

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 22.406, 146.674)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 22.406, 146.674)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 22.665, 146.686)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A7D5F
RGB	90, 125, 95
RGB Percent	35%, 49%, 37%
CMY	0.6479, 0.5107, 0.6283
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.24, 0.51
HSL	129°, 16%, 42%
HSV	129°, 28%, 49%
XYZ	13.5552, 17.5941, 13.4561
YIQ	111.1150, -11.2300, -16.7500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

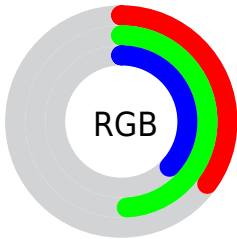
Format	Color
R_{YB}	90, 121, 125
Decimal	5930335
CIE _{Lab}	49.00, -18.94, 12.45
CIE _{LCh}	49, 22.665, 146.686
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3039, 0.3944
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284120415 (0xFF5A7D5F)
YUV	111.1150, -7.9447, -18.5179
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -15.7193, 10.3414

Details

The CIELCh color $49, 22.665, 146.686$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $43, 22.719, 330.234$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 22.581, 146.975$, and $29, 22.536, 146.730$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 30.637, 145.776$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50, 14.569, 147.476$.

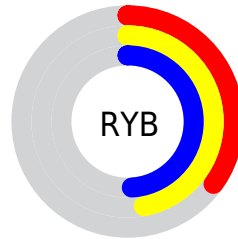
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (49%)

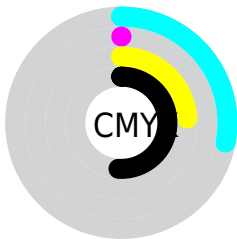
Blue (37%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (49%)

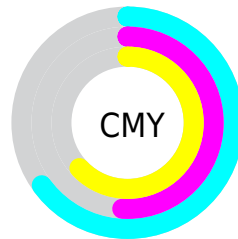


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 22.665, 146.686 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 22.665, 146.686 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 49, 22.665,
146.686

 49, 22.665,
146.686

 100, 22.665,
146.686

 39, 22.665,
146.686

 69, 22.665,
146.686

 29, 22.665,
146.686

 79, 22.665,
146.686

 19, 22.665,
146.686

 89, 22.665,
146.686

 9, 22.665, 146.686

 99, 22.665,
146.686

 0, 22.665, 146.686

 49, 22.665,

 49, 22.665,

146.686

146.686

■ 48, 30.637,
145.776

■ 50, 14.569,
147.476

■ 47, 38.338,
144.733

■ 51, 6.462, 148.171

■ 47, 45.603,
143.553

■ 53, 1.565, 328.590

■ 54, 9.448, 329.206

■ 46, 52.246,
142.246

■ 56, 17.141,
329.655

■ 46, 58.074,
140.847

■ 57, 24.617,
330.041

■ 45, 62.897,
139.426

■ 59, 31.860,
330.379

■ 45, 66.632,
138.171

■ 61, 38.865,
330.677

■ 45, 67.259,
137.990

■ 62, 45.634,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 22.665, 146.686



43, 22.719, 330.234

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 22.665, 146.686



49, 22.665, 196.686



49, 22.665, 326.686



49, 22.665, 16.686

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 22.666, 146.686



66, 8.005, 148.161



51, 20.206, 113.341



34, 5.665, 148.074



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 22.666, 146.686



62, 34.161, 146.083



49, 15.613, 168.906



25, 4.456, 148.103



45, 67.331, 137.988



87, 115.346, 137.257

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 22.719, 330.234



53, 34.217, 330.642



42, 16.594, 354.294



24, 4.467, 329.101



28, 61.141, 334.630



58, 102.334, 335.030

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 22.665, 146.686 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 22.665, 146.686 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

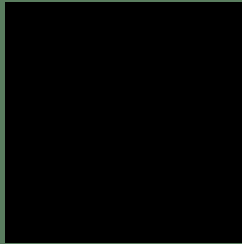
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 22.665, 146.686

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 22.665, 146.686.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 22.665, 146.686.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 22.665, 146.686

Protanopia

49, 15.004, 94.664

Deuteranopia

49, 12.704, 60.014



Tritanopia
49, 10.430, 233.112

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 22.665, 146.686

Protanomaly
49, 15.997, 118.926

Deuteranomaly
49, 11.676, 106.503

Tritanomaly
49, 11.216, 182.967

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 22.665, 146.686

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 8.430, 148.313

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 22.665, 146.686 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 125, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 125, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 125, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 125, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 22.665, 146.686 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 125, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 125, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 125, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 125, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 125, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 125,  
95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 22.665, 146.686 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 125, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 125,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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