

Converting Colors

CIELCh(49, 25.261, 146.395)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(49, 25.261, 146.395)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(49, 25.471, 145.977)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	577E5C
RGB	87, 126, 92
RGB Percent	34%, 49%, 36%
CMY	0.6603, 0.5074, 0.6407
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.27, 0.51
HSL	128°, 18%, 42%
HSV	128°, 31%, 49%
XYZ	13.2202, 17.5941, 12.7385
YIQ	110.4630, -12.3300, -18.8420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

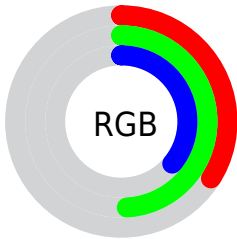
Format	Color
RYB	87, 122, 126
Decimal	5733980
CIELab	49.00, -21.11, 14.25
CIElCh	49, 25.471, 145.977
Yxy	17.5941, 0.3035, 0.4040
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283924060 (0xFF577E5C)
YUV	110.4630, -9.1023, -20.5771
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -17.1451, 11.3558

Details

The CIELCh color $49, 25.471, 145.977$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $42, 25.515, 329.927$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69, 25.679, 145.665$, and $29, 25.713, 146.202$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 33.503, 145.033$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50, 17.270, 146.797$.

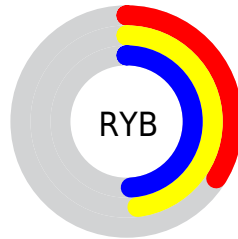
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (49%)

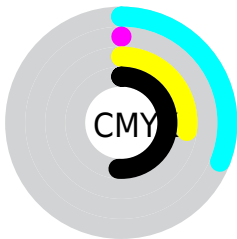
Blue (36%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (49%)

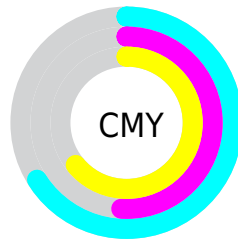


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (64%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 25.471, 145.977 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 25.471, 145.977 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 49, 25.471,
145.977


 49, 25.471,
145.977


 100, 25.471,
145.977


 39, 25.471,
145.977

 69, 25.471,
145.977


 29, 25.471,
145.977

 79, 25.471,
145.977

 19, 25.471,
145.977

 89, 25.471,
145.977

 9, 25.471, 145.977

 99, 25.471,
145.977

 0, 25.471, 145.977

 49, 25.471,

 49, 25.471,

145.977

145.977

■ 48, 33.503,
145.033

■ 50, 17.270,
146.797

■ 47, 41.207,
143.956

■ 51, 9.026, 147.511

■ 47, 48.404,
142.746

■ 53, 0.839, 148.339

■ 54, 7.218, 328.588

■ 46, 54.894,
141.426

■ 55, 15.093,
329.055

■ 46, 60.473,
140.044

■ 57, 22.752,
329.453

■ 46, 64.938,
138.686

■ 59, 30.178,
329.798

■ 45, 68.003,
137.730

■ 60, 37.362,
330.101

■ 62, 44.304,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 25.471, 145.977



42, 25.515, 329.927

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 25.471, 145.977



49, 25.471, 195.977



49, 25.471, 325.977



49, 25.471, 15.977

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 25.472, 145.977



66, 9.105, 147.633



51, 22.413, 112.401



34, 6.300, 147.551



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 25.472, 145.977



62, 37.503, 145.346



49, 17.527, 167.537



26, 4.659, 147.640



46, 68.776, 137.708



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 25.515, 329.927



52, 37.523, 330.329



41, 18.670, 353.566



25, 4.670, 328.637



29, 62.705, 333.901



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 25.471, 145.977 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 25.471, 145.977 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

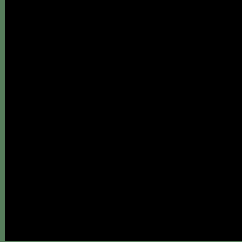
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 25.471, 145.977

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 25.471, 145.977.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 25.471, 145.977.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
49, 25.471, 145.977

Protanopia
49, 17.268, 96.030

Deuteranopia
49, 14.241, 61.009



Tritanopia
49, 11.035, 227.287

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 25.471, 145.977

Protanomaly
49, 17.873, 120.410

Deuteranomaly
48, 12.854, 106.511

Tritanomaly
49, 13.005, 179.521

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 25.471, 145.977

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 9.880, 147.543

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 25.471, 145.977 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 126, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 126, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 126, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 126, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 25.471, 145.977 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 126, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 126, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 126, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 126, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 126, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 126,  
92) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 25.471, 145.977 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 126, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 126,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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