50%
CMY	0.7278, 0.5082, 0.5004
CMYK	0.46, 0.02, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	182°, 29%, 39%
HSV	182°, 46%, 50%
XYZ	13.7264, 17.5941, 22.8904
YIQ	108.4840, -34.0180, -11.2500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

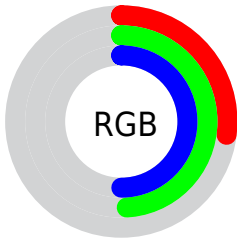
Format	Color
RYB	69, 97, 127
Decimal	4554111
CIELab	49.00, -17.85, -6.85
CIElCh	49, 19.116, 201.007
Yxy	17.5941, 0.2532, 0.3245
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282744191 (0xFF457D7F)
YUV	108.4840, 9.1284, -34.6275
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -14.9909, -2.9941

Details

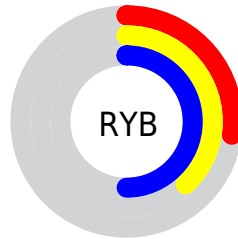
The CIELCh color **49, 19.116, 201.007** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **37, 26.351, 26.242**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 19.239, 201.180**, and **29, 19.219, 200.544** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 22.120, 200.907**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 15.599, 201.194**.

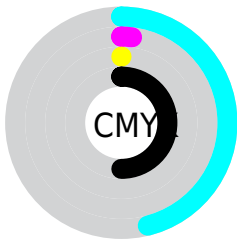
Distribution



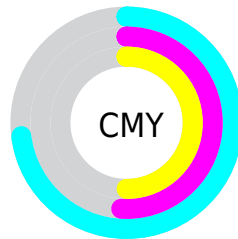
- Red (27%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 19.116, 201.007 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 19.116, 201.007 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49, 19.116,
201.007

■ 49, 19.116,
201.007

■ 100, 19.116,
201.007

■ 39, 19.116,
201.007

■ 69, 19.116,
201.007

■ 29, 19.116,
201.007

■ 79, 19.116,
201.007

■ 19, 19.116,
201.007

■ 89, 19.116,
201.007

■ 9, 19.116, 201.007

■ 99, 19.116,
201.007

■ 0, 19.116, 201.007

■ 49, 19.116,

■ 49, 19.116,

201.007

■ 48, 22.120,
200.907

■ 48, 24.558,
200.912

■ 47, 26.399,
201.030

■ 47, 27.641,
201.267

■ 47, 28.350,
201.620

■ 47, 28.618,
201.786

201.007

■ 50, 15.599,
201.194

■ 51, 11.636,
201.466

■ 52, 7.299, 201.816

■ 53, 2.661, 202.295

■ 54, 2.209, 22.394

■ 55, 7.252, 22.982

■ 57, 12.415, 23.494

■ 58, 17.655, 24.010

■ 59, 22.938, 24.532

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 19.116, 201.007



37, 26.351, 26.242

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 19.116, 201.007



49, 19.116, 251.007



49, 19.116, 21.007



49, 19.116, 71.007

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 19.116, 201.005



66, 8.193, 201.863



48, 39.960, 141.888



34, 5.671, 201.790



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 19.116, 201.005



62, 27.054, 200.904



40, 20.476, 266.823



26, 2.698, 202.094



47, 28.633, 201.787



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 39.799, 327.753



47, 58.300, 328.251



44, 22.607, 73.278



25, 4.984, 325.834



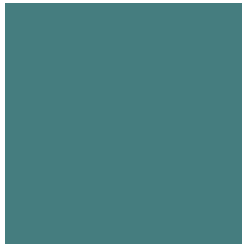
29, 67.346, 329.604



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 19.116, 201.007 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 19.116, 201.007 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

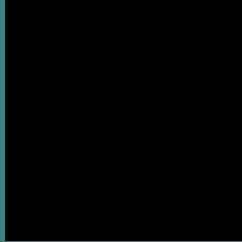
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 19.116, 201.007

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 19.116, 201.007.

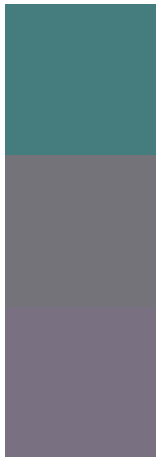


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 19.116, 201.007.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 19.116, 201.007

Protanopia

49, 3.561, 297.052

Deuteranopia

49, 10.522, 308.617



Tritanopia
49, 18.159, 216.786

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 19.116, 201.007

Protanomaly
49, 7.895, 216.079

Deuteranomaly
49, 8.681, 247.360

Tritanomaly
49, 18.494, 210.574

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 19.116, 201.007

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 7.730, 203.002

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 19.116, 201.007 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 125, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 125, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 125, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 125, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 19.116, 201.007 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 125, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 125, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 125, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 125, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 125, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 125,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 19.116, 201.007 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 125, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 125,  
127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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